

Epping Forest District Council Playing Pitch Strategy – Full Analysis

4 global Consulting

November 2017 Draft Version: 2.0



Note: The EFDC Playing Pitch Strategy is currently in the final stages of consultation with the project steering group, including Sport England and the relevant National Governing bodies of Sport. The strategy is still to be finalised and is subject to change prior to Local Plan submission, following substantive comments being made on the draft strategy by Sport England and relevant national Governing Bodies of Sport.

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4 global Consulting Terms of Reference

It is not possible to guarantee the fulfilment of any estimates or forecasts contained within this report, although they have been conscientiously prepared on the basis of our research and information made available to us at the time of the study.

The author(s) will not be held liable to any party for any direct or indirect losses, financial or otherwise, associated with any contents of this report. We have relied on a number of areas of information provided by the client, and have not undertaken additional independent verification of this data.



1 Introduction and Methodology

1.1 **Project Scope and Objectives**

- 1.1.1 Epping Forest District Council has commissioned 4 global Consulting to prepare a Playing Pitch Strategy, to provide the Council with a clear evidence base and set of recommendations for future outdoor sports facility development across the District.
- 1.1.2 A PPS is a strategic assessment that provides an up to date analysis of supply and demand for playing pitches (grass and artificial) in the local authority. The strategy and the evidence base upon which it is based is delivered using national guidance and facility insight from specific Governing Bodies of Sport. The assessment will focus on facilities used by the following sports:
 - Football
 - Rugby Union
 - Cricket
 - Hockey
- 1.1.3 Within these sports, the strategy will seek as far as is practicable to include consideration of all forms of play, whether;
 - Club and league based (formal) play and training
 - Less formal programmed forms of the respective sports (e.g. turn up and play 'products' such as Rush Hockey, Mash-up Football, Last Man Stands Cricket, Cage Cricket and Touch Rugby)
 - Informal and un-programmed play by groups of residents, workers, students, school friends (out of school)
- 1.1.4 It should be noted that in parallel to the PPS, the Epping Forest District Council (hereafter referred to as EFDC or the Council), has also commissioned 4 global Consulting to undertake a Built Facilities Strategy (BFS), to provide a strategic analysis of built sports and leisure facilities (typically indoor) across the local authority. The BFS will assess the supply and demand of sports halls, swimming pools and health and fitness facilities, as well as sport specific facilities including squash courts and gymnastics facilities.
- 1.1.5 In conjunction with the BFS, the PPS will provide a holistic analysis of sports facilities across the study area, leading to a comprehensive set of recommendations for the future development of facilities, in line with the demands needs of local residents.
- 1.1.6 The consultant team has worked with the Council to provide a strategy that is fit-for-purpose and addresses the specific issues and risks for the area. It is key that this Playing Pitch Strategy reflects the local context and enables the Council to maximise the amount of high quality sporting provision for its residents, while understanding the need to meet planning and housing requirements. The Strategy will therefore aim to deliver against the following drivers:
 - Contribution to the Epping Forest District Council Local Plan through the provision of a clear action plan with owners and defined timescales for completion;
 - Recognition of the importance of outdoor physical activity and sport and the clear demonstration of how these should be prioritised within any development or regeneration project;
 - Provision of an evidenced based approach and the management of a clear sign-off



and governance structure for key stakeholders; and

• Evidence to support a wider review into sport and physical activity provision, including housing and population growth projected in neighbouring local authorities.

1.2 Methodology

1.2.1 The assessment methodology adopted for the PPS follows the published guidance from Sport England. The guidance used is the 2013 version, Playing Pitch Strategy Guidance – An Approach to Developing and Delivering a Playing Pitch Strategy¹. Figure 1 summarises the approach proposed in this guidance and is broken down into 10 steps.

Figure 1.1: Developing and Delivering a Playing Pitch Strategy – The 10 Step Approach (Sport England, 2013)

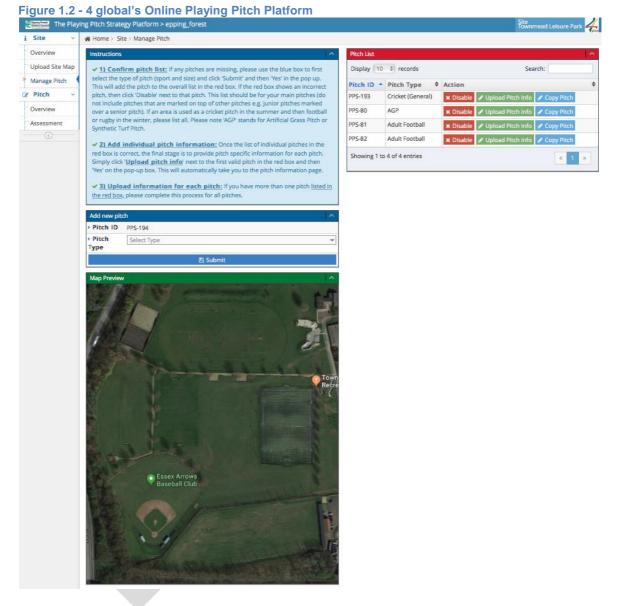


- 1.2.2 The findings in this report are based on data collected from several credible sources, including but not limited to;
 - Local authority and public policy strategic documentation;
 - Sport England tools, including the Facility Planning Model (FPM), Active Places Power, the Active People Survey, Market Segmentation and the Sports Facility Calculator;
 - Stakeholder consultation, including EFDC Officers and Members, Sport England, Active Essex, Relevant National Governing Bodies of Sport, key user clubs; and
 - Site visits, undertaken at all strategically important sites across the study area.

¹ https://www.sportengland.org/media/3522/pps-guidance-october-2013-updated.pdf



1.2.3 To facilitate information gathering and help ensure PPS reports are based on a robust evidence base, 4 global has developed an online data entry and assessment platform (see example below), which contains all site and club information. This will enable the Council to keep supply and demand information and the strategy up to date through to the end of the strategy and beyond.



1.2.4 A Project Steering Group comprising representation from the Council, Sport England and National Governing Bodies of Sport (NGBs) has guided the study from its commencement. At critical milestones, the Steering Group members have reviewed and verified the data and information collected to allow the work to proceed efficiently through each stage, reducing the margin of error. Details of the steering board and the organisations they represent are included in Appendix H – Steering Group Members.



1.3 **The Structure of our Report**

- 1.3.1 The structure of the PPS report is as follows
 - Section 1 Introduction and Methodology
 - Section 2 Strategic Context
 - Section 3 Football
 - Section 4 Cricket
 - Section 5 Rugby
 - Section 6 Hockey
 - Section 7 Delivering the Playing Pitch Strategy
 - Section 11 Key findings, Recommendations and Action Plan
- 1.3.2 Supporting information is included in the appendices and referenced throughout.
- 1.3.3 In addition to the detailed report, an Executive Summary has also been produced, which brings together the key outputs of the study, as well as the main issues and opportunities for each sport and the overall Action Plan. This is included as a separate document.

Strategic Context



2 Strategic Context

2.1 **Epping Forest District**

- 2.1.1 Epping Forest District is located in in West Essex, with the local authority sharing borders with Greater London to the south and south-west. The local authority is made up of a number of settlements, with large areas of open space and rural woodland spread across sections of the local authority
- 2.1.2 Areas around Buckhurst Hill, Chigwell, Waltham Abbey and Loughton are all part of the Greater London Built-up Area however the District is named after, and contains a large part of Epping Forest, labelled as "London's largest open space". To the north-west, the District borders Hertfordshire, Waltham Forest to the south-west and Havering to the south-east. On its west of the Local Authority sits the Lee Valley National Park, a park and waterway that also connects with London all the way down to the Thames. It is bisected north to south by the M11 and east to west by the M25 with junctions to connect with each. The Local Authority has excellent connections to London via 8 central line stations.
- 2.1.3 The major market town of Epping lies 19 miles north-east of the centre of London. The District also has two towns and four District centres Loughton/Loughton Broadway and Buckhurst Hill in the south, Waltham Abbey to the west, and Chipping Ongar in the east.
- 2.1.4 The District boasts many green open spaces, including Lee Valley Park, a 10,000 acre 26-milelong linear park running through the north-east of greater London and also Epping Forest, a historic woodland straddling the border between Greater London and Essex. Open spaces across the District are subject to a variety of planning designations, which support the protection of wildlife and landscape. More specifically, the Lee Valley Regional Park has a number of Special Protection Areas (SPA) and Sites of Specific Scientific Interest (SSSI), as well as being designated as a Ramsar site. Additional, Epping Forest is a designated Special Area of Conservation (SAC). Information on all of the statutorily protected sites (SAC, SSSI, Ramsar and SPA sites) can be found on the Natural England website http://www.natureonthemap.org.uk/.

2.2 Planning Policy Introduction

2.2.1 There are a number of key national and local strategies and policies which inform and influence the development of these strategies. These national policies inform the approach to current and future provision of sports facilities, linked to health improvement, increased participation, and the appropriate levels of provision of facilities to meet local needs. From a planning perspective, the national agenda makes the link between national planning policy, a Local Plan and population growth at local level, and the need to plan for increased demands for infrastructure and provision, linked to Protect, Enhance and Provide; these are the key elements of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF). This will be explained further in the following sections.



2.3 National Planning Policy

NATIONAL PLANNING POLICY FRAMEWORK (NPPF)

- 2.3.1 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) sets out the requirement of local authorities to establish and provide adequate and proper leisure facilities to meet local needs. Paragraphs 73 and 74 outline the planning policies for the provision and protection of sport and recreation facilities:
- 2.3.2 "Access to high quality open spaces and opportunities for sport and recreation can make an important contribution to the health and well-being of communities. Planning policies should be based on robust and up to date assessments of the needs for open space, sports and recreation facilities and opportunities for new provision. The assessments should identify specific needs and quantitative or qualitative deficits or surpluses of open space, sports and recreational facilities in the local area. Information gained from the assessments should be used to determine what open space, sports and recreational provision is required".
- 2.3.3 'Existing open space, sports and recreational buildings and land, including playing fields, should not be built on unless:
 - An assessment has been undertaken which has clearly shown the open space, buildings or land to be surplus to requirements; or
 - The loss resulting from the proposed development would be replaced by equivalent or better provision in terms of quantity and quality in a suitable location; or
 - The development is for alternative sports and recreational provision, the needs for which clearly outweigh the loss."

PROTECTION, ENHANCEMENT AND PROVISION OF FACILITIES

- 2.3.4 The key drivers for the production of the strategy as advocated by Sport England are to protect, enhance and built sports facilities, as follows:
 - Protect sports from loss as a result of re-development
 - Enhance existing facilities through improving their quality, accessibility and management
 - **Provide** new facilities that are fit for purpose to meet demands for participation now and in the future.

2.4 **Regional Planning Policy**

- 2.4.1 Essex County Council provides a series of strategies and policies for the region, setting out integrated economic, environmental and social objectives for the regions development for years to come. Notably, The Vision for Essex sets out long-term aspirations for the county till 2035.
- 2.4.2 Major aspirations and strategic aims for 2017-2021 can be filtered down to 3 main areas. All these areas are interlinked and closely related, many of which have overlapping underlying aims:

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND GROWTH:

- Support the community by helping to increase their skills and allow them to prosper
- Enable Essex to attract and grow large firms in high growth industries
- Limit cost and drive growth in revenue.



SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT:

- Help keep vulnerable children safer and enable them to fulfil their potential
- Enable more vulnerable adults to live independent of social care
- Help to secure stronger, safer and more neighbourly communities
- Facilitate growing communities and new homes in local areas.

HEALTH:

- Reducing the gap in life expectancy
- Promoting independence in the elderly and vulnerable adults
- Reduce the need for hospital admissions or formal care services by delivering community based solutions
- Help people live longer, by ensuring targeted health checks and health programmes are available to those most at risk of heart disease, stroke and diabetes.
- 2.4.3 Essex County Council benefits from working alongside and in partnership with many different organisations and plans. Some of these partnerships have shaped the type of council Essex are today and the strategies and plans they implement. Notably:
 - Essex County Council supported the South East Local Enterprise Partnership in its submission in 2014 of the Strategic Economic Plan (SEP) to government with the hope of securing a share of the governments Single Local Growth Fund.
 - The Economic Plan for Essex (EPfE) has provided the county's content for the SEP. The EPfE is continuously revised and refreshed to ensure there is a consistent and relevant pipeline of economic growth projects that will support the delivery of economic growth across the county.
 - The Essex Co-operation Framework describes the principles that guide the work from The Essex Partnership, a collaboration of representatives of the many organisations that deliver services to the people of Essex.
- 2.4.4 The Essex Sports Facility Strategy, currently in operation for the next 3 years, recognises the need for provision of appropriate quality and quantity of sports facilities in the area in order to increase participation. The aim is to ensure that opportunities for sport are offered through the planned provision, design and management of a full range of facilities to accommodate for the growing population. The Essex County Sports Partnership, *Active Essex*, are at the heart of the delivery system for community sport and for this strategy.

LONDON STANSTEAD CAMBRIDGE CORRIDOR (LSCC)

- 2.4.5 The District Councils of Broxbourne, East Hertfordshire, Epping Forest, Harlow and Uttlesford form the LSCC Core Area which lies at the heart of the LSCC. This corridor has, over the past decade or more, been the engine of UK growth with its world class industries and businesses.
 - The vision for the LSCC going forward will be to build on its key strengths including its skilled workforce in sectors such as health, life sciences and pharmaceuticals, advanced engineering and aerospace, its high quality environment and educational opportunities. Together with London Stansted Airport, the local authorities will deliver sustainable growth which supports the economic ambitions of the LSCC and the UK through complementing and supporting the economic performance of the Corridor whilst maintaining and enhancing the special character of the area, including the locally distinctive historic character of its market towns and rural



settlements such as Epping.

 Moving forward as a community, this strategic vision will continue to provide many job opportunities, as it currently responsible for 24,700 jobs in the life sciences sector contributing 11% of all national employment, which complements those strategic visions of Essex County Council in 'supporting the community by helping to increase their skills and allowing them to prosper'.

2.5 Local Planning Policy – Epping Forest District's Local Plan

- 2.5.1 The Local Plan sets out a vision and framework for development in the District for the next 17 years (until 2033). It addresses needs and opportunities across a number of themes, including housing, the economy, infrastructure, transport and sustainability. The Local Plan for Epping Forest District is currently under construction and is in draft edition.
- 2.5.2 The current Development Plan consists of a number of documents and pieces of evidence, however this document is being superseded by the Draft Local Plan that is currently under production. The Epping Forest District Council Draft Local Plan sets out the approach to bring forward the development of community facilities, and to balance the demand for housing and sporting facilities on prioritising land and development plans. The policy states;
- 2.5.3 "While no comment is made on the principle of allocating sites around Harlow for residential, support is offered for section B of the policy in relation to the proposals for the developments to make provision for an appropriate level of community use and infrastructure that would be expected to include sport and recreation facilities"
- 2.5.4 The Council will therefore ensure that a range of community facilities are provided to meet existing and forecast demand by;
 - Ensuring development is supported by appropriate facilities to meet local demand
 - Ensuring all community facilities are located in places that are or will be accessible by a range of means of transport
 - Ensuring all new community facilities are inclusive and open and available to all members of the local community
 - Co-locating facilities and services
 - Entering into joint venture arrangements where co-funding is considered to be the best and most cost-effective means of delivering services
 - Encouraging the provision of services by social enterprise and third sector organisations.
- 2.5.5 Community facilities are defined for the purposes of this policy as education (from pre-school to further and higher education) and training, health, social, leisure, places of worship, community cultural and civic uses (including criminal justice and court facilities) and emergency services.
- 2.5.6 An active and connected community is about ensuring that residents and businesses have the local infrastructure and services that give them greater choice about how they access services. It is important that people have access to community facilities and that they are inclusive and accessible to everyone. They should also be well managed and maintained and located in areas that are accessible to all.
- 2.5.7 With regards to housing; the Council emphasise the intent to protect the Green Belt wherever possible, prioritising brownfield sites to be developed on. The Plan is very much focused on



retaining the rural, rustic feel of market towns and avoid being engulfed by London's constant development and expansion, whilst still maintaining excellent transport links to the city. The plan contains detailed plans for each town in chapter 5, covering Chipping Ongar, Epping, Loughton, Waltham Abbey, Buckhurst Hill, Chigwell, North Weald and Theydon Bois notably.

2.6 Sports and Physical Activity Strategic Context

- 2.6.1 The Council has previously and continues to work with Sport England, as a statutory consultee on planning applications affecting playing fields and built sports facilities. To avoid potential objections and delays at a later date if such sites are allocated for development which may affect the delivery of the allocations, discussions are taking place prior to site allocations and policies being confirmed in the pre-submission version of the Local Plan. This, again, reiterates the Local Authority's aims to maintain and balance between urban and rural areas in the Epping Forest District.
- 2.6.2 In line with the commitment to provide high quality sport and leisure provision for residents across the Local Authority, in March 2017 Epping Forest District Council signed a 20-year leisure contract with Places for People Leisure Management (PfP). As part of this new contract, PfP will manage four local authority owned leisure facilities across the District; Ongar Leisure, Epping Sports Centre, Loughton Leisure Centre and Waltham Abbey Swimming Pool.
- 2.6.3 The contract will also see significant improvements to the delivery of leisure services within the district, with plans to invest £9.5m in a state of the art leisure centre in Waltham Abbey, to replace the existing provision.
- 2.6.4 This contract does not include the maintenance and development of playing pitches, however existing projects such as the Waltham Abbey Swimming Pool replacement is likely to have an impact on the provision of playing pitches, as the proposed site is currently designated as playing fields and used by local football clubs.

2.7 Sports and Physical Activity Policy and Strategy Review

2.7.1 The following section provides a policy review of all strategic documentation that is relevant to this strategy, including the most recent national strategic documentation for sport and leisure, as well as relevant local government documentation and strategic planning work.

A NEW STRATEGY FOR SPORT – DEPARTMENT FOR CULTURE, MEDIA AND SPORT

- 2.7.2 The Department for Culture, Media and Sport, following a consultation paper in 2015, launched the new strategy 'Sporting Future: A new Strategy for an Active Nation' in 2016. The development of the new strategy reflects a need to re-invigorate the nation's appetite for participation in sport following what appears to be a significant reduction in participation (highest profile being swimming), following the upsurge after the 2012 London Olympics.
- 2.7.3 The sport strategy is targeting five outcomes which each sports organisation, public or private sector, will be measured against:
 - Physical wellbeing
 - Mental wellbeing
 - Individual development
 - Social and community development
 - Economic development.



- 2.7.4 Government funding will go toward organisations which can best demonstrate that they will deliver some or all the five outcomes.
- 2.7.5 The Delivery of the outcomes will be through three broad outputs;
 - More people from every background regularly and meaningfully taking part in sport and physical activity, volunteering and experiencing live sport.
 - A more productive, sustainable and responsible sports sector
 - Maximising international and domestic sporting success and the impact of major sporting events

SPORT ENGLAND STRATEGY 2016 - 'TOWARDS AN ACTIVE NATION'

- 2.7.6 The Vision for this Strategy is: 'We want everyone in England regardless of age, background or level of ability to feel able to engage in sport and physical activity. Some will be young, fit and talented, but most will not. We need a sport sector that welcomes everyone meets their needs, treats them as individuals and values them as customers'.
- 2.7.7 The Sport England Strategy 'Towards an Active Nation' puts the policies set out in 'A new Strategy for an Active Nation' into practice. This will mean significant change for Sport England and for their partners.
- 2.7.8 This strategy sets out Sport England will deliver this task. The key changes Sport England will make are:
 - Focusing more money and resources on tackling inactivity because this is where the gains for the individual and for society are greatest
 - Investing more in children and young people from the age of five to build positive attitudes to sport and activity as the foundations of an active life
 - Helping those who are active now to carry on, but at lower cost to the public purse over time. Sport England will work with those parts of the sector that serve the core market to help them identify ways in which they can become more sustainable and self-sufficient
 - Putting customers at the heart of what we do, responding to how they organise their lives and helping the sector to be more welcoming and inclusive, especially of those groups currently under-represented in sport
 - Helping sport to keep pace with the digital expectations of customers
 - Working nationally where it makes sense to do so (for example on infrastructure and workforce) but encouraging stronger local collaboration to deliver a more joined-up experience of sport and activity for customers
 - Working with a wider range of partners, including the private sector, using our expertise as well as our investment to help others align their resources
 - Working with the sector to encourage innovation and share best practice particularly through applying the principles and practical learning of behaviour change

EPPING FOREST DISTRICT PHYSICAL ACTIVITY AND SPORT PROFILE

2.7.9 Adult participation in sport and active recreation has increased from 20.3% in 2011 to 28.4% in 2016. This indicator is the percentage of the adult population participating in sport and active recreation, at moderate intensity, for at least 30 Minutes on at least 12 days out of the 4 weeks



(Active People Survey, Sport England). The Council, along with Active Essex and Sport England, aim to continue to improve these statistics through:

- Maximising opportunities for sport and physical activity to work with commissioners of health, social care, young people's service and community safety
- Developing a strategic approach for sports facilities and opportunities based on need and evidence
- Capitalise on opportunities to work with NGB's
- Provide opportunities for young people through Sportivate, School Games; and working with the HE and FE sectors.

2.8 **Policy Review**

2.8.1 The following sections summarise the key policies and strategies that are relevant to this project but do not fall under the previous planning policy review.

EPPING FOREST CORPORATE PLAN 2018-2023

- 2.8.2 At the time of writing this report Epping Forest District Council are developing an updated Corporate Plan, which is intended to be published in 2018. This updated plan builds on the themes identified within the previous issue (2015-2020). The key tenets of the new Corporate Plan are identified below:
 - Stronger Communities: promoting healthy lifestyles and independence for the older or disabled community, supporting the population in times of need, enabling communities to achieve their full potential
 - Stronger Place: delivering key services, provision of planning development priorities, ensuring infrastructure provision and supporting and attracting varied types of business and employment
 - Stronger Council: aiming for the best customer satisfaction, engagement in local democracy, innovative and flexible workforce, efficient use of resources, buildings and assets.

EPPING FOREST CORPORATE PLAN 2015-2020

- 2.8.3 The Plan focusses on improving the services that Epping Forest District Council provides for residents, ensuring value for money, high performance and quality services. The council aims to make best use of existing infrastructure to meet the District's needs for development in the most sustainable locations with the least possible impact on the natural and historical environment. Mainly through protecting the Green Belt, Lee Valley Regional Park and Epping Forest itself, the Council aims to keep the individual character, identity and separateness of the towns and villages, all while still solidifying strong links with London. To ensure the Council remains on target, it is essential to monitor the progress of the aims and objectives. Performance monitoring allows the Council to see problems as they arise and intervene to bring them back on track. Progress is monitored against the Key Action Plan and progress reports are published every three months.
- 2.8.4 The key principles of Epping Forest Council's approach are:
 - To ensure that the Council has appropriate resources, on an ongoing basis, to fund its statutory duties and appropriate discretionary services whilst continuing to keep the Council Tax low.
 - To ensure that the Council has a sound and approved Local Plan and commences



its delivery

• To ensure that the Council adopts a modern approach to the delivery of its services and that they are efficient, effective and fit for purpose.

EPPING FOREST DISTRICT COUNCIL'S SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITY STRATEGY (2010–2031)

2.8.5 The Council's ambition to create a District that is a great place to live, work, study and do business is again reiterated in this document, the main aim lies as follows;

"Making the most of our proximity to the capital while dealing with the challenges this poses to the protection of our green and unique environmental heritage. Building thriving, growing, cohesive and sustainable communities where improving quality of life, aspiration and attainment are achievable for all residents. A place where the different villages, towns and communities that make up our District are cherished and the public services that support them, work together as ONE, committed to excellence and efficiency".

- 2.8.6 The Council focuses on 7 main areas to analyse and develop plans for. The key issues in these seven areas that are relevant to this strategy are identified as;
 - Housing and Development Pressure for development has always been intense and the demand for more sustainable homes, jobs and leisure has never been greater. Levels of demand have contributed to high house prices pushing them beyond the means of many people on average and low incomes.
 - **Transport** Epping Forest is the only District in Essex to enjoy the benefits of London Underground services, although these are extremely crowded at peak times. Travelling to and from work in London is part of the daily routine for a large number of resident commuters. Despite rail and road links, many people struggle to travel in and around our District. High levels of car ownership lead to congestion which is in the top 25% nationally.
 - Health and Wellbeing generally a healthy place to be but there are also profound health inequalities, with parts of the District showing some of the highest life expectancies in Essex, and some among the lowest, including one area in Waltham Abbey recording the second worst outcome on this measure in the county. The District recorded the 3rd highest variation in areas with the highest and lowest life expectancy in Essex.

2.9 **Population and Demographic Analysis**

2.9.1 The current and future population profile within Epping Forest District and the locations of population growth are important to understand in planning for the future provision of sport and physical activity.

POPULATION PROJECTIONS

2.9.2 Table 2.1 below provides a summary of the key population and demographic trends for Epping Forest District. It should be noted that this data is consistent with that used across the Built Facilities Strategy and Open Spaces Strategy, as well as the wider strategic planning work currently being undertaken by the Council.

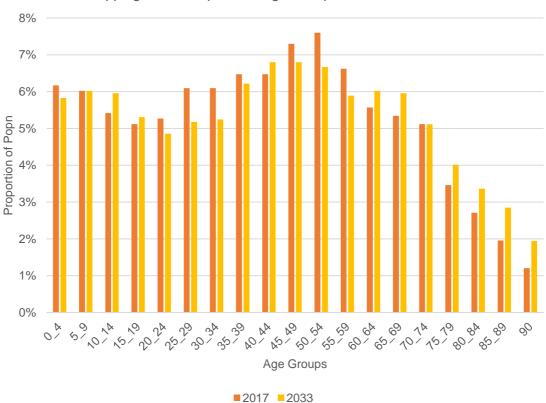
Table 2.1: Population and demographics analysis for EFDC



Epping Forest District Demographic Summary	Data
Current population	132,900 (2017 estimate)
Future population-	154,500
2033	
Age profile	The number of residents aged 0-59 is reducing, while the 60+ population is projected to grow Older people will make up an increasing proportion of the population, as the number of people aged 60 or above significantly increases throughout the next 10 years. This is the only age group forecast to have very significant changes in size.

2.9.3 Figure 2.1 below provides a graphical representation of these population trends, illustrating the projected change in proportion of population, between 2017 and 2033.

Figure 2.1 – Epping Forest District Population Share by Age Group



Epping Forest Population Age Group Share 2017-2033

2.9.4 To provide greater insight into the current and projected population trends across the District, Figure 2.2 to 2.4 below show the overall 2017 population per Lower Super Output Area (LSOA), the 2017 population density and the projected change in population to 2033.



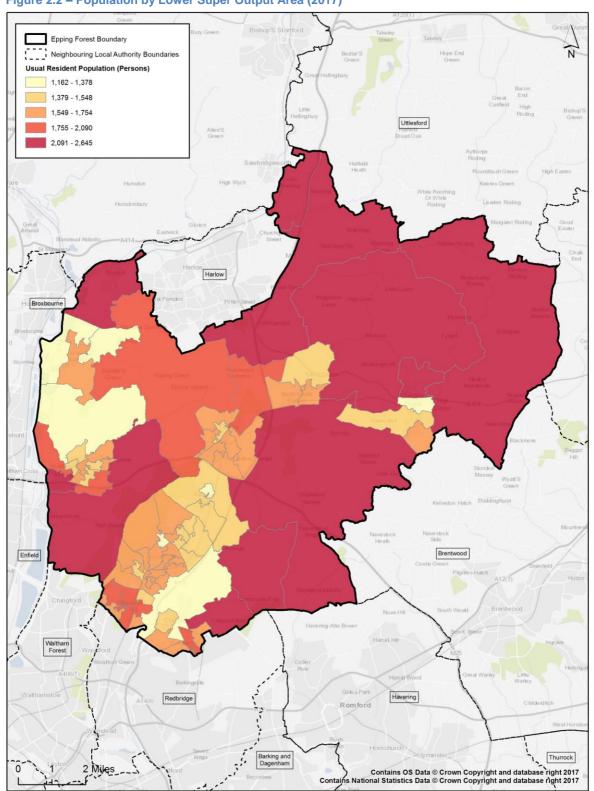


Figure 2.2 – Population by Lower Super Output Area (2017)

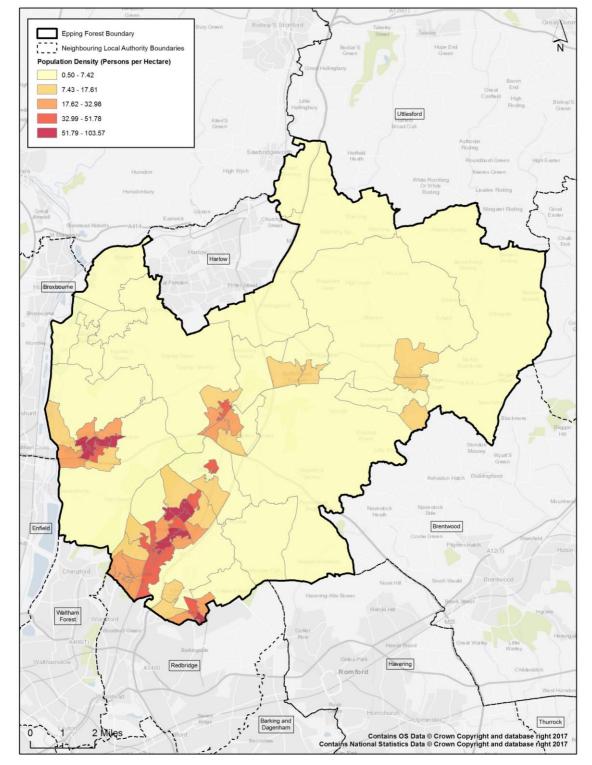
Usual resident population by lower super output area in Epping Forest (2017)

2.9.5 Figure 2.2 illustrates the total number of residents per super output area, therefore the darker red areas show the highest number of residents. It should be noted that while the more rural areas are



typically sparser in terms of population, they are also significantly bigger, therefore they typically have a greater overall volume of residents. The population density map shown as Figure 2.3 below shows this in more clarity.





Usual resident population density by lower super output area in Epping Forest (2017)





2.9.6 As expected, Figure 2.3 indicates that main settlements of Epping, Waltham Abbey and Chigwell have the highest population density, with pockets of relatively high density in smaller settlements, such as Chipping Ongar. Figure 2.4 illustrates the low density of population that exists across the majority of the District, which coincides with high levels of rurality and large areas of open space and woodland.

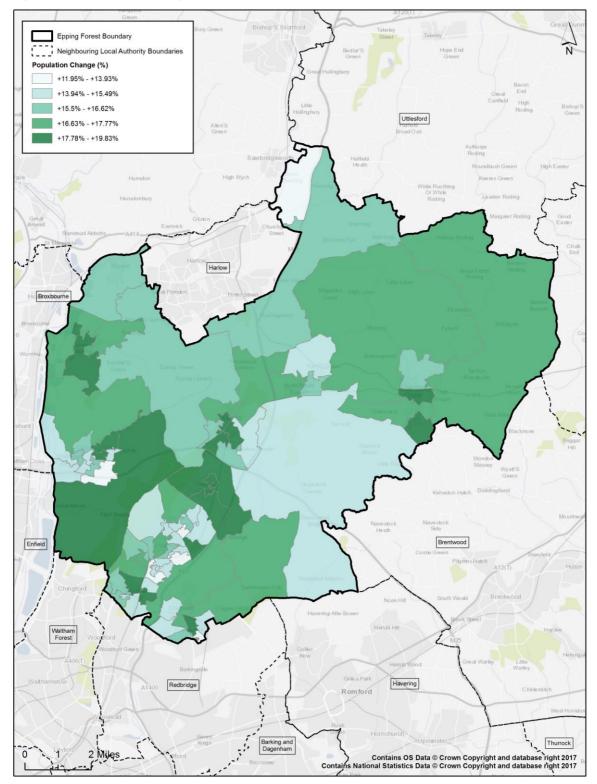
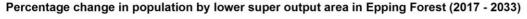


Figure 2.4 – Population Change 2017 - 2033







- 2.9.7 Figure 2.4 illustrates the expected population change, which is largely projected to occur in South Epping, Waltham Abbey and in Chipping Ongar and surrounding areas. This analysis should be taken into consideration as part of future development plans across the District.
- 2.9.8 It should also be noted that significant developments are planned within the neighbouring local authority of Harlow, which will have a signicant impact on the demand for housing and services in Harlow, East Herts and Epping Forest District. The Garden Town project will see approximately 16,500 new homes built in Harlow and the surrounding area by 2033. Epping Forest District Council are currently working with East Herts Council and Harlow Council to plan this development effectively and efficiently, through to the target completion date of 2033.
- 2.9.9 In addition, this this, there is a significant housing allocation within EFDC, proposed as part of the developing Local Plan, that is helping to meet Harlow's housing need and that of the wider Harlow Metropolitan Area. There is also projected to be significant growth both inside and outside of Epping Forest District, all of which will influence the requirement for sport and leisure provision over the life time of this strategy.

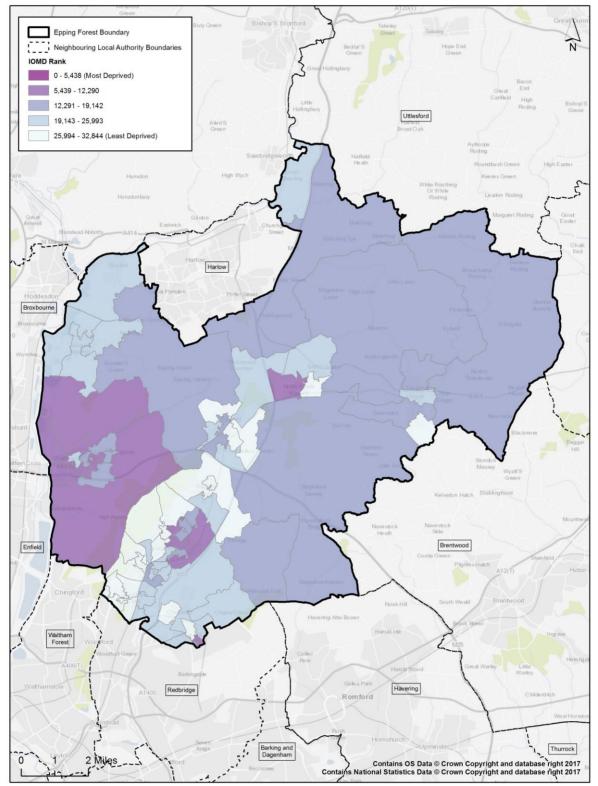
DEPRIVATION ANALYSIS

- 2.9.10 It is key that any future sporting developments meet the specific needs of their residents and it therefore important to consider deprivation trends for the local authority. Geographical areas with high level of deprivation will typically have lower levels of health, standard or living and car ownership, which all contribute to a lower overall level of participation.
- 2.9.11 Figure 2.5 overleaf shows the levels of deprivation across the local authority, with the most deprived areas being located on the western side of the district. It should be noted that the overall deprivation analysis indicates that there is a low general level of deprivation in the study area.



2 global

Figure 2.5: Deprivation Analysis - 2017



Index of multiple deprivation by lower super output area in Epping Forest (2015)



SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS

- 2.9.12 In line with the Local Plan and previous analysis undertaken for site selection and allocation, this strategy will look to assess the provision of sports and physical activity facilities at a settlement level.
- 2.9.13 As it would not be expected that every settlement within a local authority has its own sport and leisure facilities, only the larger settlements will be specifically identified as part of this analysis. Those that have been selected, due to their population size, have been identified in Figure 2.6 below.

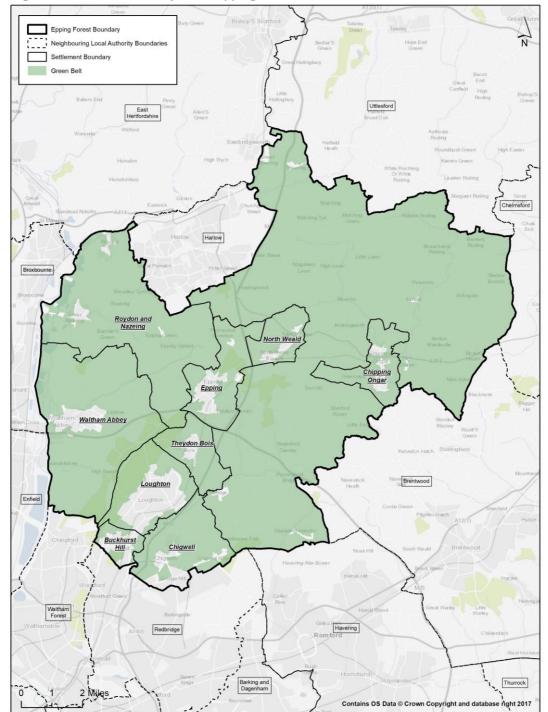
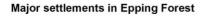


Figure 2.6 – Settlement analysis for Epping Forest District







- 2.9.14 To understand the population trends for each of the settlements identified in Figure 3.6, the graph below shows the projected population change for each of the specific areas. This analysis illustrates that all large settlements across the District are projected to grow throughout the lifetime of the strategy, with significant growth areas being North Weald Bassett, Epping and Chipping Ongar.
- 2.9.15 This population growth and the trends across the District will inform the future recommendations and action plan identified within this strategy.

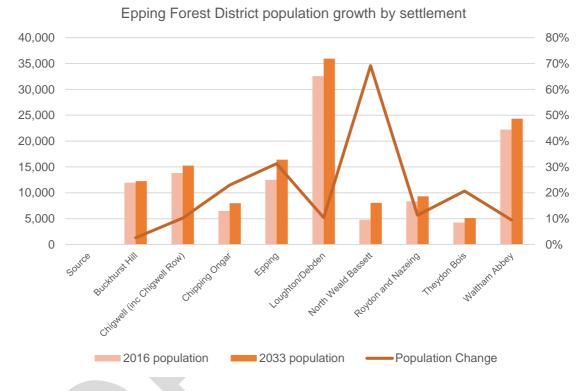


Figure 2.7 – Population trends by Epping Forest District settlement

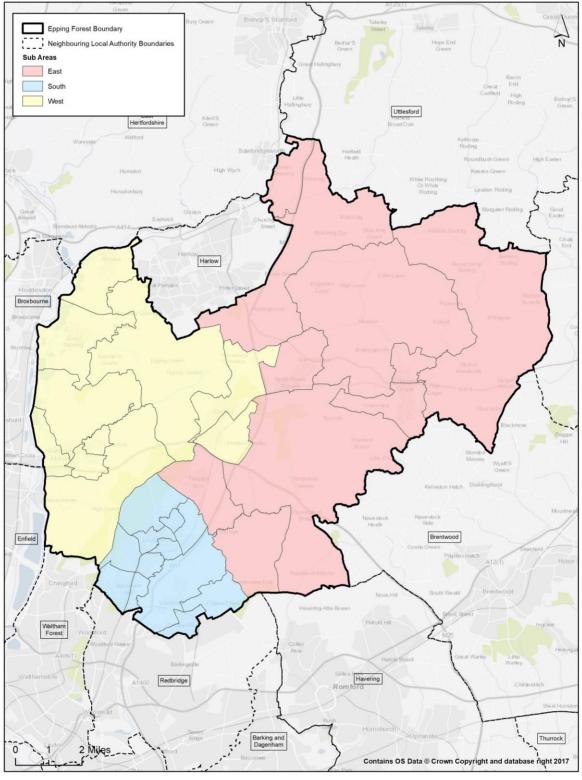
SUB AREAS

2.9.16 In addition to the settlement analysis above, to aid the delivery of the PPS the local authority has also been split into three sub-areas. This allows the supply and demand analysis for each pitch typology to be split into three areas that mirror how residents may typically travel to use playing pitch facilities and the catchment areas of facilities. For instance, a resident is unlikely to travel from the north east of the district to an area such as Chigwell to use playing pitch provision. Instead, they are more likely to travel within each of the sub-areas shown in Figure 2.8 overleaf.



J global









2.10 **Physical Activity and Participation**

THE VALUE OF PARTICIPATION

- 2.10.1 The value of participation in sport and physical activity is significant, and its contribution to individual and community quality of life should not be under estimated. This is true for both younger and older people; participation in sport and physical activity delivers:
 - Opportunities for physical activity, and therefore more 'active living'
 - Health benefits cardio vascular, stronger bones, mobility
 - Health improvement
 - Mental health benefits
 - Social benefits socialisation, communication, inter-action, regular contact, stimulation.
- 2.10.2 In addition, participation in sport and physical activity can facilitate the learning of new skills, development of individual and team ability / performance, and provide a 'disciplined' environment in which participants can 'grow' and develop.
- 2.10.3 The benefits of regular and active participation in sport and physical activity will be important to promote in relation to future sport, leisure and physical activity in Epping Forest District. There is an existing audience in the District, which already recognizes the advantages of participation, and a latent community who are ready to take part. The sport, physical activity and leisure offer in the District can support the delivery of the desired outcomes across a number of District priorities and objectives.

CURRENT PARTICIPATION RATES

2.10.4 In terms of the Public Health England definition for physical activity (150 minutes or equivalent of at least moderate intensity activity per week) 21.8% of adults are doing enough physical activity to benefit their health (i.e. exercising three or more times per week), the second highest in the county and above the national average of 17.6%.

Rate	Epping Forest District	Essex	England
% Active	60.5 %	57.0 %	57.0 %
% Inactive	25.3 %	28.3 %	28.7 %

Table 2.2: Physically active and inactive adults

Source: Public Health England (based on Active People Survey source data) 2015.

2.10.5 The Sport England Active People Survey (APS), now Active Lives, show us that Essex shows no statistical significant change in participation rates since 2008/09 APS for once a week participation in sport for adults age 16+ years. The figures for Essex are as follows; 36.7% in 2008/09, and 35.7% in 2015/16. There is a slight increase for rates in Epping Forest District, increasing from 37.8% in 2008/09 to 43.0% in 2015/16, however these rates fluctuate throughout the years. Albeit, the participation rates for Epping Forest District have consistently been above the average for the region (37.2% in 2015/16) however the rates for Essex are largely in line with the regional baseline level. This data is shown in Table 2.3 below.



Year	Epping Forest District	Essex	East	England
2008/09	37.8 %	36.7 %	36.5 %	36.5 %
2009/10	36.5 %	35.7 %	35.9 %	36.2 %
2010/11	39.6 %	36.1 %	35.6 %	35.6 %
2011/12	42.5 %	38.7 %	36.9 %	36.9 %
2012/13	41.2 %	36.8 %	35.9 %	36.6 %
2013/14	39.0 %	35.7 %	35.6 %	36.1 %
2014/15	38.4 %	34.8 %	35.6 %	35.8 %
2015/16	43.0 %	35.7 %	36.2 %	36.1 %

Table 2.3: APS Participation Rates in Epping Forest District, Essex, Regionally (East) and Nationally - Adult (16+) Participation in Sport (at least once a week), by year

Source: Active People Survey. Measure: Adult (16+) participation in sport (at least once a week) by year, one session per week (at least 4 sessions of at least moderate intensity for at least 30 minutes in the previous 28 days). Time period(s): 2012/13, 2013/14, 2014/15, 2015/16 Source: Sport England Local Sports Profile January 2017

- 2.10.6 The percentage of those physically inactive in Epping Forest District is 45.7%, below the national level of 52.5% and also below the regional level of 51.3%. In Epping Forest District, male participation (gender breakdown not shown in table able) increases from 41.3% in 2008/09 to 45.3% in 2015/16, whilst in the same time period, female participation also increases from 34.6% in 2008/09 to 40.8% in 2015/16.
- 2.10.7 The number of adults wanting to do more sport in Epping Forest District is 48.1% (2014/15), which is lower than the Essex average (53.9%) and national figures (58%).

ACTIVE LIVES

- 2.10.8 In 2016, Sport England launched the Active Lives monitoring system, to measure sport and physical activity in with the objectives set out by the recent DCMS and Sport England strategies.
- 2.10.9 Although the project is still in its 1st year and therefore providing a consistent and reliable benchmark is difficult, data for the study area identifies that:
 - 21.4% of Epping Forest District residents aged 16+ are inactive (2014/15), in line with the national level at 25.6%
 - 81.6% of Epping Forest District residents aged 16+ took part in sport and physical activity at least twice in the last 28 days, compared to 77.4% in Essex and 77.2% in England. Please note that this measure includes sporting activities, fitness activities and walking for leisure and travel, among others.

*Data as of October 2017 Active Lives Report



SPORT ENGLAND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

2.10.10 Sport England, the Government's agency for sport, measures 3 key areas in relation to sport and physical activity. Table 2.4 below sets out the performance of Epping Forest District, compared with the London region and the rest of England.

Indicator	Epping Forest District				Essex			England				
maicator	12/13	13/14	14/15	15/16	12/13	13/14	14/15	15/16	12/13	13/14	14/15	15/16
KPI3 – Club Membership	33.7	29	30.1	29.9	24.6	22.7	22.8	22.8	21.5	21.6	21.8	22.2
KPI4 - Received tuition or coaching in last 12 months	24.8	20	21.4	27.2	17.8	16.7	16.6	15.1	16.1	16.4	15.6	15.6
KPI5 – Took part in organised competition in last 12 months	15.6	17.9	*	14.9	15.1	13.2	14.3	13.9	12.6	13.3	13.3	13.3

Table 2.4: Participation frequency in physical activity – comparison with Sport England KPI's (all figures are %)

* Data unavailable, question not asked or insufficient sample size

Source: Active People Survey. Measure: Key Performance Indicators 3,4,5. Time Period(s): 2012/13, 2013/14, 2014/15, 2015/16



SPORTS ACTIVITY

2.10.11 The Active People Survey identifies that gym sessions (14.3%), swimming (9.71%) and cycling (8.76%) are the top sports in which people participate at least once a month in the District. Top sports by local area are based on the assumption that these are aligned to those sports which have the highest participation nationally, so data has only been run for those sports which have the highest participation at national level.

MARKET SEGMENTATION

- 2.10.12 Sport England's market segmentation model comprises of 19 'sporting' segments. It is designed to assist understanding of attitudes, motivations and perceived barriers to sports participation and to assist agencies involved in the delivery of sport and recreation to develop tailored interventions, communicate more effectively with the target market and to better understand participation in the context of life stages and cycles.
- 2.10.13 The market segmentation illustrates, in sports participation terms, the diversity of the District, and therefore the need to ensure that future provision addresses local needs, based on population age, structure, health inequalities, and current participation levels, as well as interest, and existing facility infrastructure.

2.10.14 In Epping Forest District, the dominant segments are: Kev, Jamie, Paula, Brenda, and Leanne.

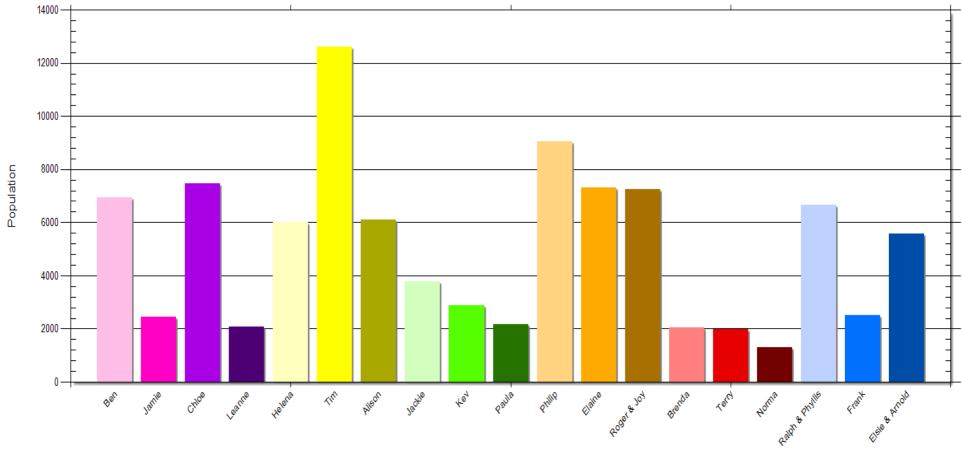
Table 2.5: Summary o	f Market Segmentation for Eppin	g Forest Distric	:t
Market Segment	Key Characteristics	% Epping Forest District	Activities / Sports that appeal to segment
Tim - Settling Down Males	Sporty male professionals (aged 26-45), buying a house and settling down with partner	13.1%	Keep fit/gym, Football, Cycling, Swimming
Philip – Comfortable Mid- Life Males	Mid-life professional (aged 46- 55), sporty males with older children and more time for themselves	9.4%	Cycling, keep fit/gym, Swimming
Chloe – Fitness Class Friend	Young graduate professionals (aged 18-25) image-conscious females keeping fit and trim	7.8%	Keep fit/gym, Swimming, Athletics
Elaine – Empty Nest Career Ladies	Mid-life professionals (aged 46-55) who have more time for themselves since their children left home		Keep fit/gym, Swimming, Cycling
Roger & Joy – Early Retirement Couples	Free-time couples (aged 56- 65) nearing the end of their careers	7.5%	Keep fit/gym, Swimming, Cycling

Fable 2.5: Summary of Market Segmentation for Epping Forest District



2.10.15 The overall market segmentation is:





Segment



SPORT ENGLAND

2.10.16 Figure 3.10 compares the dominant market segments as a percentage of the population with Essex and national percentages.

Figure 3.10: Market Segmentation in Epping Forest District– comparison with Essex and National percentages

Population of all segments within catchment area

14 -Catchment area Epping Forest District 12 -Epping Forest District Essex East England 10 -Percentage 6 Δ 2-0 Rogers Joy Ralen & Provins Chipe Brenda Jamie Leanne Alison Philip Elaine Tord Norma Helena Paula 5 Frank Eise & Mond TIM yaddile to Ber Segment

Sport-specific supply and demand analysis



3 FOOTBALL ANALYSIS

3.1 Introduction

- 3.1.1 This section of the report focusses on the supply and demand for grass football pitches. At the end of this section there is also a summary of the supply and demand findings for third generation (3G) Artificial Grass Pitches (AGP's) that are becoming increasingly important to service the needs of football for both competitive play and training.
- 3.1.2 This section includes the headline findings from the PPS, as well as a site by site analysis of football sites across Epping Forest District. For further detail on the supply and demand of football in the study area, Technical Appendix A Football Analysis provides a detailed analysis of supply and demand of football in Epping Forest District, including all the required analysis as defined in the Sport England Playing Pitch Guidance.

3.2 **Strategic Priorities for the Football Association**

- 3.2.1 In August 2015, the Football Association (FA) released their National Game Strategy for Participation and Development (2015 – 2019), which committed the organisation to invest £260 million into grassroots football over the next four years. The strategy has four key priorities;
 - Participation 'More players playing football more often'. The FA are aiming to boost female youth participation by 11% and retain the current level of male team affiliation
 - Player Development 'Better quality players being developed and entering the talent pathways'. The FA will invest £16m into coach education and development programmes. There will also be 1,000 more top level grassroots coaches developed and on-going investment into the skills coaching programme for 5 – 11 year olds
 - Better Training and Playing Facilities The FA has committed £48m to new and improved facilities through the Football Foundation. This includes the roll out of a new sustainable model for grassroots facilities in 30 cities through football hubs owned and operated by local communities. An ambition has also been stated to ensure that half of mini-soccer and youth matches are played on high-quality artificial grass pitches
 - Football Workforce 'Recruiting and developing volunteers and paid staff who service the game'. This will grow the workforce, increase the number of qualified referees and ensure there is an advisory board for every County FA.
- 3.2.2 The national strategy follows the FA's October 2014 announcements, stating its intentions to deliver 30 football hubs in cities across the country. The FA intends to increase the number of full size, publicly accessibility 3G AGP's to over 1,000 across England. It also intends to facilitate the delivery of more than 150 new club-owned and managed football hubs to support the delivery of FA, County FA and professional club youth development and coach education programmes. It also aims to ensure that at least 50% of all mini soccer and 9v9 matches are played on good quality 3G AGP's.
- 3.2.3 A key trend for football across the country is the contraction of adult affiliated clubs and the growth of more casual and informal forms of football, such as 5 and 7-a-side and organised evening 11-a-side, typically played on floodlit 3G pitches. This trend reflects the perceived reduction in free time across the UK and the reticence to commit to weekly football on a Saturday or Sunday afternoon.
- 3.2.4 The growth of demand and supply of 3G provision and the changing patterns of demand among grass roots footballers is key and will be addressed as an output of this study.



- 3.2.5 In addition to the focus on 3G facilities the FA has emphasised, throughout consultations, the commitment of the organisation to improving grass pitches, with the overall target being to improve 2,000 grass pitches across the UK and reduce the amount of cancellations, especially due to waterlogging.
- 3.2.6 The body that governs football in the study area is the Essex County FA and all of the FA's community and development objectives are implemented through this local body. It should be noted that a small number of teams in the local authority also affiliate to the London FA, most of which are located in the south of the District.

3.3 **Consultation Overview**

- 3.3.1 4 global consulted with Essex County FA to provide an overview of club and facility needs and issues across the local authority. This section covers the main points raised during the consultation.
- 3.3.2 Football participation in Essex is high across the County, with large amounts of formal and informal football, played by all ages on a variety of surfaces. Epping Forest District in particular is characterised by having a relatively high number of large clubs, especially given the low total population for the local authority. In line with the recent National Strategy, the provision of 3G AGP's is a priority for the FA as this improves the quality and sustainability of football facilities across the UK.
- 3.3.3 For grass-based pitches, pitch ownership and maintenance is split between EFDC, local clubs and third parties, with maintenance issues identified across a small number of sites. These views will be validated by the findings of this study and will provide the Councils and the FA with information that can be used to improve natural turf pitches, which is a key performance indicator for the FA in the National Game Strategy 2015-2019.
- 3.3.4 The FA stated that a key priority is to provide facilities that are sustainable for the long-term future of football in the study area. As part of this, Essex County FA are committed to supporting large clubs across the local authority establish secure home grounds and facilities that will allow them to continue growing and developing across the lifetime of the strategy.

3.4 Supply

- 3.4.1 To gather a full understanding of the supply of football pitches in Epping Forest District, the 4 global research team visited all football sites in the area and assessed the facilities using the FA's guidelines, as shown in Playing Pitch Strategy Appendix 2 Football Association².
- 3.4.2 A detailed record of all the supply data can be found in Technical Appendix A Football Analysis, however this section will summarise the key findings.
- 3.4.3 Where appropriate an Institute of Groundsmanship (IOG) qualified pitch assessor also undertook an assessment of key sites to cross check the original scores and ensure the scoring is consistent with the rest of the country. As part of this process, a report was produced, providing a detailed assessment of four sites across the local authority that currently provide football facilities. This is attached to this report as Technical Appendix J – Grounds & Natural Turf Improvement Programme Assessment Findings.
- 3.4.4 Utilising a combination of 4 global supply data and IOG assessments, Table 3.1 summarises how the grass football pitches in the study area were assessed, in line with Sport England PPS methodology (non-technical assessments).

² Sport England PPS Guidance – Football Appendix (<u>http://goo.gl/em3wyj</u>: 2015)



Quality score	Adult football	Youth	football	Mini soccer		
	11v11	11v11	9v9	7v7	5v5	
Good (80-100%)	13	0	3	7	3	
Standard (50-79.9%)	25	12	18	20	4	
Poor (0-49.9%)	14	2	2	9	0	

Table 3.1 – Supply of grass pitches in the study area. Source: 4 global site assessments

- 3.4.5 Table 3.1 shows that most pitches across the District are rated as *Standard*, with even spread across *Good* and *Poor*. This high quality of pitches is unique for local authorities with a mix of rural and urban geography and demographic profile, and illustrates an excellent overall quality of provision. This analysis has been benchmarked in Table 3.2 below, which compares the split of scoring between the three ratings for Epping Forest District with 3 other Local Authorities that are either within Greater London or just outside, that 4 global has undertaken site assessments for in the past two years. These Local Authorities have been kept anonymised as the associated strategies are still in progress at the time of issue, however they have been selected due to their similarity with Epping Forest District, in terms of urban/rural split and deprivation profile.
- 3.4.6 Table 3.2 indicates that Epping Forest District has a similar spread of **Standard** and **Poor** facilities, when analysed alongside 2 of the three comparable local authorities. On the other hand, Epping Forest District has the second lowest proportion of **Good** pitches and the second highest proportion of **Poor** pitches. This will be analysed further in the site by site analysis, however provides an illustration of the trend for football facility quality across the District.

	Average Pitch Score									
Pitch Rating	Local Authority A	Local Authority B	Local Authority C	Epping Forest District						
Good	68%	33%	18%	20%						
Standard	32%	60%	60%	60%						
Poor	0%	7%	22%	20%						

Table 3.2 – Assessment benchmarking for similar Local Authorities. Source: 4 global site assessments

3.4.7 To provide a spatial analysis of football provision supply in Epping Forest, Figure 3.1 overleaf provides an illustration of all football provision by pitch typology.



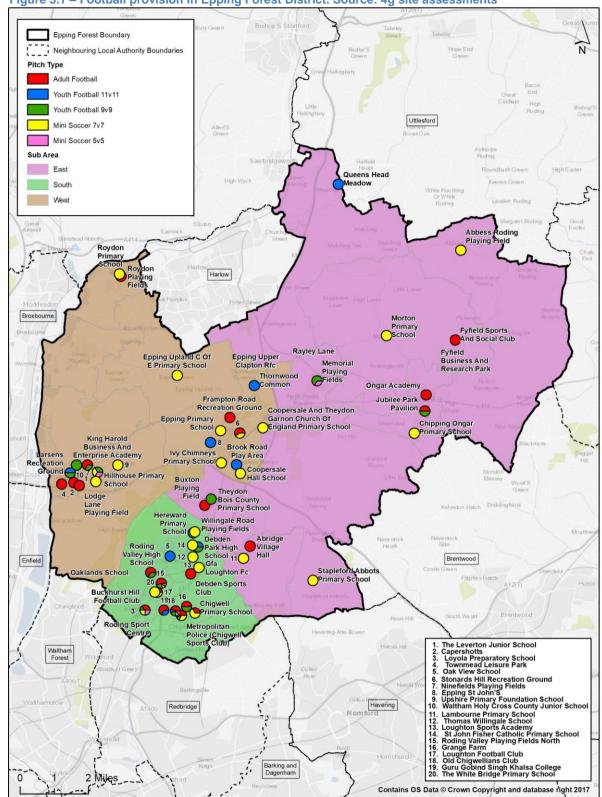


Figure 3.1 – Football provision in Epping Forest District. Source: 4g site assessments

Football sites by pitch type in Epping Forest





PITCH OWNERSHIP

- 3.4.8 As is common across the UK, a large proportion of sports provision in the study area is owned by the local authority or County Council, with other ownership spread across a number of different organisations. Where Epping Forest District is unusual, is the high proportion of private ownership, largely through individual landholders.
- 3.4.9 In terms of management, a large proportion of sites are managed by education facilities, followed by Town Councils, Sports Clubs and specialist trusts.
- 3.4.10 Table 3.3 below shows the spread of ownership, illustrating the broad spread of management and ownership types across the District

Type of ownership	Ownership	Management
Academy	3 (5%)	3 (5%)
Education	1 (1.66%)	24 (40%)
Local Authority	5 (8.33%)	2 (3.33%)
County Council	19 (31.66%)	2 (3.33%)
Lord Mayors Office	1 (1.66%)	0
Mixed	2 (3.33%)	0
Parish Council	5 (8.33%)	3 (5%)
Private	7 (11.66%)	4 (6.66%)
Sports Club	2 (3.33%)	7 (11.66%)
Town Council	9 (15%)	7 (11.66%)
Trust	5 (8.33%)	6 (10%)
Unknown	1 (1.66%)	2 (3.33%)

Table 3.3 – Site ownership and management in Epping Forest District. Source: 4 global site assessments

3.5 **Demand**

3.5.1 Football is the most popular team participation sport across the study area, with a total of 249 teams recorded by the study, as shown in Table 3.4. To illustrate the distribution of football teams across the study area, this data has been broken down into the three sub-areas of East, South and West.

	Adult T	eams		Youth Teams				Mini Teams		
Area	м	ВЛ	MF		Boys		Girls		Mini Soccer	
	IVI		11v11	9v9	11v11	9v9	7v7	5v5		
East Sub-area	7	0	9	5	0	0	9	5	35	
South Sub-area	43	1	31	30	4	2	28	26	165	
West Sub-area	8	2	12	7	0	0	9	11	49	
Epping Forest District	58	3	52	42	4	2	46	42	249	

Table 3.4 – Team Profile for football in Epping Forest District

- 3.5.2 Table 3.4 illustrates the significant amount of demand in Sub Area South, which is dominated by large junior clubs and a small number of major adult clubs. There is far less formal football in the West and East Sub Areas, with a small number of clubs largely located in Waltham Forest and Ongar.
- 3.5.3 Using the above team data and the volume of 57 clubs that were surveyed, the club to team ratio in Epping Forest District is 1:4.4, i.e. each club runs on average 4.4 teams. This compares to a national ratio of 1:3.3 and shows that there are quite significantly more teams within each club on



average compared to national levels. This supports the analysis that the local authority has a number of large clubs, which is likely to increase the demand for large football sites that can cater for demand for individual clubs with multiple teams. Further detail is provided as part of Technical Appendix A – Football Analysis, which contains a detailed account of consultations with major clubs across Epping Forest District.

3.6 Future Demand

DEMAND DRIVEN BY POPULATION GROWTH

- 3.6.1 To calculate the future demand for football in the study area, a Team Generation Rate³ has been calculated using the current number of teams and the current population. This measure allows us to calculate what size of population (for various age groups) will typically cause enough demand for a football team.
- 3.6.2 This Team Generation Rate can then be applied to the population projections for the local authority to confirm how population growth or reduction will affect the demand for teams in each of the key age groups.
- 3.6.3 Table 3.5 overleaf illustrates that the significant population growth in Epping Forest is projected to lead to an increase in demand for football, with an additional 57 teams required across the local authority. To break-down this projected increase in demand, TGR calculations have also been undertaken for each of the three sub-areas, all of which are detailed in Technical Appendix A Football Analysis.
- 3.6.4 Utilising the current demand for football in each of the sub areas, an estimation of how the growth of demand is likely to be allocated across the three sub areas is summarised below.
 - East Sub-area: 7 additional teams, including 3 for youth boys (12-15yrs)
 - South Sub-area: 41 additional teams, including 10 for youth boys (12-15yrs) and 13 youth girls (12-15yrs)
 - West Sub-area: 9 additional teams, including 4 mini soccer teams.
- 3.6.5 When comparing the findings for the whole study area to national trends, the consistent growth of football population contrasts with the rest of the UK, which is generally seeing a reduction in adult football demand but a growth in youth and mini football demand.
- 3.6.6 It is important to note that the TGR and future growth calculation assumes that clubs, the Councils and the local FA development officers do not improve their marketing or participation schemes over the period and are therefore no more successful than they are now in attracting new players to participate in football in the study area. In reality, it is expected that there will be improved channels of digital communication and improved maintenance technology, as well as higher quality ancillary provision. The output of this will be a higher quality and an improved ability to generate additional demand and convert it into participation.

³ The Team Generation Rate calculation uses the current number of teams and the current population to calculate a proxy measure of the number of total residents per relevant sports team. This measure is therefore applied to the projected population (depending on the length of the strategy) to predict how many additional teams will be required in order to satisfy the demand from the 'new' population.



Sport and Age Groups	Number of teams in age group within the area	Current population in age group within the area	Future population in age group within the area	Current TGR	Population Change in Age Group	Potential Change in Team Numbers in Age Group
Football Adult Men 11v11 (16-45yrs)	58	23132	25860	399	2728	7
Football Adult Women 11v11 (16-45yrs)	3	24348	26601	8116	2253	0
Football Youth Boys11v11 (12-15yrs)	52	2835	3735	55	900	17
Football Youth Girls 11v11 (12-15yrs)	42	2751	3606	65	855	13
Football Youth Boys 9v9 (10-11yrs)	4	1570	1914	392	345	1
Football Youth Girls 9v9 (10-11yrs)	2	1453	1820	726	367	1
Football Mini Soccer Mixed 7v7 (8-9yrs)	46	1568	1935	34	367	11
Football Mini Soccer Mixed 5v5 (6-7yrs)	42	1531	1825.3	36	294	8
						57

Table 3.5 – Team Generation Rates for Football in Epping Forest District

3.6.7 Table 3.5 illustrates the projected growth across each football age group, with a significant proportion of the growth projected to be in the youth boys and girls age group. This is influenced by a combination of significant population growth in these age ranges, along with a high existing level of demand.

DEMAND DRIVEN BY LATENT DEMAND

3.6.8 While a large amount of future demand will be driven by population growth, it is also likely that clubs and operators are successful in converting latent demand into actual demand, therefore increasing the number of people playing football. The table below identifies all clubs, grouped by sub-area, that identified latent demand (not currently active), which they are aiming to convert into affiliated football demand within the next 3 - 5 years. This provides an estimation of the number of new teams that will be required in Epping Forest District, in addition to the teams generated by population growth.

	Se	enior	Youth 11v11		Youth	n 9v9	Mini (Mixed age)		
Sub-area	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	
East	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
South	8	2	20	19	0	0	10.5	10.5	
West	5	1	12	5	0	0	6	6	
Total	13	3	32	24	0	0	16.5	16.5	

Table 3.6: Latent demand for football by sub-area



- 3.6.9 Table 3.6 illustrates the significant projected growth that clubs are expecting over the next 3 5 years, which represents double the growth that is projected to be influenced by population growth. Following consultation with clubs, this is largely influenced by significant demand for youth and mini football in the local authority, as well as the presence of a number of well-run junior clubs with high growth ambitions.
- 3.6.10 It is important to note that this projected growth should be treated with an element of caution, as the source of information is club consultations. In some instances, clubs may not have considered the governance and infrastructure requirements, associated with ongoing club growth. As a result, there may be instances where actual growth does not meet the projections identified during consultation.
- 3.6.11 Notwithstanding this, it is important that where clubs have the ambition and structure to increase in size, therefore getting more children and adults physically active, they should be supported. With this in mind future supply and demand analysis for football provision will include the projected growth from latent demand identified in this section.

3.7 Supply and Demand Balance

- 3.7.1 This section presents the supply and demand balance findings for grass football pitches (both for current and future scenarios) for the study, split by sub-area.
- 3.7.2 The pitch balance figures i.e. the relationship between supply and demand, have been calculated using the capacity and pitch quality ratings, with further detail provided in Technical Appendix A Football Analysis.
- 3.7.3 Table 3.7 to 3.9 below show the total capacity analysis for football in each of the three sub-areas. For each table, scenarios have been tested, to show the impact of pitch ownership and security across the sub-area.
- 3.7.4 Overall, there is a small over-supply of pitches across all three sub-areas. Different scenarios have been tested as part of the supply and demand analysis, including the impact of removing facilities from the analysis that are not secured for community use.

TOTAL LOCAL AUTHORITY SUPPLY AND DEMAND

3.7.5 Table 3.7 provides the supply and demand analysis for all grass football provision in Epping Forest District. The analysis includes 5 scenarios, which are repeated for each of the sub-areas in the following sections. These scenarios include different levels of supply and demand, to test the impact of potential changes over the lifetime of the strategy. For example, scenario 3 and 5 only take into consideration sites that are secured for community use in 2016 and 2033 respectively.

Balance per Pitch Type	Adult	Youth 11v11	Youth 9v9	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	Total			
Scenario 1 - All sites included in supply and demand analysis (2017)									
Total supply	100	26	49	136	34	345			
Total demand	27	23.5	15.5	22	19	107			
Balance	73	2.5	33.5	114	15	238			
Scenario 2 - Sites th	nat are avai	lable to the	communit	y (2017)					
Total supply	74	12	31	72	26	215			
Total demand	27	23.5	15.5	22	19	107			

Table 3.7: Overall football supply and demand for Epping Forest District



Balance per Pitch Type	Adult	Youth 11v11	Youth 9v9	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	Total				
Balance	47	-11.5	15.5	50	7	108				
Scenario 3 - Sites that are secured for community use (2017)										
Total supply	48	6	24	36	20	134				
Total demand	27	23.5	15.5	22	19	107				
Balance	21	-17.5	8.5	14	1	27				
Scenario 4 - Future	Analysis fo	or all sites a	available to	the comm	unity (2033))				
Total supply	74	12	31	72	26	215				
Total demand	42	81	17	41	27	208				
Balance	32	-69	14	31	-1	7				
Scenario 5 - Future	analysis fo	r all secure	ed sites (20	33)						
Total supply	48	6	24	36	20	134				
Total demand	42	81	17	41	27	208				
Balance	6	-75	7	-5	-7	-74				

- 3.7.6 Table 3.7 identifies the following key findings;
 - When including all available supply and demand across Epping Forest District, there is significant spare capacity for grass pitch football provision across the Local Authority
 - The smallest level of spare capacity is for youth 11v11 pitches, which becomes a deficit in each of the four following scenarios. In practice, this means that a number of 12-15 year olds will be playing on adult pitches, rather than the youth 11v11 sized pitch that is recommended
 - When including only sites that have secure community use, there is a small amount of total spare capacity for 2017, which converts to a deficit over the lifetime of the strategy
 - When including all sites that are available to the community, the future analysis illustrates a minimal level of spare capacity. This does not take into consideration any strategic reserve or 'resting' of pitches and therefore illustrates that the existing level of supply is required to meet the future demand for adult and junior football.

EAST SUB-AREA SUPPLY AND DEMAND

Balance per Pitch Type	Adult	Youth 11v11	Youth 9v9	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	Total				
Scenario 1 - All sites included in supply and demand analysis										
Total supply	11	1	12	20	4	48				
Total demand	3.5	2	2.5	1	1	10				
Balance	7.5	-1	9.5	19	3	38				
Scenario 2 - Sites th	nat are avai	lable to the	communit	y						
Total supply	11	1	8	4	4	28				
Total demand	3.5	2	2.5	1	1	10				
Balance	7.5	-1	5.5	3	3	18				
Scenario 3 - Sites that are secured for community use										
Total supply	10	0	8	0	4	22				

Table 3.8: East sub-area supply and demand



Balance per Pitch Type	Adult	Youth 11v11	Youth 9v9	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	Total				
Total demand	3.5	2	2.5	1	1	10				
Balance	6.5	-2	5.5	-1	3	12				
Scenario 4 - Future Analysis for all sites available to the community										
Total supply	11	1	8	4	4	28				
Total demand	4	5	3	2	2	15				
Balance	7	-4	5	2	2	13				
Scenario 5 - Future	analysis fo	r all secure	ed sites							
Total supply	10	0	8	0	4	22				
Total demand	4	5	3	2	2	15				
Balance	6	-5	5	-2	2	7				

3.7.7 Table 3.8 identifies the following key findings;

- The East sub-area has the lowest levels of supply and demand of any of the three sub-areas
- The current and future analyses show that there is spare capacity for grass pitch provision over the lifetime of the strategy
- There is a small deficit of youth 11v11 pitch provision, which is caused by a shortage of suitable youth 11v11 pitch sizing.
- The spare capacity identified for 2033 is minimal. This does not take into consideration any strategic reserve or 'resting' of pitches and therefore illustrates that the existing level of supply is required to meet the future demand for adult and junior football.

SOUTH SUB-AREA SUPPLY AND DEMAND

Table 3.9: South sub-area supply and demand										
Balance per Pitch Type	Adult	Youth 11v11	Youth 9v9	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	Total				
Scenario 1 - All site	s included	in supply a	nd demand	d analysis						
Total supply	61	12	28	62	24	187				
Total demand	18	17.5	9.5	15.5	12	72.5				
Balance	43	-5.5	18.5	46.5	12	114.5				
Scenario 2 - Sites that are available to the community										
Total supply	42	4	16	42	16	120				
Total demand	18	17.5	9.5	15.5	12	72.5				
Balance	24	-13.5	6.5	26.5	4	47.5				
Scenario 3 - Sites th	nat are secu	ured for co	nmunity u	se						
Total supply	33	2	15	36	16	102				
Total demand	18	17.5	9.5	15.5	12	72.5				
Balance	15	-15.5	5.5	20.5	4	29.5				
Scenario 4 - Future	Analysis fo	or all sites a	vailable to	the comm	unity					
Total supply	42	4	16	42	16	120				
Total demand	28	57	10	28	23	73				
Balance	14	-53	6	14	-7	48				
Scenario 5 - Future	analysis fo	r all secure	d sites							

Table 3.9: South sub-area supply and demand



Balance per Pitch Type	Adult	Youth 11v11	Youth 9v9	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	Total
Total supply	33	2	15	36	16	102
Total demand	28	57	10	28	23	73
Balance	5	-55	5	8	-7	30

- 3.7.8 Table 3.9 identifies the following key findings;
 - There is a significant level of supply and demand that currently exists in the South sub-area, illustrating that it is a key area for grass-roots football (the sub-area accounts for 66% of all football demand in Epping Forest District).
 - The analysis for all sites illustrates a significant amount of spare capacity. This is influenced by the presence of large high-quality football provision at a number of large, high quality education sites such as Chigwell School
 - There is also spare capacity when including only sites that are available to the community (including those that are not secured for community use). This is influenced by sites such as the Metropolitan Sports Ground, which is available but not secured for long term community use
 - The future analysis shows that there is spare capacity for grass pitch provision projected across the sub-area. This is largely due to the high quality of provision in the sub-area, with a number of multi-pitch sites being able to support a large amount of football, due to robust maintenance procedures and volunteer effort
 - The exception for this is youth 11v11 pitch provision, which is at a deficit throughout all scenarios. In practice, this means that a number of 12-15 year olds will be playing on adult pitches, rather than the youth 11v11 sized pitch that is recommended.

Table 3.10: West sub-a	rea supply a								
Balance per Pitch Type	Adult	Youth 11v11	Youth 9v9	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	Total			
Scenario 1 - All site	s included	in supply a	nd demand	d analysis					
Total supply	28	13	9	54	6	110			
Total demand	5.5	4	3.5	5.5	6	24.5			
Balance	22.5	9	5.5	48.5	0	85.5			
Scenario 2 - Sites that are available to the community									
Total supply	21	7	7	26	6	67			
Total demand	5.5	4	3.5	5.5	6	24.5			
Balance	15.5	3	3.5	20.5	0	42.5			
Scenario 3 - Sites th	nat are secu	ured for co	nmunity	se					
Total supply	5	4	1	0	0	10			
Total demand	5.5	4	3.5	5.5	6	24.5			
Balance	-0.5	0	-2.5	-5.5	-6	-14.5			
Scenario 4 - Future	Analysis fo	or all sites a	vailable to	the comm	unity				
Total supply	21	7	7	26	6	67			
Total demand	10	19	4	11	11	55			
Balance	11	-12	3	15	-5	12			

WEST SUB-AREA SUPPLY AND DEMAND



Balance per Pitch Type	Adult	Youth 11v11	Youth 9v9	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	Total			
Scenario 5 - Future analysis for all secured sites									
Total supply	5	4	1	0	0	10			
Total demand	10	19	4	11	11	55			
Balance	-5	-15	-3	-11	-11	-45			

- 3.7.9 Table 3.10 identifies the following key findings;
 - There is a relatively small amount of supply and demand that currently exists in the West sub-area (the sub-area accounts for 20% of all football demand in Epping Forest District)
 - The sub-area is, however, home to some key football clubs and strategic facilities for football
 - The analysis for all sites illustrates a significant amount of spare capacity. This is influenced by the large amount of provision on education sites
 - Conversely, scenario 3 illustrates that there is a deficit of provision that is secured for community use. This deficit is highest for mini 7v7 provision, as the majority of these pitches are currently located at education sites that are not secured for community use.
 - The future analysis shows that this deficit is projected to worsen for secured sites, as demand for football increases across the Local Authority. Given the high projected growth in young people across the lifetime of the strategy, deficit across Youth 11v11, Mini 7v7 and Mini 5v5 pitch typologies are projected to be the most significant.

3.8 Peak Time Analysis

- 3.8.1 In line with the 2013 Sport England PPS guidance, this study has considered the total supply and demand for facilities, measured in match equivalents per week.
- 3.8.2 While this is a valuable measure of whether or not pitches are at capacity, underplayed or overplayed, the patterns of demand should also be considered when assessing whether there are sufficient facilities across the Local Authority.
- 3.8.3 With this in mind, this section undertakes a peak time capacity analysis, to assess whether there are sufficient facilities during the periods that the greatest proportion of the population like to play football.
- 3.8.4 This will indicate whether there are enough pitches to satisfy the demand where a large amount of football is played at the same time (e.g. are there enough Adult 11v11 pitches so that all adult's teams can to play on Saturday afternoons?)
- 3.8.5 The following assumptions on peak times have been developed using data collected during the demand consultations with clubs and the Whole Game System FA report.
 - Adult peak demand is assumed to be Saturday PM
 - Youth 11v11 peak demand is assumed to be Sunday PM
 - Youth 9v9 peak demand is assumed to be Sunday PM
 - Mini Soccer 7v7 peak demand is assumed to be Sunday AM
 - Mini Soccer 5v5 peak demand is assumed to be Sunday AM



- 3.8.6 A full methodology for calculating peak time capacity can be found in Appendix A
- 3.8.7 Table 3.11 provides an analysis of all sites across the local authority where formal football demand has been identified. For all relevant sites, it has been identified whether there is spare capacity during the peak period (highlighted green). It should be noted that where sites are at an overall deficit of capacity (highlighted red), it is assumed that there is not spare capacity during the peak period. It has also been assumed that all sites that are currently available for community use but have no formal demand identified, there will be spare capacity at the peak period. Conversely, all sites that are not available for community use are assumed to have no spare capacity at the period of peak demand.

Site	Adult 11v11	Yth 11v11	Yth 9v9	Mini 7v7	Mini 5v5	Total (all pitch typologies)
Abridge Village Hall						
Bumbles Green Leisure Centre						
Buckhurst Hill Football Club						
Capershotts						
Chigwell School / Old Chigwellians Club						
Debden Park High School						
Debden Sports Club						
Frampton Road Recreation Ground						
Grange Farm						
Guru Gobind Singh Khalsa College						
Jubilee Park Pavilion						
Larsens Recreation Ground						
Metropolitan Police (Chigwell Sports Club)						
Ongar Academy						
Queens Head Meadow						
Roding Valley Playing Fields North						
Roydon Playing Fields						
Stonards Hill Recreation Ground						
Townmead Leisure Park						
Loughton Football Club						
Memorial Playing Fields						
Ninefields Playing Fields						
Roding Valley High School						
Willingale Road Playing Fields						

Table 3.11: Spare Peak Time Capacity for Football

3.8.8 Table 3.11 illustrates the majority of grass provision does not have any spare capacity at the peak period. This is as expected for a local authority with a high level of football demand, especially in the youth and mini age groups.

3.9 Artificial Grass Pitches (AGP's) for Football

3.9.1 There are three surface types that fall into the category of Artificial Grass Pitches (AGP); rubber crumb (3G), sand-based (filled or dressed) and water based.



- 3.9.2 The FA considers high quality 3G pitches as essential in promoting coach and player development across all age groups. These pitches can support intensive use and as such are valuable assets for both playing and training. Primarily, such facilities have been installed for community use and training however they are increasingly used for competition, which the FA wholly supports providing the pitch has been appropriately tested and is on the FA 3G pitch register. The FA's long-term ambition is to provide every affiliated team in England with the opportunity to train once a week on a floodlit 3G surface together with priority access for Charter Standard Community Clubs through a partnership agreement.
- 3.9.3 The FA has adopted the use of 3G pitches across all its competitions and incorporated this into the standard code of rules. This decision was taken due to the significant advances that have been made to the development of 3G Football Turf (FT) and the adoption of these surfaces by professional leagues throughout Europe and by both UEFA and FIFA for major competitions.
- 3.9.4 Competitive affiliated football can take place on 3G surfaces that have been tested to FA standards and is on the FA 3G Football Turf Pitch Register. All football training can take place on sand and water based surfaces but a 3G surface is preferred.

QUANTITY AND QUALITY OVERVIEW

- 3.9.5 Table 3.11 provides a list of all full size (approx. 100m x 60m or bigger) 3G AGP's in Epping Forest District, available for either for training or competitive play. These have been separated from the other AGP's in the hockey section of this report as sand-based or small sided AGP's are not of strategic importance for Sport England or the FA.
- 3.9.6 The study area currently has two full sized 3G AGP's, both of which are available for community use and used heavily through periods of peak demand (weekday evenings and weekends). Both facilities are floodlit therefore can be used by the community at peak times throughout the winter. They are also both available and secured for community use.

Site Name	Pitch Type	Size	Floodlit	Age of Surface	Pitch score	FA Register
Epping St. John's	3G	100x60	Yes	2-5 years	80 - Good	Yes
Townmead Leisure Park	3G	100x70	Yes	2-5 years	80 - Good	Yes

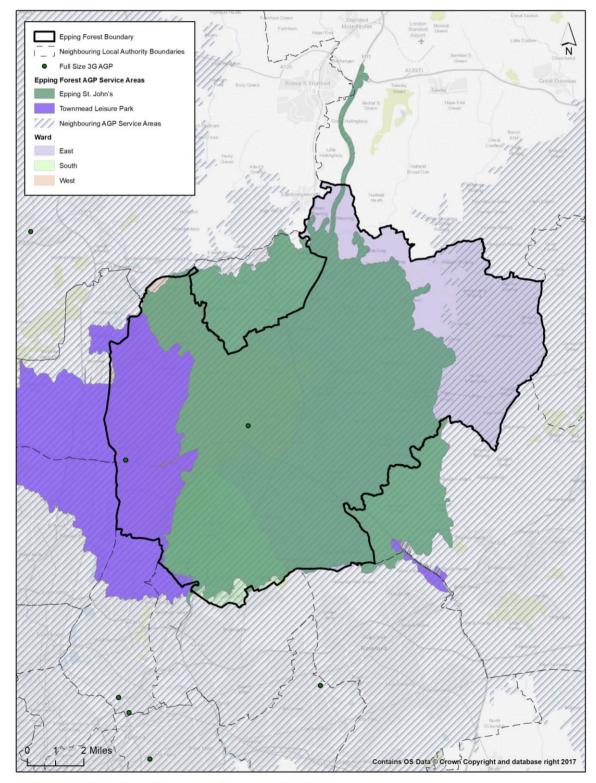
Table 3.11 – Full size 3G AGP provision in Epping Forest District

CURRENT SUPPLY AND DEMAND BALANCE – ARTIFICIAL GRASS PITCHES

- 3.9.7 As part of the FA National Game Strategy, the Football Association has identified a strategic objective to ensure that all teams playing competitive football have access to a floodlit 3G AGP to train on at least once a week. To do this, FA calculations show that a full size 3G AGP (available for community use at peak times) is required for every 42 teams, which will allow the required training and match play slots, as well as providing suitable supply at peak times (weekday evenings and weekends).
- 3.9.8 Using the demand data for the District, 249 teams have been identified as playing within the Epping Forest District. Using the FA's suggested ratio of 1:42, this demonstrates the need for 5.9 full sized 3G AGP's, which it is suggested should be rounded up to 6 to allow for a small comfort factor.



- 3.9.9 Supply and demand data for the project identifies 2 existing full sized 3G AGP facilities within the study area that are available and secured for community use. There is therefore a current shortage of 6 full sized 3G AGP facilities.
- 3.9.10 Figure 3.2 below shows the catchment area analysis for 3G AGP's in Epping Forest District, which can be used to assess the accessibility of full-size 3G AGP facilities across the local authority.



Full size 3G AGP sites with community use availability service areas in Epping Forest (up to 20 minutes drive time)





Figure 3.2 – 3G AGP Catchment area analysis for Epping Forest District

- 3.9.11 Figure 3.2, shows the 20-minute (non-overlapping) catchment areas for the two 3G AGP's in Epping Forest District. This illustrates that the majority of residents in the local authority sit within a 20-minute drive time catchment of one of the two 3G AGP's, with only a small area in the east of the local authority sitting within the catchment area of a facility outside of the local authority (identified by grey hashed shading).
- 3.9.12 It should be noted that there is an area in the east sub-area, around Sheering and Matching, that has poor accessibility to full sized 3G AGP's, as they do not sit within a 20-minute drive time of an appropriate facility.
- 3.9.13 While this analysis appears to illustrate that accessibility is good across the Local Authority, the large green area represents the catchment area of Epping St Johns School. While this has been identified as being available to the community, facilities on educational sites typically represent a risk, especially where they do not have long-term community use agreements for their facilities.

FUTURE SUPPLY AND DEMAND BALANCE – ARTIFICIAL GRASS PITCHES

- 3.9.14 To understand the projected level of demand for 3G AGP's in Epping Forest District across the lifetime of the project, the same ratio of 1:42 has been used, as well as the additional 162 teams identified in the TGR and latent demand calculations.
- 3.9.15 Using these updated parameters, it is projected that 9.7 full sized 3G AGP's will be required to be accessible to the community by 2033 in Epping Forest District which it is recommended should be rounded to 10 to allow for a small comfort factor. Assuming that the 2 existing facilities remain open and secured for community use, this will lead to a deficit of 8 full sized pitches over the lifetime of the strategy.

MEETING THE CURRENT AND FUTURE DEMAND FOR 3G AGP FACILITIES ACROSS EPPING FOREST DISTRICT

- 3.9.16 To meet the shortfall for both current and future 3G AGP supply and demand, the likely solution will be a combination of new build and resurfacing sand-based pitches. A key consideration when identifying potential development sites is meeting the current and future demands for Hockey and identifying sites that are genuinely surplus to hockey requirement.
- 3.9.17 A key objective for the FA is to maximise the use of 3G pitches for competitive football match play. This will increase the quality of provision, reduce the number of cancellations and help to address future demand. Affordable pricing policy that includes match based charges in line with grass pitches should be a consideration.
- 3.9.18 When selecting the sites that are appropriate for 3G AGP development, sites should have the following characteristics;
 - Be available for significant use by local community clubs
 - Have good access and ancillary facilities to service the pitch(es)
 - Be financially sustainable
 - Be able to be maximised for training and match play provision during peak time
 - Be well positioned to deliver wider football development programmes, including coach education and a recreational football offer, using spare off-peak capacity to deliver this
 - Be able to explore shared projects with the Rugby Football Union (RFU) and school sites where infrastructure and vision align.



3.9.19 In terms of location, the Stage B analysis identified a high volume of affiliated formal football demand in the South sub-area, which does not currently have access for a full size 3G AGP facility. It is therefore important to increase the provision of 3G AGP facilities in the Southern sub-area, aiming 5 full sized 3G AGP facilities, based on the current allocation of demand across the local authority.

3.10 Strategic sites for Protection, Enhancement and Provision

- 3.10.1 To ensure that the Playing Pitch Strategy meets the requirements of the Epping Forest District Council Local Plan review and can be seen as a robust evidence base, the site-by-site assessment below includes all football sites that have been included within the study. The site-bysite assessment provides a justification of how each of these sites should be protected, enhanced or further provided for, in line with the National Planning Policy Framework. Additionally, this table serves to summarise the key parts of the PPS assessment that have been identified so far within this sport specific section.
- 3.10.2 To confirm the sites that have spare capacity or a deficit, the site-by-site analysis in this section will provide a total balance per site to illustrate the sites that need investment either to improve the quality of pitches (and therefore carrying capacity), as well as the sites that need a greater number of grass pitches in order to satisfy demand. This will be shown in the 'capacity for community use' column.
- 3.10.3 It should be noted that where supply equals demand (a balance of +0, the colour coding of the site is taken from the capacity at the peak period.



Table 3.12 – Site by site summary for football provision

Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Jus	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)			
Abbess Roding	East	1 x mini 7v7	Abbess, Beauchamp and Parners 4 match Abbess, Beauchamp					This is a small, standard quality site with a single mini 7v7 pitch. The site has not been identified as hosting any formal affiliated football and therefore has been identified as a site that could address issues with a shortage of provision in the local area. If the site is not required to offset nearby deficit, it could be re-designated as open space or for alternative sporting provision.			
Playing Field	Lasi	1 X 11111 7 V7	Available	Unsecured	Roding Parish Council	spare capacity	E	part of this study, although if the site is to be used for formal football use, the ancillary on the site will require refurbishment or replacement.			
							PV	 This is a small, standard quality site with a single mini 7v7 pitch. The site has not been identified as hosting any formal affiliated football and therefore has been identified as a site that could address issues with a shortage of provision in the local area. If the site is not required to offset nearby deficit, it could be re-designated as open space or for alternative sporting provision. No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study, although if the site is to be used for formal football use, the ancillary on the site will require refurbishment or replacement. PV No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a local village site that is used as a home ground by Abridge Village FC. E ancillary facility. Further maintenance investment is required to improve the quality of the grass pitch and the ancillary provision is in need of refurbishment. PV tho further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. This is a small, standard quality site with a single youth 11v11. The site has not been identified as hosting any formal affiliated football and therefore has been identified as a site that could address issues with a shortage of provision in the local area. If the site is not required to offset nearby deficit, it could be re-designated as open space or for alternative sporting provision. E No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study. 			
							PR	a local village site that is used as a home ground by Abridge Village			
Abridge Village Hall	East	1 x adult 11v11	Available	Secured	Abridge Parish Council	0.5 match equivalents spare capacity	match PR with a shortage of provision in the local area. If the site is not required to offset nearby deficit, it could be re-designated as open space or for alternative sporting provision. No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study, although if the site is to be used for formal football use, the ancillary on the site will require refurbishment or replacement. PV No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a local village site that is used as a home ground by Abridge Village FC. The site has been identified as having poor pitch quality and a poor ancillary facility. Further maintenance investment is required to improve the quality of the grass pitch and the ancillary provision is in need of refurbishment. PV No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. The site has been identified as having poor pitch quality and a poor ancillary facility. Further maintenance investment is required to improve the quality of the grass pitch and the ancillary provision is in need of refurbishment. PV No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. PR This is a small, standard quality site with a single youth 11v11. The site has not been identified as hosting any formal affiliated football and therefore has been identified as a site that could address issues with a shortage of provision in the local area. If the site is not required to offset nearby deficit, it could be re-designated as open space or for alternative sporting pr				
							PV				
Brook Road Play Area	West	1 x youth 11v11	Available	Unsecured	Epping Town Council	2 match equivalents	PR	site has not been identified as hosting any formal affiliated football and therefore has been identified as a site that could address issues with a shortage of provision in the local area. If the site is not required to offset nearby deficit, it could be re-designated as open space or for alternative sporting provision.			
Alea					Council	spare capacity	Е				
							PV				
Buckhurst Hill Football Club	South	1 x adult 11v11 1 x youth 9v9 2 x mini 7v7	Available	Secured	Mixed (club owns main parcel of land;	16.5 match equivalents spare capacity	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a high quality multi-pitch site that is the home ground of Buckhurst Hill FC. The site is mainly a volunteer run football club however it is maintained and operated to a high level. This site has no spare			



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
		2 x mini 5v5			separate sports club owns north portion of field)		E	capacity at the peak period. The football club are in the process of developing a large are of land to the west of the club's main facility. This will involve the development of 4 additional pitches, one to the east and three on the southern part of the land. If this development is to take place, a significant increase in the quantity of maintenance effort will be required from the volunteer workforce. The club has recently been granted planning permission from the local authority and support should be sought from the FA and Football Foundation to provide additional expertise and equipment where required. As above, although the current site has theoretical capacity for greater demand across the week, there is no spare capacity at the peak period of demand and therefore further provision is required to
Bumbles Green Leisure Centre	West	2 x youth 11v11	Available	Secured	Nazeing Parish Council	2 match equivalents spare capacity	PR E PV	 meet the growing needs of the club. This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a standard quality site that is used as a home ground by Nazeing Youth FC. This site has no spare capacity at the peak period. This is a standard quality site that is maintained by a combination of the Parish Council and the Nazeing Youth FC. The current youth team manager marks out the pitches according to demand and therefore this meets the needs for formal football. The current ancillary facility (changing rooms/clubhouse) is disused and not fit for purpose. Replacement of the facility is required to meet the needs of local football and sports clubs.
Buxton Playing Field	East	1 x adult 11v11	Available	Secured	Trust	2 match equivalents spare capacity	PR E PV	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a standard quality football facility that is owned and managed by a
Capershott s	West	1 x adult 11v11	Available	Unsecured	Local Authority	1.5 match equivalents spare capacity	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a high quality single pitch site that is used for a home ground by Waltham Abbey Adults 1st, 2nd and U18 teams. This site has no



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)		
								spare capacity at the peak period.		
							E	The ancillary facility at the site is dated and has no disabled access or disabled toilet provision. The facility requires refurbishment to meet the needs of the football club and local residents. The site has been identified as being unsecured for long-term security use, therefore collaboration is required between EFDC and Waltham Abbey FC to agree a formal long-term usage agreement, which will allow the club to bid for funding and facility improvement grants.		
							PV	this study.		
Chigwell	Couth	1 x adult 11v11	Available	Coourod	Local Authority	15 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a high quality multi-pitch site located at an education facility. The site is used for curriculum and after school football however no formal affiliated football demand has been identified.		
Primary School	South	2 x mini 7v7	Available	Secured	(Essex County	equivalents spare capacity	Е	 The ancillary facility at the site is dated and has no disabled access or disabled toilet provision. The facility requires refurbishment to meet the needs of the football club and local residents. The site has been identified as being unsecured for long-term security use, therefore collaboration is required between EFDC and Waltham Abbey FC to agree a formal long-term usage agreement, which will allow the club to bid for funding and facility improvement grants. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a high quality multi-pitch site located at an education facility. The site is used for curriculum and after school football however no formal affiliated football demand has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study. <		
					Council)		PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of		
		5 x adult 11v11 2 x youth 11v11 3 x youth 9v9				Not available	PR	a high quality multi-pitch site located at an education facility. The site is used for curriculum and after school football however no formal		
Chigwell School	South	2 x mini 7v7 2 x mini 5v5 1 x small sided sand-	Not available	Unsecured	Old Chigwellian s Association	for community use 38 match equivalents	E			
		based AGP 1 x full sized sand-based AGP				spare capacity	PV			
Chipping Ongar Primary School	East	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	Essex County Council	Not available for community use 2 match	PR	a single pitch site that is used for curriculum and after school use. The site is not available for community use and is not used for formal affiliated football.		
301001						equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as		



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (
						spare capacity		part of this study.			
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.			
Coopersal e And Theydon Garnon	Feet	1 x mini 7v7	Not available		Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a single pitch site that is used for curriculum and after school use. The site is not available for community use and is not used for formal affiliated football.			
Church of England	East		Not available	Unsecured	(Essex County	4 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.			
Primary School	Council) Spare capacity	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.								
Coopersal e Hall	West	1 x mini 7v7 1 x small-	Not available	Unsecured	Private	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a multi-pitch site, including a mini 7v7 grass pitch and a small sided sand-based AGP, both of which are used for curriculum and after school use. The site is not available for community use and is not used for formal affiliated football.			
School		sided sand- based AGP				4 match equivalents	Е	used for formal affiliated football. No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.			
						spare capacity	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.			
Debden	Couth	1 x youth 11v11			Annahama	3.5 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a multi-pitch site with 2 grass pitches that are used by Horse & Well FC and a full size 3G AGP that is used by Barkingside Youth, GFA Loughton and Loughton FC. Security use has been identified as being unsecured, with clubs booking on a short-term basis to use the 3G AGP facility.			
Park High School	South	1 x youth 9v9 1 x full size 3G AGP	Available	Unsecured	Academy	equivalents spare capacity	E	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study. If the grass pitches on site are to be made available then additional investment and maintenance effort will be required to improve the quality of the pitches.			
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.			
Debden Sports Club	South	3 x adult 11v11	Available	Secured	Local Authority	1.5 match equivalents spare capacity	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a multi-pitch site that is the home ground for Debden Sports Club's football teams. This site has no spare capacity at the peak period.			



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
							E	The site has issues with waterlogging, especially on the 3rd pitch, which would benefit from a further technical assessment in order to determine the root cause of these issues. The pitches are rated as either poor or the low end of standard, with a poor ancillary facility. Investment is required to refurbish and improve the ancillary facility. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Epping Primary School	West	1 x mini 7v7	Available	Unsecured	Local Authority (Essex County	4 match equivalents spare capacity	PR E	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a single pitch site that is used for curriculum and after school use. The site is available for community use however it is not used for formal affiliated football. No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
					Council)		PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Funitor Ot		3 x youth	Not available		Voluntary	Not available for community	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a multi-pitch site with three standard quality pitches and 1 full sized 3G AGP, which has recently been resurfaced and is now on the FA pitch register, ensuring it can be used for competitive football. The grass pitches at the site are not available for community use.
Epping St John's	West	11v11 1 x full size 3G AGP	(grass pitches)	Unsecured	Controlled School	use 6 match equivalents spare capacity	E	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study. If the grass pitches on site are to be made available then additional investment and maintenance effort will be required to improve the quality of the pitches.
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Epping Upland C of E	West	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	Local Authority (Essex	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a single pitch site that is used for curriculum and after school use. The site is not available for community use and is not used for formal affiliated football.
Primary School	VVESL		NUL AVAIIADIE	Unsecured	County	4 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
SCHOOL					Council)	spare capacity	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Epping Upper	West	1 x small sided 3G	Available	Secured	Sports Club	No spare capacity	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is site that is owned and managed by Epping Upper Clapton RFC,



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)		
Clapton RFC		AGP						with the rugby club renting out the small sided 3G AGP for informal football use and to Epping Youth FC.		
							Е	Any enhancement to the 3G APG will be addressed as part of the Rugby section of this report.		
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
Frampton Road Recreation	West	1 x adult 11v11	Available	Unsecured	Private	0.5 match equivalents	equivalents spare capacity E Ground), then this site could be re-designated as open space of talternative sports and physical activity, If the site is to continue to be used for community football, the gra pitch requires significant investment to improve the quality and than cillary facility requires refurbishment or replacement.			
Ground						spare capacity	E	pitch requires significant investment to improve the quality and the ancillary facility requires refurbishment or replacement.		
							ΡV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
Fyfield Business and Research	East	1 x small- sided sand- based AGP	Available	Unsecured	Private	No spare capacity	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This site has a small sand-based AGP which is of poor quality and has no formal community demand identified. Consultation has indicated that planning permission has been granted to resurface the sand-based AGP as a 3G facility, however timescales for this project have not been identified.		
Park		Dased AGF					Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
Fyfield					Fyfield	3 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a local, parish council owned site that does not have any formal football demand recorded for the site.		
Sports and Social Club	East	2 x adult 11v11	Available	Secured	Parish Council	equivalents spare capacity	Е	The two pitches have been recorded as standard and poor and require a more robust maintenance regime if they are to be used for formal community football.		
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.		



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)		
						Not available	PR	teams up to U13.	
GFA Loughton FC	South	1 x adult 11v11	Not available	Unsecured	Unknown	for community use 1 match equivalents spare capacity	E	The pitch on site is poor and requires significant improvement. The club is currently looking for a home ground to host all of its junior football demand and if this site is to be utilised more heavily then improvements to the maintenance regime will be required.	
							PV	As above, if the site is to be used more frequently for junior football, a new ancillary facility is required, in order to meet the needs of local residents and participants.	
						8 match	PR	worse at peak times. This has led to the club turning children away and refusing new participants. This site has no spare capacity at the peak period.	
Grange Farm	South	1 x adult 11v11 1 x youth 9v9	Available	Secured	Grange Farm Trust	equivalents deficit of	E part of this study. The site itself is maintained to a hi fit for purpose ancillary provision,	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study. The site itself is maintained to a high quality with a fit for purpose ancillary provision,	
						provision	PV	The club currently utilising the site requires access to a significant additional provision of grass pitches or 3G AGP provision. Given the footprint of the site, additional grass pitch provision is unlikely to be feasible. Given the proximity to neighbouring Chigwell School, the club is hopeful of collaborating with the school to develop 3G provision that can be used by Colebrook Royals outside of school hours.	
Guru Gobind		2 x adult			Essex	5 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is available to the community but does not have secured community use. The site has spare capacity for further community use,	
Singh Khalsa College	South	11v11 1 x youth 11v11	Available	Unsecured	County Council	equivalents spare capacity	E	If the site is to be used for further community use, a secure community use agreement is required with the school. The pitches are also at the low end of standard and therefore require improvement, especially through the maintenance regime undertaken by the school.	



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)		
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
Hereward					Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not available for community use, however the site is used for curriculum and after school football.		
Primary School	South	2 x youth 9v9	Not available	Unsecured	(Essex County	4 match equivalents spare capacity	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
					Council)		PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
Hillhouse Primary	West	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Uppopured	Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a single pitch site that is used for curriculum and after school use. The site is not available for community use and is not used for formal affiliated football.		
School	west	1 × 111111 / V/	Not available	Unsecured	(Essex County Council)	4 match equivalents spare capacity	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
lvy Chimneys					Local Authority	4 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a single pitch site that is used for curriculum and after school use. The site is available for community use however it is not used for formal affiliated football.		
Primary School	West	1 x mini 7v7	Available	Unsecured	(Essex County	equivalents spare capacity	Е	formal affiliated football.		
					Council)		PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.		
Jubilee		2 x adult			On one Town	2 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a key site for football in the local authority and is used as a home ground by a number of Ongar-based teams. The site has a small amount of spare total capacity but the site has no spare capacity during the peak period.		
Jubilee Park Pavilion	East	Available Secured Ongar Town 2 x youth 9v9	equivalents spare capacity	E	This site was identified as being of standard quality however evidence of over-use in areas of high traffic were apparent on assessment. A more robust maintenance programme is required if this site is to be used a high quality football site. This site has no spare capacity at the peak period.					
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of		



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
								this study.
King Harold Business		2 x adult PR is an education site that is not available for community the site is used for curriculum and after school football.			the site is used for curriculum and after school football.			
and Enterprise	West	11v11 1 x youth 9v9	Not available	Unsecured	Academy	6 match equivalents spare capacity	E	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Academy							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Lambourn					Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
e Primary School	East	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	(Essex County	4 match	E	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
					Council)	equivalents spare capacity	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
							PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a 2 pitch site owned and managed by the Town Council. The site is used by Waltham Abbey FC and Upshire FC who have identified some issues with waterlogging.
Larsens Recreation Ground	West	1 x adult 11v11 1 x youth 9v9	Available	Secured	Waltham Abbey Town Council	1 match equivalents spare capacity	E	Both pitches on the site have been identified as being of poor quality, with access to a changing pavilion that is not fit for purpose and requires refurbishment or replacement. The maintenance regime on the site needs improvement and further technical analysis is required to identify whether improved drainage infrastructure would improve the quality of pitches in the long term. This site has no spare capacity at the peak period .
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Lodge Lane y Playing Field	West	2 x adult 11v11	Available	Unsecured	Waltham Abbey Town Council	2 match equivalents	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a poor quality two-pitch site that is owned by the town council. The study has not identified any formal football demand for the site however it represents an opportunity to provide additional capacity for football, especially during the period of peak demand.
						spare capacity	E	If the site is to continue to be used for community football, the grass pitch requires significant investment to improve the quality and the ancillary facility requires refurbishment or replacement.



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
							PV	As above, if the site is to be used more frequently for junior football, a new ancillary facility is required, in order to meet the needs of local residents and participants.
Loughton		1 x adult 11/11/1	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a standard quality multi-pitch site that is owned by the Town Council and is used as a home ground by Loughton Football Club junior age groups. This site has no spare capacity at the peak period.					
Football Club	South	1 x youth 11v11 1 x youth 9v9 1 x mini 7v7	Available	Secured	Loughton Town Council	6 match equivalents spare capacity	E	The site has been identified as being of standard quality, however the maintenance regime is not adequate, given the amount of demand and the number of pitches at the site. The site also has a poor quality ancillary that requires refurbishment to ensure the full site is fit for purpose for community football.
							ΡV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Loughton						Not available for community	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not available for community use, however the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
Sports Academy	South	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	Private	use 4 match	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
						equivalents spare capacity	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Loyola	South	2 x youth 9v9	Not available	Unsecured	Private	No spare	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. It is a single pitch site that is used for curriculum and after school use. The site is not available for community use and is not used for formal affiliated football.
Preparator y School	South	1 x mini 5v5	NOT available	Unsecured	Privale	capacity	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Memorial	East	2 x youth 9v9	Available	Secured	Truct	5.5 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a standard quality multi-pitch site that is used by Epping Youth FC, who have identified issues with vandalism at the site.
Playing Fields	Lasi	1 x mini 5v5		Secured	Trust	equivalents spare capacity	E	The site requires an improved maintenance schedule if it is to continue being used on a regular basis for formal community use. The ancillary provision was identified as being of adequate quality.



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Metropolita		5 x adult				1.5 match	PR	tenure at the site represents a significant risk for football in the local authority, as the closure of this site would lead to a significant local shortfall of football provision.
n Police (Chigwell Sports Club)	South	11v11 1 x youth 9v9 3 x mini 7v7	Available	Unsecured	Lord Mayors Office	equivalents deficit of provision	E	The pitches on site have been identified as being of standard quality. The pitches are maintained to an adequate level however a more robust maintenance regime would increase the capacity of the site and remove the deficit for grass pitch provision that currently exists. The site has a disused AGP which is unsafe and requires investment to bring back to a usable state.
							PV	If the site could be secured for long-term community use, a replacement 3G AGP would increase the capacity for grass-roots football and provide teams with a high quality training and match play facility.
Morton					Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not available for community use, however the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
Primary School	East	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	(Essex County	2 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Contoon					Council)	spare capacity"	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Ninefields Playing Fields	West	1 x youth 9v9 1 x mini 7v7 1 x mini 5v5	Available	Unsecured	Epping Forest District Council and Essex	8.5 match equivalents spare capacity	PR	by Abbey Youth FC, therefore grass pitch provision should be replaced or improved upon, should the pitches be lost. This site has no spare capacity at the peak period.
					County Council	-	E PV	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study. No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)	
Oak View		1 x youth			Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	the site is used for curriculum and after school football.	
School	South	11v11	Not available	Unsecured	(Essex County	2 match equivalents			
					Council)	spare capacity"	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.	
Oaklands		1 x small-					PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This	
School	South	sided sand- based AGP	Not available	Unsecured	Private	No spare capacity	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.	
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.	
Old Chigwellia ns Club	South	2 x adult 11v11	Available	Unsecured	Old Chigwellian s	3 match equivalents	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a high quality site that is owned by the same trust organisation that own the neighbouring facilities at Chigwell School. The club has access to two grass pitches, along with a high quality ancillary facility. The club has no security of tenure, apart from an informal agreement with the school.	
					Association	spare capacity	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.	
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.	
Ongar	East	1 x adult	Available	Lincourred	Acadomy	0.5 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that available for community use and used for a small amount of formal affiliated demand, as well as for curriculum and after school football.	
Academy	East	11v11	Available	Unsecured	Academy	equivalents spare capacity	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.	
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.	
Queens Head Meadow	East	1 x youth 11v11	Available	Unsecured	Sports Club	0.5 match equivalents spare capacity	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. On inspection, this site was identified as an informal space with junior goals, however demand has been identified from a local Sheering side.	



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
							Е	If this site is to be used on a regular basis for community football, permanent line markings and goal posts are required to provide a fit for purpose football facility for residents
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Rayley		5 x small				No spare	PR	operator and hired by residents in the local area.
Lane	East	sided 3G AGP	Available	Unsecured	Private	capacity	E	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Roding Valley	South	2 x adult 11v11 1 x youth 9v9	Available	Secured	Local Authority (Essex	5 match equivalents	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a standard quality education site that has grass and AGP provision. At the time of issue the 3G AGP had recently passed the Football Foundation testing procedure, in order for it to be added to the Pitch Register. As a result, it is expected that a greater amount of match demand is catered for by the AGP.
High School	South	1 x full size 3G AGP	Available	Secured	County Council)	spare capacity	E	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
		36 AGP			Council)		PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Roding		5 x adult				42 motob	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a large multi-pitch site that is used by Belmont Juniors, as well as a selection of other local teams and clubs. The facility has been identified as being of standard quality however the site is on a flood plain and therefore pitches flood regularly.
Valley Playing Fields North	South	11v11 2 x youth 9v9 1 x mini 7v7 1 x mini 5v5	Available	Secured	Loughton Town Council	13 match equivalents spare capacity	E	If the pitches are to continue being used for formal affiliated football, the ancillary facility requires refurbishment or replacement to ensure it is fit for purpose for community football. There is an opportunity to undertake this refurbishment in partnership with the local cricket club, which is also in need of improved ancillary provision.
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Jus	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
Roydon						3.5 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a standard quality site that is used by Roydon FC. Given the location of the site, nearby to the boundary with Harlow, it is expected that if the quality of the site was to improve, demand would be imported from the neighbouring local authority.
Playing Fields	West	2 x adult 11v11	Available	Unsecured	Trust	equivalents spare capacity	E	The maintenance regime at the site requirements improvement, in order to create a high quality football site. The long-term security use of the site has also been identified as unsecured, therefore further collaboration is required with the site owner to improve the long term security of use for football.
							PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Roydon					Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not available for community use, however the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
Primary School	West		Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.				
					Council)	spare capacity"	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
St John Fisher					Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not available for community use, however the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
Catholic Primary	South	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	(Essex County	4 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
School					Council)	spare capacity"	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Stapleford Abbots					Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
Primary School	East	1 x mini 7v7	Not available			4 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
301001					Council)	spare capacity"	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Stonards Hill Recreation	West	3 x adult 11v11 2 x mini 7v7	Available	Unsecured	Epping Town Council	17.5 match equivalents spare capacity	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a public park that is owned by Epping Town Council. On inspection, the site had no line markings or permanent posts



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
Ground								however demand has been identified from Epping Youth, Epping and North Weald FC.
							Е	Based on the capacity analysis, not all of the available pitches on the site require marking out, however investment should be prioritised for 2 adult pitches, to ensure that a proportion of the site has adequate maintenance and drainage infrastructure to meet the needs of clubs.
							ΡV	The site does not currently have an ancillary facility that is fit for purpose. If the site is to be used for community football in the long term, a new ancillary provision is required.
The Leverton					Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
Junior School	West	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	(Essex County	4 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
School					Council)	spare capacity"	ΡV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
The White Bridge					Local Authority	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not available for community use, however the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
Primary School	South	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	(Essex County	2 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
School					Council)	spare capacity"	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Theydon Bois					Essex	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not available for community use, however the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
County Primary	East	2 x youth 9v9	Not available	Unsecured	County Council	2 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
School						spare capacity"	ΡV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Thomas Willingale	South	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	Local Authority (Essex	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not available for community use, however the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
School	South		NUL AVAIIADIE	Unsecured	County	2 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
					Council)	spare	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
						capacity"		this study.
					North Weald	1 match	PR	This is a poor quality one pitch site that has been identified as having no demand for formal community use. There is therefore an opportunity to re-designate the site as open space or for alternative physical activity.
Thornwoo d Common	West	1 x youth 11v11	Available	Unsecured	Parish Council	equivalents spare capacity	E	If the site is to be used for further community use, a secure community use agreement is required with the school. The pitch is also of poor quality and therefore requires improvement, especially through the maintenance regime undertaken by the Parish Council
							ΡV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.
Townmead Leisure Park	West	2 x adult 11v11 1 x full size 3G AGP	Available	Secured	Waltham Abbey Town Council	4 match equivalents deficit of provision	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a key site for football in the local authority, with the provision of 2 adult grass pitches and a full size 3G AGP that can be used for competitive matchplay. In conjunction with plans to relocate pitches from the existing Ninefields site to Townmead Leisure Park, there are plans to increase the capacity of the existing Townmead Leisure Park through the provision of additional grass pitches. This will be examined in further detail in the scenario section of this study. The site is currently under capacity for grass pitches and there is a deficit of supply at the peak period. The existing grass pitches were identified as being of standard quality with further analysis required to confirm how investment should be used to improve the overall quality of the site. The existing
							E PV	pitches on the site requirement improvement, in order to increase the capacity of the site and address the current deficit of grass pitch provision. In line with the statement above re. the addition of new pitches, if demand is to increase at the site, new pitches will be required to meet the need, especially during the periods of peak demand.
Upshire Primary	West	1 x mini 7v7	Not available	Unsecured	Local Authority (Essex	Not available for community use	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not available for community use, however the site is used for curriculum and after school football.
Foundatio n School	**631			Unsecured	County Council)	2 match equivalents	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.
					Council)	spare	PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of



Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Supply	Community use on site	Security of Use	Owners	Capacity	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)		
						capacity"		this study.	
Waltham Holy Cross					Local Authority	2 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is available for community use, however the site is only used for curriculum and after school football.	
County Junior	West	1 x youth 9v9	Available	Unsecured	(Essex County	equivalents spare capacity	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as being required as part of this study.	
School					Council)		PV	No further provision has been identified as being required as part of this study.	
Willingale						1.5 match	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This two pitch site is used by GFA Loughton Youth FC, however the site has recently suffered from damage, caused by moto-cross events on the site. The site currently has a deficit of provision throughout the week and during periods of peak demand.	
Road Playing Fields	South	2 x mini 7v7	Available	Secured	Loughton Town Council	equivalents deficit of provision	Е	If the site is to continue to be used for community football, the grass pitch requires significant investment to improve the quality and the ancillary facility requires refurbishment or replacement.	
							PV	As above, further capacity for football is required at the site. If it is not possible to improve the quality of existing provision then steps should be taken to add new pitches and further capacity to the site, which would address shortages of supply during the peak period.	



3.11 Football Summary

- 3.11.1 This section summarises the findings from the football analysis, which will form the basis of the recommendation and action plan section for Epping Forest District.
- 3.11.2 Table 3.12 includes the response to 5 key questions, which are asked for all PPS studies across the UK, in order to provide a standardised illustration of supply and demand for sports provision.

Table 3.12 – Key PPS	findings for football in Epping Forest District
Key Question	Analysis
What are the main characteristics of the current supply and demand for provision?	The quality of football provision across the local authority is standard and appears to have stayed at a consistent level over the past years. The level of demand has also stayed at a relatively consistent level, with major clubs continuing to grow, offset by the contraction of demand for smaller affiliated adult's teams. Both the supply and demand for football facilities is dominated by the South sub-area, which is home to the majority of the large clubs, as well as a number of the strategic football sites.
Is there enough accessible and secured community use provision to meet current demand	The data currently illustrates that there is currently a small over- supply for grass pitches across the Local Authority. When considering only sites that are secured for community use, this spare capacity is minimal, with deficits across some pitch typologies. There is a deficit of youth 11v11 pitch provision across the local authority, with many 12-15 year old participants using pitches larger than recommended (adult pitch size). There is a significant deficit of 3G AGP provision in the area, with a requirement to increase provision, especially in the South sub-area.
Is the provision that is accessible of sufficient quality and appropriately maintained?	While several clubs have identified issues with drainage and maintenance, the overall quality of facilities and the robustness of maintenance regimes is standard. There are a small number of poor quality sites, however these are typically rural one or two pitch sites that are owned and maintained by the parish or council and have limited or no formal football demand.
What are the main characteristics of the future supply and demand for provision	With a significant projected growth in population during the lifetime of the study, the requirement for youth and mini pitches is likely to increase. This has been combined with the projected latent demand for football to provide an estimated growth of 162 teams across all ages. The largest growth is project to be realised in the Youth 11v11 and mini-soccer age groups.
Is there enough accessible and secured community use provision to meet future demand	If population grows as expected and Team Generation Rates are used to predict team numbers, the existing level of provision is forecast to meet the future need when all sites are considered. This does not however take into consideration the potential loss of sites and the requirement to build in a strategic reserve for pitch provision. When only sites that are secured for long-term community use are considered, there is a significant deficit of provision projected across the local authority, especially in the West sub-area.

Table 3.12 – Key PPS findings for football in Epping Forest District



4 CRICKET ANALYSIS

4.1 Introduction and Strategic Context

4.1.1 In order to understand the overall objectives and priorities of the England and Wales Cricket Board (ECB), an analysis of key recent strategies and documentation has been undertaken and summarised below.

CRICKET UNLEASHED (2016)

- 4.1.2 The ECB published its new strategic plan in 2015. One of the core aims of the strategy is to create more players, great teams and inspired fans, guided by good governance and strong financial operations. The goal of Cricket unleashed is to make the game more accessible and inspire the next generation of players, coaches, officials and volunteers.
- 4.1.3 The ECB are looking to work with local authorities to develop fit-for-purpose facility and participation plans that will engage with local residents and ensure residents are provided with the right facilities to help them play the game.
- 4.1.4 It is key that this Playing Pitch Strategy recognises the opportunity made available by Cricket Unleashed and provides a framework that allows stakeholders to work together and deliver against the key objectives of 'more play', 'great teams' and 'inspired fans'. It's also vital that any facility development for cricket takes the objectives of the strategy into consideration, namely the growth of entry level cricket, women and girls' cricket, T20 and engagement of previously hard-to-reach demographics groups.

ALL STARS CRICKET (2017)

- 4.1.5 Launched in 2017, All Stars Cricket is an ECB initiative that provides children aged five to eight with an introduction to cricket, focussing on parental engagement in supporting the newly trained All Stars Cricket Activators, as well as having a special focus on establishing women's softball and cricket events.
- 4.1.6 The programme will be delivered nationwide at over 1,800 centres, predominantly at club sites, with the ECB expecting the programme to have a positive impact on junior demand in the short to medium term, providing a transition for children into formal junior cricket.
- 4.1.7 It is key that this Playing Pitch Strategy recognises the opportunity made available by Cricket Unleashed and All Stars Cricket and provides a framework that allows stakeholders to work together and deliver against the key objectives of 'more play', 'great teams' and 'inspired fans'.

GROUNDS TO PLAY – ENGLAND AND WALES CRICKET BOARD STRATEGIC PLAN (2010 – 2013)

4.1.8 The ECB published its Strategic Plan in 2010. One of the core aims of the strategy is to enhance facilities, environments and participation. The ECB is prioritising the expansion of indoor cricket facilities, better use of school facilities and establishing better school-club links in order to position cricket at the heart of the community. This strategy was followed by the National Club Strategy (2012).

NATIONAL CLUB STRATEGY (2012)

4.1.9 The ECB's National Club Strategy was developed from its Strategic Plan. It focuses on promoting the sustainability of clubs and their facilities. The ECB aims to develop accessible, high quality and innovative facilities which inspire the nation to choose cricket, and create a culture of sustainable development which will leave a legacy for generations to come.



4.2 **Consultation Overview**

- 4.2.1 In addition to the structure and guidance provided by the ECB, local cricket in Epping Forest District is governed by the Essex County Cricket Board (CCB). Both organisations have been consulted as part of the PPS process, with key priorities and facility development needs for the local authority highlighted below.
- 4.2.2 Cricket is a popular sport across the local authority, with a large number of formal affiliated teams playing as part of structured clubs. Team and clubs typically play as part of league structures, which include clubs from a number of different local authorities. Clubs range from one-team clubs, which are typically non-competitive and focussed on enjoyment and participation, through to multi team clubs with in-built governance structures and long-term investment plans.
- 4.2.3 Consultation with Essex CCB and the ECB has indicated the following areas are development priorities for the two organisations, who work together to improve facilities and participation across the local authority;
 - Workforce and coaching; ensuring clubs have suitable internal structures in place to run the club and provide adequate coaching to junior and senior players
 - Quality of 3rd and 4th team grounds; working with clubs to ensure that the 2nd grounds, used by 3rd, 4th and 5th teams, are of adequate quality, well located and secured for long-term community use
 - Development opportunities; ensuring that clubs have the facilities and infrastructure in place to maximise growth opportunities, presented through the delivery of All Stars Cricket and Cricket Unleashed.

CLUB CONSULTATION

- 4.2.4 As part of the PPS process, a club consultation evening was held (May 2018), where all clubs in the local authority were invited to share their facility issues and development priorities. Key findings from this consultation are included below, with further detail provided as part of the specific club consultation sections.
- 4.2.5 The following clubs were represented at the consultation evening; Roding Valley CC, Fives and Heronians CC, Theydon Bois CC, High Beach CC, Abridge CC, Fyfield CC, Loughton CC, South Loughton CC, Epping CC. In addition, representatives were present from the Consultancy team, the ECB, Essex CCB and Active Essex County Sports Partnership.
- 4.2.6 General issues across the local authorities were identified as;
 - A lack of accessibility to high quality indoor cricket venues, for use as indoor cricket match venues or for indoor coaching and winter training
 - A lack of qualified coaches and the cost/hassle of coaching bureaucracy
 - Different quality and availability of volunteer and contracted grounds staff
 - Security of tenure at school sites, dependant on personality and personal interests of head teachers
- 4.2.7 Club and site-specific facility issues and priorities will be identified in the following sections.

4.3 **Supply**

4.3.1 Table 4.1 below presents a summary of the total number of cricket wickets in each of the three sub-areas, as well as the District as a whole. Technical Appendix B – Cricket Analysis presents a detailed audit of all pitches across the local authority including carrying capacity, supply and demand and quality. Figure 4.1 overleaf also shows the supply of cricket wickets across the local authority, colour coded by type.

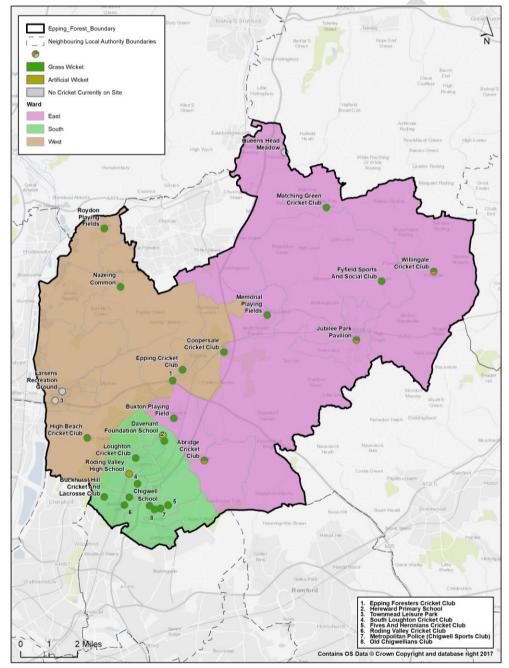


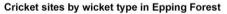
Local Authority sub-area	Grass wickets	Artificial wickets
Sub-area East	61	3
Sub-area South	109	3
Sub-area West	62	0
All	232	6

 Table 4.1 – Supply of cricket pitches in Epping Forest District

4.3.2 Figure 4.1 illustrates that there is a relatively even spread of cricket sites across the local authority, with a concentration of supply in sub-area south. The high quantity of supply in such a small area is influenced by a number of independent cricket playing education facilities located in the area, as well as major clubs located in the major towns of Epping, Loughton and Chigwell.

Figure 4.1 – Cricket supply in Epping Forest District









TENURE AND MANAGEMENT

- 4.3.3 Table 4.2 illustrates that while the ownership of cricket sites is varied across the Local Authority, the highest proportion of sites is owned privately or by Parish and Town Councils. While the latter is expected for a rural local authority such as Epping Forest District, the high proportion of private land holding is unusual and likely to have an impact on the long-term security of cricket across the District. This will be analysed further as part of the site by site assessment and commentary.
- 4.3.4 In addition, Table 4.2 illustrates that the management of cricket facilities is dominated by sports clubs, which is made up both volunteer workforces and paid maintenance contractors. This identifies a high level of autonomy and low reliance on the Council for cricket facility maintenance and management.

Type of ownership	Ownership	Management
Academy Trust	1	0
Community Organisation	2	1
Corporation of London	3	0
Education	0	4
Epping Forest DC	2	1
LEA	2	0
Lord Mayors Office	1	0
Other	1	0
Parish/Town Council	6	6
Private	6	2
Sports Club	4	14

Table 4.2 – Cricket site ownership and management in Epping Forest District

- 4.3.5 Table 4.3 overleaf provides a breakdown of the cricket sites in Epping Forest District, the majority of which have secured community use.
- 4.3.6 Further detail is provided in the Technical Appendix B Cricket Analysis.



Table 4.3 – Cricket site breakdown for Epping Forest District

Site Name	Sub area	No of Cricket Squares	No. of wickets	No. of Non-Turf wickets	Availability for community use	Security of community use
Abridge Cricket Club	East	1	6	1	Available	Secured
Buckhurst Hill Cricket and Lacrosse Club	South	1	12	0	Available	Secured
Buckhurst Hill Cricket Club	South	1	8	0	Available	Secured
Buxton Playing Field	East	1	8	0	Available	Secured
Chigwell School	South	4	32	0	Not Available	Unsecured
Coopersale Cricket Club	West	1	9	0	Available	Secured
Davenant Foundation School	South	1	0	1	Not Available	Unsecured
Epping Cricket Club	West	1	11	0	Available	Secured
Epping Foresters Cricket Club	West	1	12	0	Available	Unsecured
Fives and Heronians Cricket Club	South	1	10	0	Available	Unsecured
Fyfield Sports and Social Club	East	1	10	0	Available	Secured
Hereward Primary School	South	1	1	0	Not Available	Secured
High Beach Cricket Club	West		6	0	Available	Unsecured
Jubilee Park Pavilion	East	1	10	1	Available	Secured
Larsens Recreation Ground	West	1	0	0	Available	Secured
Loughton Cricket Club	South	1	12	0	Available	Secured
Matching Green Cricket Club	East	1	11	0	Available	Secured
Memorial Playing Fields	East	1	9	0	Available	Secured
Metropolitan Police (Chigwell Sports Club)	South	1	8	0	Available	Secured
Nazeing Common	West	1	14	0	Available	Unsecured
Old Chigwellians Club	South	1	8	0	Available	Secured
Queens Head Meadow	East	1	0	0	Available	Secured



Site Name	Sub area	No of Cricket	No. of wickets	No. of Non-Turf	Availability for	Security of
Roding Valley Cricket Club	South	4	10	0	Available	Secured
Roding Valley High School	South	1	0	2	Not Available	Unsecured
Roydon Playing Fields	West	1	10	0	Available	Secured
South Loughton Cricket Club	South	1	8	0	Available	Secured
Townmead Leisure Park	West	1	0	0	Available	Secured
Willingale Cricket Club	East	2	7	1	Available	Secured

QUALITY ASSESMENT

- 4.3.7 Each site (where access was possible) was visited and assessed by the 4 global research team (in June 2017) using a non-technical assessment framework provided by the ECB. The assessment considers the quality of playing surface, the quality of changing rooms and the score of the maintenance regime when compared to ECB recommendations. In addition to the site visits, the club consultation was used to validate the quality ratings. Each site is rated as GOOD (≥80%), STANDARD (between 50% and 80%) or POOR(<50%).</p>
- 4.3.8 Table 4.4 summarises the quality assessment results. Full details of the subsequent carrying capacity allocations of each site by pitch type can be found in Technical Appendix B Cricket Analysis. Given the ratings, the overall standard of pitches across Epping Forest is good, with 90% of open and working pitches scoring standard or better.

Sub-area	Outfield	Artificial Wickets	Grass Wickets	Changing /Pavilion	Non-Turf Practice	Overall Score
East	90%	67%	93%	85%	71%	85%
South	92%	43%	97%	79%	83%	85%
West	74%	29%	78%	54%	67%	66%
Average Score	87%	51%	91%	74%	75%	80%

Table 4.4 – Summary of cricket pitch scoring in Epping Forest District by sub-area



- 4.3.9 Table 4.4 illustrates that the East and South sub-areas scored well for cricket provision quality, with the grass wickets and outfield in particular scoring over 90%.
- 4.3.10 In contrast, cricket provision in the West sub-area scored lower for site quality, with changing pavilions and artificial wickets identified as a particular issue.

4.4 Demand

CLUB AND TEAM PROFILE

- 4.4.1 To understand how cricket is played across the local authority and the trends for demand across the game, this section assesses consultation responses from all clubs in the local authority that responded to requests to take part in the study.
- 4.4.2 Through the demand consultations with clubs, 18 clubs have been identified as playing in Epping Forest District. Survey responses were received by 17 clubs however Table 4.5 overleaf provides team data for all clubs, with those who did not respond identified by a *. Where clubs did not respond to the survey, data was gathered through desktop research.

	Culture (horse	No. of	competitive f	eams	
Club	Sub-area (home ground location)	Snr male	Snr female	Juniors	Total
Abridge CC	East	2	0	0	2
Buckhurst Hill CC*	South	6	0	5	11
Coopersale CC*	West	1	0	0	1
Epping CC	West	3	0	0	3
Epping Foresters CC	West	4	0	4	8
Fives & Heronians CC	South	4	0	6	10
Fyfield CC	East	1	0	3	4
High Beach CC	West	1	0	0	1
Loughton CC	South	6	0	13	19
Matching Green CC	East	4	4 0		5
Nazeing Common CC	West	5	5 0		6
North Weald CC	East	2	0	1	3
Ongar CC	East	1	0	0	1
Roding Valley CC	South	5	0	0	5
Roydon CC	West	1	0	0	1
South Loughton CC	South	4	0	3	7
Theydon Bois CC	East	2	0	3	5
Willingale CC	East	2	0	0	2
Total		54	0	40	94

Table 4.5 – Cricket club profiles for Epping Forest District clubs. Source: PPS club consultations

4.4.3 To illustrate how the demand for cricket is spread geographically, Table 4.6 indicates how the clubs are split by sub-area.

Table 4.6 – Cricket demand by sub-area

Sub-area (home	No.	No. of competitive teams								
ground location)	Senior male	nale Senior female Juniors								
East	14	0	8	22						
South	25	0	27	52						



West 15 0 5	20
-------------	----

- 4.4.4 Table 4.6 shows that the majority of cricket is played in the South sub-area, with the remaining demand spread across the East and West sub-areas.
- 4.4.5 To further understand the demand for cricket in the in local authority, detailed consultations have been undertaken with 17 of the 18 cricket clubs in Epping Forest District. The detailed account of these consultations is provided in Technical Appendix B – Cricket Analysis, with key strategic priorities referenced in the site-by-site assessment later in this section.

4.5 Future Demand

DEMAND DRIVEN BY POPULATION GROWTH

- 4.5.1 In order to understand the future demand for cricket in the study area, a Team Generation Rate⁴ has been calculated using the current number of teams and the current population. This measure allows us to calculate what size of population (for various age groups) will typically cause enough demand for a cricket team.
- 4.5.2 This TGR can now be applied to the population projections for the study area to confirm how population growth or reduction will affect the demand for teams in each of the key age groups.
- 4.5.3 Table 4.7 overleaf illustrates that the greatest projected growth in cricket demand is projected to be junior boys, followed by men's (open age) cricket. As no formal demand was recorded for female cricket across the local authority, the TGR calculation is unable to project the likely growth in demand for these age groups.

⁴ The Team Generation Rate calculation uses the current number of teams and the current population to calculate a proxy measure of the number of total residents per relevant sports team. This measure is therefore applied to the projected population (depending on the length of the strategy) to predict how many additional teams will be required in order to satisfy the demand from the 'new' population.



Age Group	No. of teams in age group	Current population in age group	Future population in age group	Current TGR	Population Change in Age Group	Potential Change in Team Numbers
Cricket Open Age Mens (18-55yrs)	54	31267	33875	579	2608	5
Cricket Open Age Womens (18-55yrs)	0	33270	35517	n/a	2247	n/a
Cricket Junior Boys (7-18yrs)	39	8918	11220	229	2302	10
Cricket Junior Girls (7-18yrs)	1	8603	10729	8603	2126	0

 Table 4.7: Impact of population projections on the need for cricket provision (Team Generation Rates)

4.5.4 Using the current levels of demand for each of the sub-areas, the additional number of teams that be required to cater for the population growth have been calculated;

- East sub-area: 3 teams, including 1 senior male teams and 2 junior teams
- South sub-area: 8 teams, including 2 senior male teams and 6 junior teams
- West sub-area: 3 teams, including 1 senior male team and 2 junior teams

DEMAND DRIVEN BY LATENT DEMAND

- 4.5.5 While a large amount of future demand will be driven by population growth, it is also likely that clubs and operators are successful in converting latent demand into actual demand, therefore increasing the number of people playing cricket. The table below identifies all clubs, grouped by sub-area, that identified latent demand (not currently active), which they are aiming to convert into affiliated cricket demand within the next 3 5 years. This provides an estimation of the number of new teams that will be required in Epping Forest District, in addition to the teams generated by population growth.
- 4.5.6 Table 4.8 illustrates the significant projected growth that clubs are expecting over the next 3 5 years, which represents an equivalent level of growth that is projected to be influenced by population growth. It is important to note that this projected growth should be treated with an element of caution, as the source of information is club consultations. In some instances, clubs may not have considered the governance and infrastructure requirements, associated with ongoing club growth. As a result, there may be instances where actual growth does not meet the projections identified during consultation.

Sub-area	Senio	or Cricket	Junior Cricket		
Sub-alea	Men	Women	Boys	Girls	
East	2	0	4	0	
South West Total	2	1	5	0	
West	2	0	3	0	
Total	6	1	12	0	

Table 4.8: Latent demand for cricket by sub-area



CURRENT AND FUTURE DEMAND FOR INDOOR CRICKET

- 4.5.7 Consultations undertaken as part of the PPS project have identified that a key priority for clubs and Essex County Cricket Board is the continuation of indoor cricket in the local authority and the wider Essex County.
- 4.5.8 While indoor facilities do not sit within the scope of this PPS, it is important that development priorities are referenced, as they have an impact on the wider game of cricket, including the level of participation from adults and juniors.
- 4.5.9 Club feedback has indicated that there are no facilities within Epping Forest District that are capable of supporting competitive indoor cricket (matchplay), with the nearest facility being the Peter May Sports Centre in Walthamstow. This is not only a long way for clubs to travel to training and matchplay, but it is also difficult for clubs to secure a block booking given the popularity of the facility.

4.6 **Supply and Demand Balance**

- 4.6.1 This section presents the supply and demand balance findings for cricket provision (both for current and future scenarios) for the study, split by sub-area.
- 4.6.2 The pitch balance figures i.e. the relationship between supply and demand, have been calculated using the capacity and pitch quality ratings, with further detail provided in Technical Appendix B Football Analysis.
- 4.6.3 Table 4.9 to 4.12 below show the total capacity analysis for cricket in each of the three sub-areas. For each table, scenarios have been tested, to show the impact of pitch ownership and security across the sub-area.
- 4.6.4 Overall, there is currently a small oversupply of cricket provision, when all available sites are taken into consideration. When the future scenario is tested, however, a significant deficit of grass cricket provision is projected across the local authority. Supply and demand analysis for the local authority as a whole, as well as each of the sub-areas in turn, is provided in the following sections.

TOTAL LOCAL AUTHORITY SUPPLY AND DEMAND

- 4.6.5 Table 4.9 provides the supply and demand analysis for all cricket provision in Epping Forest District. The analysis includes 6 scenarios, which are repeated for each of the sub-areas in the following sections. These scenarios include different levels of supply and demand, to test the impact of potential changes over the lifetime of the strategy. For example, scenario 2,3,5 and 6 only take into consideration sites that are secured for community use in 2017 and 2033 respectively.
- 4.6.6 For each of the supply and demand assessments, the key findings from the analysis are included as bullet points below the tables.



Table 4.9: Overall cricket supply and demand for Epping Forest District

Scenario Name	Notes	Capacity – grass pitches	Capacity – non-turf pitches	Community u (matches + t match equ	training in	Balance	Commentary (all figures quoted per season)	
		piteries	pitolics	Adult	Junior	Total		
Current Analysis (2017)								
1. All available sites; grass wickets only	This includes all cricket sites that are confirmed as being available for community use using 5 matches per grass wicket per season	995	180	533	265	197	197 match equivalents of spare capacity	
2. All secured sites; grass wickets only	This includes all cricket sites that are confirmed as being available and secured for community use using 5 matches per grass wicket per season	790	180	533	265	-8	8 match equivalent deficit	
3. All secured site; grass and non-turf pitches	As above, but including non-turf pitches, with an assumed capacity of 60 matches per season	790	180	533	265	172	172 match equivalents spare capacity	
Future Analysis (2033)								
4. All available sites; grass wickets- FUTURE analysis	As per scenario 1, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	995	180	704	361	-70	70 match equivalent deficit	
5. All secured sites; grass wickets - FUTURE analysis	As above, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	790	180	704	361	-275	145 match equivalent deficit	
6. All secured sites; grass and non-turf wickets - FUTURE analysis	As above, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	790	180	704	265	1	1 match equivalents spare capacity	

• For all sites that are available for community use, there is current spare capacity for grass cricket provision in Epping Forest District

• When taking into consideration only sites that are secured for community use, this converts to a deficit, indicating that clubs are reliant on sites that are not currently secured, such as Fives and Heronians, Nazeing and High Beach Cricket Clubs

- The future analysis for cricket supply and demand, including the future projected demand from latent and population driven demand, calculates that a deficit is projected for both available and secured pitch provision
- When considering both grass and artificial pitch provision as part of the supply, supply and demand are balanced for the future capacity analysis.



EAST SUB-AREA SUPPLY AND DEMAND ANALYSIS

 Table 4.10: Cricket supply and demand for East sub-area

Scenario Name	Notes	Capacity Capacity – – grass non-turf pitches pitches		Community us (matches + tr match equir	raining in valents)	Balance	Commentary (all figures quoted per season)
Current Analysis (2017)		-	•	Adult	Junior	Total	
1. All available sites; grass wickets only	This includes all cricket sites that are confirmed as being available for community use using 5 matches per grass wicket per season	305	180	151	41	113	113 match equivalents of spare capacity
2. All secured sites; grass wickets only	This includes all cricket sites that are confirmed as being available and secured for community use using 5 matches per grass wicket per season	305	180	151	41	113	113 match equivalents of spare capacity
3. All secured site; grass and non-turf pitches	As above, but including non-turf pitches, with an assumed capacity of 60 matches per season	305	180	151	41	293	293 match equivalents of spare capacity
Future Analysis (2033)							· · · · ·
4. All available sites; grass wickets- FUTURE analysis	As per scenario 1, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	305	180	200	79	27	27 match equivalents of spare capacity
5. All secured sites; grass wickets - FUTURE analysis	As above, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	305	180	200	79	27	27 match equivalents of spare capacity
6. All secured sites; grass and non-turf wickets - FUTURE analysis	As above, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	305	180	200	79	207	207 match equivalents of spare capacity

• For all sites that are available for community use, there is current spare capacity for grass cricket provision in the East sub-area

• When taking into consideration only sites that are secured for community use, this remains as the same level of spare capacity, as all sites that are available for community use in the sub-area are also secured for community use

• The future analysis for cricket supply and demand, including the future projected demand from latent and population driven demand, calculates that there is still projected to be spare capacity, however this is likely to diminish.



SOUTH SUB-AREA SUPPLY AND DEMAND ANALYSIS

 Table 4.11: Cricket supply and demand for South sub-area

Scenario Name	Notes	Capacity – grass	Capacity – non-turf	(matches	vuse demand + training in quivalents)	Balance	Commentary (all figures quoted	
		pitches	pitches	Adult	Junior	Total	per season)	
Current Analysis (2017)								
1. All available sites; grass wickets only	This includes all cricket sites that are confirmed as being available for community use using 5 matches per grass wicket per season	380	0	245	179	-44	44 match equivalent deficit	
2. All secured sites; grass wickets only	This includes all cricket sites that are confirmed as being available and secured for community use using 5 matches per grass wicket per season	335	0	245	179	-89	89 match equivalent deficit	
3. All secured site; grass and non-turf pitches	As above, but including non-turf pitches, with an assumed capacity of 60 matches per season	335	0	245	179	-89	89 match equivalent deficit f	
Future Analysis (2033)								
4. All available sites; grass wickets- FUTURE analysis	As per scenario 1, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	380	0	321	249	-191	191 match equivalent deficit	
5. All secured sites; grass wickets - FUTURE analysis	As above, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	335	0	321	249	-236	236 match equivalent deficit	
6. All secured sites; grass and non-turf wickets - FUTURE analysis	As above, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	335	0	321	249	-236	236 match equivalent deficit	

• For all sites that are available for community use, there is a deficit of grass cricket provision in the South sub-area

- This worsens when only sites that are secured for community use are taken into consideration, with key sites such as Fives and Heronians CC not secured for long-term community use.
- The future analysis for cricket supply and demand, including the future projected demand from latent and population driven demand, calculates that there is likely to be a significant deficit for cricket provision. This is caused by the large amount of cricket currently being played in the sub-area and the impact that this has on the future projections. It also reflects the group of large, well-run clubs that are continuing to grow and likely to have additional junior demand in the coming seasons.



WEST SUB-AREA SUPPLY AND DEMAND ANALYSIS

 Table 4.12: Cricket supply and demand for West sub-area

Scenario Name	Notes	Capacity – grass	Capacity – non-turf	Community u (matches + t match equ	training in	Balance	Commentary (all figures quoted	
		pitches	pitches	Adult	Junior	Total	per season)	
Current Analysis (2017)								
1. All available sites; grass wickets only	This includes all cricket sites that are confirmed as being available for community use using 5 matches per grass wicket per season	310	310 0 137 45				128 match equivalents of spare capacity	
2. All secured sites; grass wickets only	This includes all cricket sites that are confirmed as being available and secured for community use using 5 matches per grass wicket per season	150	0	137	45	-32	32 match equivalent deficit	
3. All secured site; grass and non-turf pitches	As above, but including non-turf pitches, with an assumed capacity of 60 matches per season	150	0	137	45	-32	32 match equivalent deficit	
Future Analysis (2033)								
4. All available sites; grass wickets- FUTURE analysis	As per scenario 1, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	150	0	183	75	-108	108 match equivalent deficit	
5. All secured sites; grass wickets - FUTURE analysis	As above, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	150	0	183	75	-108	108 match equivalent deficit	
6. All secured sites; grass and non-turf wickets - FUTURE analysis	As above, but including the projected growth in demand, as per Table 4.7 and 4.8	150	0	183	75	-108	108 match equivalent deficit	

• For all sites that are available for community use, there is spare capacity for grass cricket provision in the West sub-area

• This changes significantly when considering only those sites that are secured for capacity balance showing a large deficit. This illustrates the reliance that clubs place on un-secured sites across the sub-area.

• The future analysis projects that this deficit will worsen, which is contributed to by the lack of non-turf pitch capacity across the sub-area.



4.7 Site by Site summary – Sites for Protection, Enhancement and Provision

4.7.1 To ensure that the Playing Pitch Strategy meets the requirements of the Epping Forest District Council Local Plan review and can be seen as a robust evidence base, the site-by-site assessment below includes all cricket site that have been included within the study. The site-by-site assessment provides a justification of how each of these sites should be protected, enhanced or further provided for, in line with the National Planning Policy Framework. Additionally, this table serves to summarise the key parts of the PPS assessment that have been identified so far within this sport specific section.

Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Jus	tification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)										
							PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a high quality site with a good clubhouse, used by both Abridge Cricket Club and Loughton Cricket Club.										
Abridge Cricket Club	East	1	Available	Secured	Sports Club	Sports Club	The site is currently at capacity for grass wickets No spare capacity	ш	Trees that encroach on the ground have been raised as an issue, along with damage to the clubhouse through vandalism and local crime. Further engagement is required with EFDC to agree a long- term strategy for dealing with the trees, either through removal or more frequent maintenance.									
						per season	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study. The club does not have any junior teams and therefore the benefit of a new non-turf pitch wicket on the square would be minimal. No capacity issues have been raised as part of the consultation.										
Buckhurst						This site is	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a high quality site used by the 1st and 2nd XI of Buckhurst Hill CC, as well as for junior and another club cricket.										
Hill Cricket and Lacrosse Club (Roding	South	1	Available	Secured	Epping Forest DC /Sports Club	Forest DC	Forest DC	Forest DC	Forest DC	d Forest DC	ecured Forest DC	This site is currently over capacity for grass wickets 5 matches deficit per season	E	This site has recently had new sight screens and has high quality net, ancillary and changing facilities. The site can suffer from flooding and has been damaged twice in the last two years. Further consultation is required with the ECB and EFDC as to how this risk can be mitigated in the future.				
Lane)						אפן אפאטון	PV	The site currently has a deficit of supply, with a potential solution being the installation of a non-turf pitch on the existing square, to be used for training and junior matches.										

 Table 4.13: Site by site summary for cricket provision in Epping Forest District



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Jus	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)						
Buckhurst Hill Cricket Club (High	South	1	Available		Corporation of London	on currently under	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a high quality site used by the 3rd, 4th and 5th XI of Buckhurst Hill CC, as well as for junior and another club cricket. If further provision was to be provided at the Buckhurst Hill Cricket and Lacrosse Club site (Roding Lane), which met the future needs of the club, this site may be able to be re-designated as open space or for alternative uses.						
Road)					capacity per	E	No further enhancement has been identified as part of this study. This is a high quality ground given the standard of cricket that is typically played at the club.							
							PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.						
					Other wickets 5 matches spar capacity per		This site is	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a high quality site used by Theydon Bois CC. The cricket club is one of the users on the multi-sport site, which has a clubhouse open 5 days a week all year.					
Buxton Playing Field	East	1	Available	Secured		Other	ured Other	Secured Other	Secured Other	cured Other	Other	Other	capacity for grass wickets 5 matches spare	E
						3643011	PV	No further enhancement has been identified as part of this study. This is a high quality ground with spare capacity identified for formal cricket during the season.						
Chigwell School	South	1	Not Available	Unsecured Private	Unsecured Private This site is currently under capacity for grass	Private	Unsecured Private	currently under	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a high quality cricket site however it is not available to the community for regular cricket use. The school benefits from irregular private bookings.				
						Site not available	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of this study.						
						for community use		No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.						



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Jus	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)			
						This site is	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is used by Coopersale Cricket Club, which is a one-team club playing largely social cricket.			
Coopersale Cricket Club	West	1	Available	Secured	Corporation of London	currently under capacity for grass wickets 35 matches spare capacity per season	ш	The club did not respond to requests to take part in this study, however site assessments indicated that ancillary facilities at the ground require significant improvement, as well as support to reduce vandalism and anti-social behaviour at the site. Further consultation should be undertaken between the home club and the ECB to confirm whether investment into the ancillary facility would have a significant impact on the everyday running of the club.			
							PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.			
Davenant Foundation	South	1	Not Available	Unsecured	Academy Trust	This site is currently over capacity for grass wickets 9 matches deficit per season	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is owned and used predominantly by the School, who utilise the non-turf pitch for after-school matches and minimal curriculum cricket. The site is also used by Loughton Cricket Club, which has a lease that is due to finish in April 2018.			
School			Available		Trust		E	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study. It is recommended that the club is supported in its attempts to secure a long-term lease at the school site.			
							ΡV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.			
Epping Cricket Club	West	1	Available	Secured	Copper Hall Estate (Private)	This site is currently under capacity for grass wickets 25 matches spare	PR	This is a standard quality site that is used by Epping Cricket Club. The site is included as part of EFDC's list of sites for commercial or residential development, as part of the ongoing Local Plan. If this site is to be lost or re-designated, the site should be replaced by equivalent or better provision in terms of quantity and quality in a suitable location.			
						(((capacity per season	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study.
						3643011	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.			



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Jus	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)	
				PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is well used by Epping Foresters CC, which runs a total of 8 teams. The club currently rents its ground from the Corporation of London and undertakes maintenance using club volunteers.				
Epping Foresters West 1 Cricket Club	West	1	Available	Unsecured	Corporation of London	This site is currently over capacity for grass wickets 28 matches deficit	E	The quality of the pitch was rated as good, however the site struggles with deer and rabbits, which cause damage to the outfield and square. Further consultation with the ECB and Essex CCB should be sought to address these issues.	
					per season	PV	The club currently has a significant deficit of provision for grass pitches, with a large amount of demand for junior cricket. The site does not currently have a non-turf pitch on the square, therefore NTP provision should be explored, to reduce the level of demand on the grass square.		
Fives and Heronians	ans South 1 Available Unsecured Private Capacity for grass		PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a high quality site that is used by the Fives and Heronians 1st and 2nd XI's. The site is owned by a private landholder and the club has only 2 years remaining on its lease. The club has an excellent relationship with the freeholder however the lack of security of tenure is a concern,					
Cricket Club						20 matches deficit per season	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study. The club has undertaken improvement works and carries out maintenance through a paid groundsman.	
							PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.	
Fyfield Sports and Social Club	East	1	Available	Secured	Fyfield Parish Council	This site is currently under capacity for grass wickets 36 matches spare capacity per	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is home to a small club with one Sunday team and a small junior section. The club has recently been evicted from the village hall that they have previously used as an ancillary facility. The long-term viability of the site is an issue, as the Parish Council now undertake the maintenance of the site, which is no longer fit for purpose.	



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Jus	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
						season	E	Grounds maintenance at the site is not currently fit for purpose and a more robust maintenance regime is required. The cricket club now has shared use of the ancillary facility, which is maintained and operated by the Parish Council. If this is to be operated successfully, the village hall requires refurbishment to ensure that it is fit for purpose as a multi-sport local community facility.
							PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.
Hereward			Not			This site is currently under	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not used by the community.
Primary School	South 1 Not LEA capacity for gravitation wickets		Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study.				
301001						Site not available for community use	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.
						This site is currently under	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is privately owned and used by High Beach Cricket Club, which is a one-team club playing mostly 'social' cricket. The lack of security of tenure for the cricket club is an issue and represents a risk for the future provision of cricket facilities in the area.
High Beach Cricket Club	West	1	Available	Unsecured	Private	capacity for grass wickets 20 matches spare	E	The clubhouse is dated but in acceptable condition given the level of demand for cricket at the site.
						capacity per season	PV	The maintenance regime is currently undertaken by the club however volunteers do not have fit for purpose machinery to do this effectively. Access to fit for purpose machinery and equipment should be sought, through a shared equipment pool or provision to the club.
Jubilee Park Pavilion	East	1	Available	Secured	Ongar Town Council	This site is currently under capacity for grass wickets	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is owned and maintained by the Local Town Council and is of good quality. The site is used by Ongar CC, which is a one-team club playing mainly 'social' cricket



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
						40 matches spare capacity per season	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study. The club will be responsible for the site from October 2017 onwards, therefore support should be provided by the ECB and Essex CCB to provide advice and maintenance equipment where required, to ensure that the site remains as high quality cricket provision.
							PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.
Larsens Recreation	West	1	Available	Secured	Parish Council	Council currently used for		This site has been identified as a disused cricket site, that is no longer maintained for formal competitive cricket. This site is deemed not to be required for the future provision of cricket in Epping Forest, however if sites are to be lost across the rest of the District, this site represents an opportunity for supply to re-located.
Ground						cricket	E	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study.
							PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.
						This site is currently over		This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a high quality site with excellent grass wickets and ancillary provision, which is one of the major cricket facilities in the local authority.
Loughton Cricket Club	South	1	Available	Secured	Sports Club	capacity for grass wickets 70 matches deficit per season	E	The club has faced issues with balls being hit out of ground, risking damage to nearby buildings. More robust netting is needed, which is likely require further feasibility work from specialist technical organisations. The club employs two groundsmen and the facility is of a high quality as a result.
						·		·



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Jus	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
							PV	The site currently shows a significant deficit of provision, which is caused by the large junior section currently using the site. There are currently no non-turf pitches on the square and further consultation is required with the club to identify whether this would help reduce the deficit of provision. If this approach is deemed to be appropriate, support should be sought from the ECB, Essex CCB and Loughton Town Council to install a non-turf pitch on site.
Matching						This site is currently under capacity for grass		This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is well used by Matching Green CC, who run 4 senior men's teams and a junior team.
Green Cricket Club	East	1	Available	Secured	Sports Club wickets		E	No immediate enhancement has been identified as being required as part of the study, however long term facility improvement projects should focus on internal work to the second floor of the pavilion.
						season	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.
			PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is home to North Weald CC, a small club with two adult teams and one junior team.				
Memorial Playing Fields	East	1	Available	Secured	Community Organisation	This site is currently under capacity for grass wickets 5 matches spare capacity per season	E	The outfield on the site is currently maintained by an external contractor, with the square maintained by club volunteers. The quality of the site was deemed to be <i>standard</i> on inspection, with outfield and grass-wickets identified as requiring improvement. The site also suffers from vandalism and crime, leading to risks associated with storing high quality maintenance equipment on site. The club requires further support to address these issues, through the installation of surveillance or improvements to access security.
			PV	Pending completion of the above action, improved maintenance equipment is required, to allow the volunteer maintenance team to deliver high quality cricket provision throughout the year.				
Metropolitan Police (Chigwell	South	1	Available	Secured	Lord Mayors Office	This site is currently under capacity for grass	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a high quality cricket site however it is used sparingly by the community for regular cricket use.



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Ju	stification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
Sports Club)						wickets 40 matches spare	E	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study.
						capacity per season	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.
Nazeing Common	West	1	Available	Unsecured	Private Vice Strends		PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site has a large square and is of standard quality. It is used by Nazeing Common CC, which has been recorded as running five adult male teams and one junior team. The facility is owned by a private land holder and therefore the club has little security of tenure. The club is looking to secure funding for ancillary improvements however it will not be possible to secure grants from Sport England or the ECB, given grant requirements.
Common						46 matches spare capacity per season	Е	The clubhouse and ancillary provision on site is not fit-for-purpose (see below).
							PV	The existing pavilion is of poor quality and needs to be replaced. Initial analysis by the club estimates a total re-build cost of approx. £300k, of which the club can fund 10%. Further security of tenure is required before funding for this provision is pursue by the club.
Old Chigwellians	South	1	Available	Secured	Private	This site is currently under capacity for grass wickets		This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is used as a second ground by Fives and Heronians CC, with the site identified as being of good quality. The club does not have long-term security of tenure on the site, as the school that operates the site also rents the facility to other clubs and users.
Club						31 matches spare capacity per	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study.
						season	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.
Queens Head Meadow	East	1	Available	Secured	Sports Club	The site is not currently used for cricket	PR	This site has been identified as a disused cricket site, that is no longer maintained for formal competitive cricket. This site is deemed not to be required for the future provision of cricket in Epping Forest, however if sites are to be lost across the rest of the District, this site represents an opportunity for supply to re-located.
							Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study.



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Jus	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)	
							PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.	
							PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is used as a main ground for Roding Valley Cricket Club, with the quality of the site identified as <i>standard</i> . The club currently has a 25 years lease on a site owned by the Town Council.	
Roding Valley Cricket Club	South	4	Available	Secured	Epping Forest DC	The site is currently at capacity for grass wickets No spare capacity per season	E	The site suffers from vandalism, with the nets being subject to arson 2 years ago (2015). Further support is required from the ECB, Essex CCB and EFDC to address this. The pitch is in good condition, with the square maintained by the club and the outfield maintained by the EFDC. A key issue for the site is that it currently sits on a flood plain, which floods once a year. The ancillary provision has also been recently refurbished, using funds raised by the club.	
				PV	The club has recently been granted permission to develop a new square on the neighbouring site, which should be supported in order to address the current deficit for grass-pitches on the site. This development would require further feasibility work, to identify if a second site is pragmatic, given the ongoing flood risk.				
Roding Valley High	South	1	Not	Unsecured	LEA	This site has artificial pitch provision and is		This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is not currently used for community cricket however initial consultation with local clubs indicate that the school could be used as a dedicated home ground for a club in the future, if existing club facilities are not sustainable.	
School		community	E	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study, unless further feasibility analysis is undertaken and the site is identified as a potential community cricket site in the future.					
							PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.	
Roydon Playing Fields	West	1	Available	Secured	Roydon Playing Fields Trust	This site is currently under capacity for grass wickets	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This site is a <i>standard</i> quality cricket site that is used by Roydon CC, a one team club who play Sunday cricket and occasionally mid-week games.	



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Jus	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)	
						40 matches spare capacity per	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study.	
						season	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.	
			This site is	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. This is a good quality site that is well used by South Loughton CC, which is a thriving club with an excellent junior programme and a strong club structure. Although the site was scored as <i>good</i> quality at the time of inspection, the site is on a flood plain and the buildings have previously suffered from vandalism. As a result, the cricket club are considering long-term plans to relocate to a site that can provide more sustainable facilities and support the club in growing further.				
South Loughton Cricket Club	South	1	Available	Secured	Loughton Town Council	currently over capacity for grass wickets 21 matches deficit per season	E	If the club are to stay at the current site, the existing ancillary facility requires refurbishing. This is a project that could lead to the development of a multi-sport hub site with a shared ancillary project, however this would require further consultation with partner NGB's.	
							PV	The site is currently at a deficit for cricket provision, which is contributed to by the large and well-run junior programme at the club. The site does not currently have a non-turf pitch and therefore junior matches take place on the grass wickets. Installation of a high quality non-turf pitch at the site would help to address the deficit of provision, by reducing demand from junior cricket on the existing grass square.	
Townmead Leisure Park	West	1	Available	Secured	Waltham Abbey Town	The site is not currently used for	PR	This site has been identified as a disused cricket site, that is no longer maintained for formal competitive cricket. This site is deemed not to be required for the future provision of cricket in Epping Forest, however if sites are to be lost across the rest of the local authority, it is feasible that this site could be re-developed as a cricket facility.	
					Council	cricket	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study.	
							PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.	



Site	Sub- area	Squares	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership	Capacity Analysis (grass wickets)	Jus	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)	
Willingale Cricket Club	East	2	Available	Secured	Willingale Parish Council	This site is currently under capacity for grass wickets	PR	This site should be protected as playing fields in the Local Plan. The site is used as by Willingale Cricket Club and has been identified as being good quality cricket facility that is well maintained by club volunteers. The site has a non-turf pitch that is used for training and occasional matchplay.	
						15 matches spare capacity per	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of the study.	
						season	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.	

4.8 Cricket Summary

- 4.8.1 This section summarises the findings from the cricket analysis, which will form the basis of the recommendation and action plan section for Epping Forest District.
- 4.8.2 Table 4.14 overleaf includes the response to 5 key questions, which are asked for all PPS studies across the UK, in order to provide a standardised illustration of supply and demand for sports provision.



Table 4.14 – Key PPS findings for cricket in Epping Forest District

Key Question	Analysis
What are the main characteristics of the current supply and demand for provision?	The quality of cricket provision across the local authority is good with provision in the East and South sub-areas scoring highly on assessment. The lowest rated elements of cricket provision across the district are artificial wickets, which is reducing the ability of clubs to train and play on non-turf pitches during the season. The demand for cricket across Epping Forest District is high. The area has 18 clubs, many of which have numerous senior and junior teams, playing at dedicated facilities that are managed by the club.
Is there enough accessible and secured community use provision to meet current demand	Due to the lack of security and certainty at a number of the larger sites, there is not adequate accessible and secured provision for cricket. This is demonstrated most clearly in the South sub-area, but also in the West sub-area. While there is enough provision when all facilities that are available for community use are taken into consideration, the lack of security at a number of high profile sites represents a key risk for cricket capacity in Epping Forest District.
Is the provision that is accessible of sufficient quality and appropriately maintained?	Overall, the provision is of good quality, with facilities in the South and Ease sub-areas scoring particularly highly. In contrast, the West sub-are does not score as highly, with changing/pavilion facilities and artificial wickets (on the square) being unfit for purpose. Maintenance is largely undertaken by individual clubs, either through the use of a paid groundsman or through club volunteers. There are also a number of sites that are owned and managed by the local town or parish council, which typically scored lower in the site assessment.
What are the main characteristics of the future supply and demand for provision	The future demand for cricket is projected to increase across the District, with the largest growth for youth cricket in the South sub- area. With the projected increase in demand from both population growth and conversion of latent demand, as well as the expected growth that will be realised following the success of All Stars Cricket, the increase in demand is likely to have a significant impact on the level of demand for cricket across Epping Forest District. The future level of supply across the District is uncertain due to a number of reasons. Firstly, the home ground for Epping Cricket Club has been allocated as a development site as part of the Local Plan, with the club requiring replacement provision of equal quality and quantity or better. Secondly, a number of high profile sites are currently owned by private landowners, which do not offer clubs long term security of tenure. Any reduction in the level of supply for cricket in the district will have a significant impact on the overall balance of provision.
Is there enough accessible and secured community use provision to meet future demand	Given the high levels of demand growth projected across the local authority, the future supply and demand analysis indicates that there will be a significant deficit of supply for sites that are available and secured across Epping Forest District. This deficit is at its highest in the South and West sub-area, with the situation worsened by the lack of non-turf pitch capacity across cricket sites in these areas.



5 Rugby Union

5.1 Introduction and Strategic Context

5.1.1 The Rugby Football Union (RFU) is the national governing body responsible for grassroots and elite rugby in England, with the season operating from September to April.

RFU STRATEGIC PLAN (2017-2021)

- 5.1.2 In October 2017, the RFU published its strategic plan, with the overall objective of being England's strongest sport, underpinned by good governance and regulation, as well as increased investment in the game to drive elite performance and community participation⁵.
- 5.1.3 The following key areas of focus are particularly relevant for this strategy;
 - **Protect our clubs:** Support clubs to protect themselves against risks to sustainability in the key areas of leadership, facilities and finances. Support clubs to meet all their statutory and regulatory obligations
 - Expand places to play through Artificial Grass Pitches: Install and manage strategically placed Artificial Grass Pitches (AGP's) nationwide, increasing playing opportunities for the 15-a-side game and other variants in communities where natural turf pitches are significantly overused. Improve access to rugby in non-traditional and urban areas
 - Engage new communities in rugby: Increase female player numbers, with more teams and matches, expansion in the education environment and transitioning more players to clubs
 - Grow the grass-roots game: Increase the number of active male and female (14+) 15-a-side teams by 10%. Increase the number of 15-a-side matches played by 20%. Increase the number of active rugby union players by 10%.
- 5.1.4 The objectives and targets of the RFU will be referenced throughout this strategy and utilised to prioritise facility development projects as part of the recommendations and action plan section.

RFU FACILITIES STRATEGY (2014-2018)

- 5.1.5 The RFU published its Facility Strategy (2014) for the next four years⁶. The strategy includes the following relevant objectives and priorities relevant to the PPS:
 - The core aims of the RFU are to create effective and efficient facilities, management and governance along with community integration
 - Facility priorities include improving changing provision, natural turf pitch quality, AGPs and floodlighting for both matches and training. These affect commercial opportunities within community clubs

5.2 **Supply**

QUANTITY OVERVIEW

5.2.1 There are eight sites in Epping Forest District that have rugby provision, with five of these sites available for community rugby usage. The ownership of the seven rugby sites across the study area is shown in Table 5.1.

⁵ RFU Strategic Plan (http://www.englandrugby.com/about-the-rfu/rfu-strategic-plan/": 2017)

⁶ RFU National Facility Strategy (<u>http://goo.gl/m6kqms</u>: 2014)

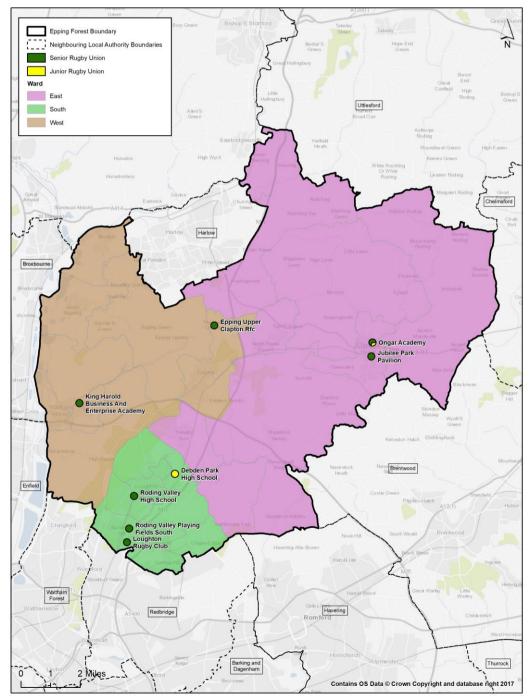


 Table 5.1: Ownership of rugby pitches in Epping Forest District

Ownership	Number of pitches					
Ownership	Senior	Junior / Minis				
Education	4	2				
Private	1	5				
Club	4	3				
Local Authority	5	4				

5.2.2 Map 5.1 shows the geographic location of the rugby pitches across the study area and illustrates that the current supply is predominately in the South sub-area and East sub-area. The largest club in the area is located near the boundary with Harlow in the West sub-area

Map 5.1 – Rugby pitch audit in Epping Forest District









5.2.3 Table 5.2 provides a breakdown of the rugby sites in Epping Forest District, the majority of which are available for community use but only three of which have security of tenure on their home ground site.

Playing Pitch Sites	Sub Area	Community Use on Site	Secured Community Use	Ownership
Debden Park High School	South	Not available	Unsecured	Academy Trust
Epping Upper Clapton RFC	West	Available	Secured	Sports Club
Jubilee Park Pavilion (Ongar RFC)	East	Available	Unsecured*	Ongar Town Council
King Harold Business and Enterprise Academy	West	Not available	Unsecured	Academy Trust
Ongar Academy (Ongar Leisure Centre)	East	Available	Unsecured	Academy Trust
Roding Valley High School	South	Available	Unsecured	Local Education Authority
Loughton Rugby Club	South	Available	Secured	EFDC
Roding Valley Playing Fields South	South	Available	Secured	EFDC

Table 5.2 – Rugby Site Breakdown of Security of Community Use

QUALITY ASSESSMENT

- 5.2.4 Each site was visited and assessed by 4 global using non-technical assessments as determined by the RFU. The methodology for assessing rugby pitch quality analyses two key elements; the maintenance programme and level of drainage.
- 5.2.5 Further detail on this process can be seen in the Technical Appendix C Rugby Union Analysis.
- 5.2.6 Each pitch is scored and classified in one of three categories. These represent actions required to improve site quality. A breakdown for each of the two scoring elements and three respective categories is provided in the following two tables.

Table 5.3 – Rugby pitch maintenance quality assessment specifications. Source: RFU PPS Guidance

Category	Overall Quality Rating
МО	Action requires significant improvements to the maintenance programme
M1	Action requires minor improvements to the maintenance programme
M2	Action requires no improvements to the maintenance programme

Table 5.4 – Rugby pitch drainage quality assessment specifications. Source: RFU PPS Guidance

Category	Overall Quality Rating
DO	Action on pipe draining system is needed on pitch
D1	Action on silt drainage system is needed on pitch
D2	No action is needed on pitch drainage

5.2.7 These scores are then combined to provide a match equivalent capacity, as calculated in Table 5.5 below. Depending on the score of a site, a pitch is assigned a certain carrying capacity which can then be used to calculate the overall capacity of a site.



Table 5.5 – Match equivalent calculation for rugby pitches. Source: Appendices 4a to 4c – Rugby Football Union⁷

Drainage	Maintenance						
	Poor (MO)	Standard (M1)	Good (M2)				
Natural Inadequate (DO)	0.5	1.5	2				
Natural Adequate (D1)	1.5	2	3				
Pipe Drained (D2)	1.75	2.5	3.25				
Pipe and Slit Drained (D3)	2	3	3.5				

5.2.8 Table 5.6 summarises the quality assessment results for those sites currently used by the community. Full details of the subsequent carrying capacity allocations of each site by pitch type can be found in Technical Appendix C – Rugby Analysis.

 Table 5.6 – Quality summary by pitch type

Drainage	Maintenance							
	Poor (M0)	Standard (M1)	Good (M2)					
Natural Inadequate (D0)	8	0	0					
Natural Adequate (D1)	1	0	0					
Pipe Drained (D2)	5	0	0					
Pipe and Slit Drained (D3)	0	0	0					

- 5.2.9 In terms of maintenance, all pitches across Epping Forest District into the category of poor, meaning that significant requirement improvements are needed for the maintenance programme. To compound this, the majority of pitches (57%) are deemed to have natural guidance (no artificial infrastructure) which is inadequate given the needs of residents.
- 5.2.10 Epping Forest District does have 5 pitches that have artificial drainage, located at Jubilee Park, King Harold Academy and Ongar Academy, however only Jubilee Park is available for community use and it does not have long term security of use for rugby.
- 5.2.11 Even with the lack of maintenance and drainage infrastructure, Epping Upper Clapton RFC represents the only site in the district that is fit for purpose for rugby union. The three senior pitches were in good condition on assessment, even in heavy and wet weather. Consultation has identified, however, that drainage is an issue for the grass pitches, which is reduced to an extent by the use of the WR22 training area.

5.3 **Demand**

CURRENT DEMAND

5.3.1 Through the demand consultations with clubs, four clubs have been identified as playing in Epping Forest District. Utilising survey responses and desktop research, table 5.7 provides the team profiles of all clubs playing in Epping Forest District. It should be noted that one of these clubs represents imported demand from outside of the district.

		N					
Club	Sub Area	Mens	Ladies	Jnr (U13-17)	Mini (U7-12)	Total	
Epping Upper Clapton RFC	West	3	1	4	6	14	
Loughton RFC	South	1	0	0	0	1	
Ongar RFC*	East	3	0	3	4	10	

Table 5.7 – Rugby club profiles for responding clubs. Source: PPS club consultations

⁷ Sport England PPS Guidance – RFU Appendices (<u>http://goo.gl/em3wyj</u>: 2015)



Woodford RFC**	South	1	0	1	0	1
Total		8	1	8	10	26

*Club failed to respond to 4 global survey. Team profile obtained from club website **Club located in LB Waltham Forest, with demand exported to Epping Forest District

5.3.2 Two of the rugby clubs playing in the local authority responded to the PPS survey and were consulted with as part of the demand gathering process, with the consultation providing the following findings.

Table 5.8: Summary of demand consultations from rugby clubs in Epping Forest District

Club	Consultation Summary
Epping Upper Clapton RFC	A large rugby club with 3 senior teams and youth teams ranging from under 5 to under 19. The home ground for the club is situated at the Epping Upper Rugby Club. With participation at the club rising, the club's main priority is to obtain an artificial pitch for training and matches. The club loses approximately 8 weeks of rugby every year due to issues with waterlogging, which has an impact on their revenues. The club has updated their clubhouse over the last few years with support from the RFU.
Loughton RFC	A small club with one adult team, the club has recently updated the clubhouse, which is now of adequate quality, however they still don't have any heating in the facility due to a lack of resources. The clubhouse itself is owned by the members, however, they lease the pitches on a 5-year lease from EFDC. The pitches at the site are poor quality and one pitch has been unplayable for over 10 years. The club aspire to have another team but as a result of only having one playable pitch this is not feasible.

5.3.3 Further detail on the demand consultations and data collection can be seen in Technical Appendix C – Rugby Analysis

FUTURE DEMAND DRIVEN BY POPULATION GROWTH

- 5.3.4 In order to calculate the future demand for rugby in Epping Forest District, a Team Generation Rate⁸ has been calculated using the current number of teams and the current population. This measure allows us to calculate what size of population (for various age groups) will typically cause enough demand for a rugby team.
- 5.3.5 This Team Generation Rate can now be applied to the population projections for the study area to confirm how population growth or reduction will affect the demand for teams in each of the key age groups.
- 5.3.6 Team generation rates have been provided at a district level, as the projected growth is not meaningful when split down further into a sub-area analysis. Table 5.9 shows the TGR calculations for Epping Forest District. Based on future population projections a total of 5 additional rugby teams will be generated by 2033.

⁸ The Team Generation Rate calculation uses the current number of teams and the current population to calculate a proxy measure of the number of total residents per relevant sports team. This measure is therefore applied to the projected population (depending on the length of the strategy) to predict how many additional teams will be required in order to satisfy the demand from the 'new' population.



Sport and Age Groups	Number of teams in age group within the area	Current population in age group within the area	Future population in age group within the area	Current TGR	Population Change in Age Group	Potential Change in Team Numbers in Age Group
Rugby Union Senior Men (19-45yrs)	8	21005	23190	2626	2185	1
Rugby Union Senior Women (19-45yrs)	0	22238	24026	n/a	1788	0
Rugby Union Youth Boys (13-18yrs)	7	4216	5464	602	1248	2
Rugby Union Youth Girls (13-18yrs)	0	4151	5274	n/a	1122	0
Rugby Union Mini/Midi Mixed (7-12yrs)	10	9154	11211	915	2057	2
					Total	5

 Table 5.9 – Future demand projections for rugby teams in Epping Forest District

5.3.7 Table 5.9 illustrates that the number of projected demand for rugby teams across the district is likely to increase for mini/midi rugby (2 teams) and junior rugby (2 teams) between 2016 and 2033). Additionally, there is a projected growth in demand for one male adult team across the district, leading to a total of 5 additional teams being required to satisfy future demand.

- 5.3.8 There is currently one senior rugby team playing in Epping Forest District, which ensures that the model does not project an additional team is required to meet future demand. It should be noted, however, that one the RFU's key strategic objectives is to increase female participation, with potential investment leading to a growth in demand. An analysis of latent demand will be undertaken in the following section to assess whether future female provision should be planned for.
- 5.3.9 It is important to note that this calculation assumes that clubs, the Council and the RFU do not improve their marketing or participation schemes over the period and are therefore no more successful than they are now in attracting new players to participate in rugby in in the study area. In reality, it is expected that there will be improved channels of digital communication and improved maintenance technology, as well as higher quality ancillary provision. The output of this will be a higher quality and an improved ability to generate demand and convert it into participation.



FUTURE DEMAND DRIVEN BY LATENT DEMAND

- 5.3.10 While a large amount of future demand will be driven by population growth, it is also likely that clubs and operators are successful in converting latent demand into actual demand, therefore increasing the number of people playing rugby. The table below identifies latent demand (not currently active), which clubs are aiming to convert into rugby demand within the next 3 5 years. This provides an estimation of the number of new teams that will be required in Epping Forest District, in addition to the teams generated by population growth.
- 5.3.11 Table 5.10 illustrates that only one additional team has been projected as part of the latent demand calculations, which has been allocated to the west sub-area.
- 5.3.12 This latent demand will be combined with the projected increase in demand generated from population growth and incorporated into the future supply and demand analysis for rugby union provision.

Rugby Union Latent Demand								
Sub-area	Adult Male	Adult Female	Junior	Mini/Midi	Total			
East	0	0	0	0	0			
South	0	0	0	0	0			
West	1	0	0	0	1			
Total	1	0	0	0	1			

Table 5.10: Latent demand for rugby by sub-area

5.4 Supply and Demand Balance

- 5.4.1 To calculate whether there is any spare capacity at rugby sites in Epping Forest District, Table 5.11 shows the supply and demand figures across the five sites that are available for community rugby use.
- 5.4.2 To assess the availability of rugby facilities at peak times, it has been assumed that the period of highest demand for rugby matches is on a Saturday afternoon for adults and Sunday morning or afternoon for juniors. It is also assumed that juniors do not train on match pitches and adult teams have been allocated 1 hour of demand during mid-week peak periods. The supply and demand analysis below shows that there is no spare capacity during peak periods at Epping Upper Clapton RFC, Jubilee Park Pavilion, Loughton Rugby Club or Roding Valley Playing Fields South.

Site Name	Pitch type	Quantity	Supply (Capacity)	Demand (matches + training in match equivalents) SNR JNR		Balance (Supply minus demand)
Epping Upper Clapton RFC	Senior Rugby Union	3	1.5	1.5	5.5	-5.5
Jubilee Park Pavilion	Senior Rugby Union	1	1.75	1.5	3.5	-3.25
Loughton Rugby Club	Senior Rugby Union	2	1	1	0	0
Roding Valley Playing Fields South	Senior Rugby Union	2	1	1*	1*	-1

Table 5.11 – Supply and Demand Balance by Club



Site Name	Pitch type	Quantity	Supply (Capacity)	Demand (matches + training in match equivalents)		Balance (Supply minus demand)	
Roding Valley High School	Senior Rugby Union	1	1.5	0	0	1.5	

- 5.4.3 As shown in Table 5.11, three of the sites that are currently used for rugby are over-capacity, with the negative balance being particularly high at Epping Upper Clapton RFC and Jubilee Park Pavilion. This is caused by the two home clubs having consistent junior and senior demand, leading to the overplay of poor quality grass provision, which has a low carrying capacity due to poor maintenance and insufficient drainage infrastructure.
- 5.4.4 Although there are three sites that are not available for community rugby use, these have not been taken into consideration for the overall balance of rugby in the study area. This is influenced by the RFU national strategy to focus on the provision located at club sites. The RFU believe that this provides a more enjoyable rugby experience and is more likely to assist in retaining players across all age groups.



5.5 Scenario Testing

5.5.1 The following section contains the summary capacity analysis for rugby in Epping Forest District, as well as for a number of relevant summaries, as requested by the RFU and the Sport England 2013 Playing Pitch Guidance. The scenario testing has been provided at a district-wide level, as well as being divided into the three sub areas and are displayed below. Each capacity analysis is accompanied by a commentary on the key findings from the data.

EPPING FOREST DISTRICT ANALYSIS

 Table 5.12: Summary capacity analysis and scenarios for rugby provision in Epping Forest District

Scenario Name	Notes	Capacity – grass pitches	Community use demand (matches + training in match equivalents)		Balance (Supply minus demand)		
		grade pronee	Adult	Junior/mini	initiae demandy		
Current Analysis (2017)							
1. All rugby provision that is available for community use	All sites apart from Debden Park High School, King Harold B&EA and Ongar Academy	6.75	5	10	-8.25		
2. All rugby provision that is secured for community use	All secured sites	3.5	5	10	-11.5		
3. Rugby club sites with long term security of tenure only	Only rugby club sites with long-term security of tenure	2.5	5	10	-12.5		
Future Analysis (2033)							
4. Future balance (including team growth) for all provision available for community use	As per scenario 1, including projected growth in demand to 2033	6.75	6	14	-13.4		
5. Future balance (including team growth) for all provision secured for community use	As per scenario 2, including projected growth in demand to 2033	3.5	6	14	-16.7		
6. Future balance (including team growth) for all rugby club sites with long term security of tenure	As per scenario 3, including projected growth in demand to 2033	2.5	6	14	-17.7		

• There is a deficit of rugby provision across Epping Forest District, which means that there is more demand for facilities than there is supply

• This deficit is severe when taking into consideration all sites that are available for community use, however it worsens when considering only those sites that are available for community use. The deficit is even greater when considering the scenario of rugby being played on rugby club sites with a long-term lease or ownership of the freehold



- The future analysis indicates that this deficit will worsen over the lifetime of the strategy, when the projected increase in demand from population growth and latent demand is realised
- The deficit is likely to impact the available of adequate quality matchplay facilities and training facilities, which supports the findings from consultations with clubs and the RFU

EAST SUB-AREA ANALYSIS

Table 5.13: Summary capacity analysis and scenarios for rugby provision in the East sub-area

Scenario Name	Notes	Capacity – grass pitches	Community use de + training in mate	Balance (Supply minus demand)			
		grass pitches	Adult	Junior/mini	minus demand)		
Current Analysis (2017)							
1. All rugby provision that is available for community use	All sites in the sub area apart from Ongar Academy	1.75	1.5	3.5	-3.25		
2. All rugby provision that is secured for community use	All secured sites	0	1.5	3.5	-5		
3. Rugby club sites with long term security of tenure only	Only rugby club sites with long-term security of tenure	0	1.5	3.5	-5		
Future Analysis (2033)							
4. Future balance (including team growth) for all provision available for community use	As per scenario 1, including projected growth in demand to 2033	1.75	2	5	-5.0		
5. Future balance (including team growth) for all provision secured for community use	As per scenario 2, including projected growth in demand to 2033	0	2	5	-6.8		
6. Future balance (including team growth) for all rugby club sites with long term security of tenure	As per scenario 3, including projected growth in demand to 2033	0	2	5	-6.8		

• Available rugby provision in the East subarea is limited to Jubilee Park Pavilion, which is used by Ongar RFC. The analysis illustrates that there is a deficit of provision in the sub-area, which worsens when only sites that are considered to have secured community use are taken into consideration

• With projected growth across adult and junior rugby, this deficit is projected to worsen over the lifetime of the strategy.



SOUTH SUB-AREA ANALYSIS

Table 5.14: Summary capacity analysis and scenarios for rugby provision in the South sub-area

Scenario Name	Notes	Capacity – grass pitches	Community use de + training in mate	Balance (Supply minus demand)					
		grass pitches	Adult	Junior/mini	minus demand)				
Current Analysis (2017)	Current Analysis (2017)								
1. All rugby provision that is available for community use			2	1	0.5				
2. All rugby provision that is secured for community use	All secured sites	2	2	1	-1				
3. Rugby club sites with long term security of tenure only	Only rugby club site with long-term security of tenure	1	2	1	-2				
Future Analysis (2033)									
4. Future balance (including team growth) for all provision available for community use	As per scenario 1, including projected growth in demand to 2033	3.5	2	1	0.2				
5. Future balance (including team growth) for all provision secured for community use	As per scenario 2, including projected growth in demand to 2033	2	2	1	-1.3				
6. Future balance (including team growth) for all rugby club sites with long term security of tenure	As per scenario 3, including projected growth in demand to 2033	1	2	1	-2.3				

• Due to the amount of education provision in the South sub-area, the supply and demand analysis for all available sites shows a small amount of spare capacity for rugby provision

- Given the lack of security at these education sites, this converts to a deficit when Scenario 2 is considered and only sites that are available for community use are included in the calculation
- With a small amount of projected growth across adult and junior rugby, this deficit is projected to worsen slightly over the lifetime of the strategy.



WEST SUB-AREA ANALYSIS

Table 5.15: Summary capacity analysis and scenarios for rugby provision in the West sub-area

Scenario Name	Notes	Capacity – grass pitches	Community use de + training in mate	Balance (Supply minus demand)		
		grade piteries	Adult	Junior/mini	initiae aeritaria,	
Current Analysis (2017)						
1. All rugby provision that is available for community use	All sites apart from Debden Park High School, King Harold B&EA and Ongar Academy	1.5	1.5	5.5	-5.5	
2. All rugby provision that is secured for community use	All secured sites	1.5	1.5	5.5	-5.5	
3. Rugby club sites with long term security of tenure only	Only rugby club site with long-term security of tenure	1.5	1.5	5.5	-5.5	
Future Analysis (2033)						
4. Future balance (including team growth) for all provision available for community use	As per scenario 1, including projected growth in demand to 2033	1.5	2	6	-5.7	
5. Future balance (including team growth) for all provision secured for community use	As per scenario 2, including projected growth in demand to 2033	1.5	2	6	-5.7	
6. Future balance (including team growth) for all rugby club sites with long term security of tenure	As per scenario 3, including projected growth in demand to 2033	1.5	2	6	-5.7	

• The West sub-area only has one site with rugby provision that is available for community use, which is Epping Upper Clapton RFC. This site is also secured for community use, therefore the scenario testing to remove sites that are not secure does not have an impact on the overall supply and demand balance

- The analysis indicates that the Epping Upper Clapton site is at a deficit of provision, which translates to the rest of the sub-area
- This is projected to worsen over the lifetime of the strategy, with the small amount of additional demand that is projected to be realised
- The balance for pitch provision does not currently include the small-sided WR22 provision at the Epping Upper Clapton site, as it not possible to apply an amount of capacity to this facility. Following consultation, it is apparent that this supports the capacity of the site for training but has little or no impact on the overall balance for matchplay.



5.6 Strategic sites for Protection, Enhancement and Provision

- 5.6.1 To ensure that the Playing Pitch Strategy meets the requirements of the Epping Forest District Council Local Plan review and can be seen as a robust evidence base, the site-by-site assessment below includes all rugby site that have been included within the study.
- 5.6.2 The site-by-site assessment provides a justification of how each of these sites should be protected, enhanced or further provided for, in line with the National Planning Policy Framework. Additionally, this table serves to summarise the key parts of the PPS assessment that have been identified so far within this sport specific section.

Site Name	Sub Area	No. of Pitches	Community Use Category	Non-technical Assessment Score	Balance (Total Hrs)	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)		
Debden Park		0 adult			currently under	PR	This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This is a school site that is not available for community use, however it is used for curriculum and after-school rugby	
High School	South	1 junior	Not available	D0/M0 (Poor)	capacity for rugby provision	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of this study.	
	Site not available for community use	No further required provision has been identified as part of the						
					PR	This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This is a major rugby site for the local authority and is the home ground of Epping Upper Clapton RFC.		
Epping Upper Clapton RFC	West	3 adult 0 junior	Available	D0/M0 (Poor)	This site is currently over capacity for rugby provision 5.5 match equivalent deficit	E	The club is currently being impacted by a shortage of playing and training facilities, especially given the poor quality of their existing grass pitches. Further technical analysis is required to identify whether issues with the grass pitches are influenced by drainage issues, insufficient maintenance or overplay. The club currently loses approximately 8 weeks of rugby every year due to issues with pitch capacity.	
			per week	PV	The club is looking to pursue development or secure access to a WR22 3G AGP, which can be used for matchplay and training. Pending further analysis on the issues with grass pitch provision at the site, improving the capacity of the site through access to 3G AGP provision would be of significant benefit for the club.			

 Table 5.16: Site –by-site summary for rugby provision in Epping Forest District



Site Name	Sub Area	No. of Pitches	Community Use Category	Non-technical Assessment Score	Balance (Total Hrs)	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)		
Jubilee Park	Park This site is currently over		PR	This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This site is used as a home ground by Ongar RFC however due to the change in site management from Town Council to Sports Trust, more maintenance effort from volunteers is likely to be required in the future.				
Pavilion East ^{1 adult} Available D2/M0 (Poor) rug (Ongar RFC)	rugby provision 3.25 match equivalent deficit per week	ш	In line with the likely requirement for greater volunteer maintenance work, support is required to ensure that the volunteer workforce have the equipment and knowledge to deliver a robust maintenance regime for the site.					
						PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.	
King Harold Business and	. 1 adult			This site is currently under capacity for	PR	This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This is a school site that is not available for community use, however it is used for curriculum and after-school rugby		
Enterprise	WAST	0 junior	Not available	D2/M0 (Poor)	rugby provision	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of this study.	
Academy				Site not available for community use	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.		
			Available		currently at	PR	This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This site is used as a home ground by Loughton Rugby Club, with two poor pitches used by the single team club. The club has recently updated the clubhouse, which is now of adequate quality, however there is still a lack of heating in the building.	
Loughton Rugby Club South	South	2 adult 0 junior			rugby provision No spare capacity	E	If demand for the site can be demonstrated by Loughton Rugby Club or nearby clubs, investment is required to improve the quality of both pitches, especially the second pitch, which is frequently unplayable and used very little.	
				PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.			



Site Name	Sub Area	No. of Pitches	Community Use Category	Non-technical Assessment Score	Balance (Total Hrs)	Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)		
Ongar Academy	demv currently u	This site is currently under capacity for	PR	This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This is a school site that is not available for community use, however it is used for curriculum and after-school rugby				
(Ongar Leisure	East	0 junior	Available D2/M0 (Poor)	D2/M0 (Poor)	rugby provision Site not available for community use	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of this study.	
Centre)						PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.	
Roding Valley		1 adult	1 adult 0 junior Available	D1/M0 (Poor)	This site is currently under capacity for rugby provision 1.5 match	PR	This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This is a school site that is available for community use but not used for formal affiliated rugby. It is, however, used for curriculum and after-school rugby	
High School		0 junior				Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of this study.	
				equivalent spare capacity per week	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.		
	Playing Fields South			This site is currently over	PR	This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This site is used by Woodford RFC, a club that is based in the neighbouring London Borough of Waltham Forest.		
Roding Valley Playing Fields South		D0/M0 (Poor)	capacity for rugby provision 1 match equivalent deficit	E	The site has two pitches that have been identified as being of poor quality. Further analysis is required, with support from the RFU, to confirm whether the issues with quality or caused by insufficient maintenance, overplay or poor drainage infrastructure.			
					per week	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.	



5.7 **Rugby Summary**

- 5.7.1 This section summarises the findings from the rugby analysis, which will form the basis of the recommendation and action plan section for Epping Forest District.
- 5.7.2 Table 5.17 includes the response to 5 key questions, which are asked for all PPS studies across the UK, in order to provide a standardised illustration of supply and demand for sports provision.

Key Question	findings for rugby in Epping Forest District Analysis
What are the main	The quality of provision across the local authority for rugby is poor, with the general level of maintenance not fit for purpose and a lack
characteristics of the current supply and demand for provision?	of artificial drainage installed on key rugby club sites. The demand for rugby is relatively strong, with three clubs of varying sizes playing in the local authority, Epping Forest District also imports demand from neighbouring Waltham Forest, which has an impact on pitch capacity in the local authority.
Is there enough accessible and secured community use provision to meet current demand	There is a significant deficit for secured and accessible rugby provision across the local authority, with all three sub areas showing an undersupply of available and secured grass pitches. The major clubs in the district therefore use pitches that are unfit for purpose for much of the year, or are forced to look outside of the district for access to Artificial Grass Pitches.
Is the provision that is accessible of sufficient quality and appropriately maintained?	The maintenance regime for non-education sides across Epping Forest District is not adequate to ensure that pitches are fit for purpose and able to withstand the high levels of demand for rugby, especially in the West and South sub-areas.
What are the main characteristics of the future supply and demand for provision	With the transfer in ownership and maintenance responsibilities at Ongar RFC, the rugby club will need to take on greater responsibility for the maintenance of the site. If a volunteer workforce can be mobilised, this is likely to lead to an improved standard of provision, however the situation also represents a risk for rugby in the area. The future trend for rugby demand indicates that demand is likely to increase a small amount, with the highest projected demand coming in the East sub-area.
Is there enough accessible and secured community use provision to meet future demand	The future demand for rugby is projected to increase across the local authority, with the deficit for provision likely to increase further over the lifetime of the strategy. Further capacity is required to meet the current and future needs of local residents.

Table 5.17 – Key PPS findings for rugby in Epping Forest District



6 Hockey

6.1 Introduction and Strategic Context

6.1.1 In order to understand the overall objectives and priorities of the England Hockey Board (EHB), an analysis of key recent strategies and documentation has been undertaken and summarised below.

ENGLAND HOCKEY FACILITIES STRATEGY (2017)

6.1.2 In 2017 England Hockey published the latest facilities strategy for the sport, which replaces the previous 2012 edition and aims to help every hockey club in England work towards having appropriate and sustainable facilities that provide excellent experiences for players.

Vision: For every hockey player in England to have appropriate and sustainable facilities that provide excellent experiences for players.

Mission: More, Better, Happier players with access to appropriate and sustainable facilities

- 6.1.3 The club market for hockey is well structured and clubs are required to affiliate to England Hockey to play in community leagues. As a result, only a few occasional teams lie outside of the EH affiliation structure. Schools and Universities are the other two areas where significant hockey is played.
- 6.1.4 The EHB has the ambition of growing participation by 10,000 adults and 32,500 children. To enable this, the following three objectives have been highlighted;
 - **PROTECT: To conserve the existing hockey provision.** EH currently has over 800 pitches that are used by hockey clubs (club, school, universities). We need to retain the current provision where appropriate to ensure that hockey is maintained across the country
 - IMPROVE: To improve the existing facilities stock (physically and administratively). The current facilities stock is ageing and there needs to be strategic investment into refurbishing the pitches and ancillary facilities. There needs to more support for clubs to obtain better agreements with facilities providers & education around owning an asset.
 - DEVELOP: To strategically build new hockey facilities where there is an identified need and ability to deliver and maintain. This might include consolidation hockey provision in a local area where appropriate. Research has identified key areas across the country where there is a lack of suitable Hockey provision and there is a need for additional pitches. There is an identified demand for multi pitches in the right places to consolidate hockey and allow clubs to have all of their provision catered at one site.



6.2 **Supply**

- 6.2.1 Epping Forest District has two sites that have full size sand or water based artificial grass pitches that are suitable for competitive hockey.
- 6.2.2 Due to the unavailability of Debden Park High School for community use hockey, all club play is accommodated at Old Loughtonians Hockey Club (OLHC).
- 6.2.3 Table 6.1 below details the surface, availability, security, ownership and management of all pitches that are suitable for competitive hockey in Epping Forest District

Site Name	Subarea	Surface	Ownership	Management	Availability and security of community use
Debden Park High School	South	Sand Filled	Academy	Other	Not Available
OLHC	South	Water Based	Trust	Club	Available / Secured
OLHC	South	Water Based	Trust	Club	Available / Secured

Table 6.1 – Quantity overview for hockey facilities in Epping Forest District

QUALITY

- 6.2.4 As part of the Playing Pitch Strategy, each site that is suitable for hockey has been assessed by an independent research team and scored according to England Hockey's facilities framework contained within the 2013 Sport England Playing Pitch Guidance.
- 6.2.5 Table 6.2 below provides a summary of the quality assessments for all hockey suitable sites in the local authority, with assessments undertaken at two key sites.

Site Name	Surface	Size	Floodlit	Age of playing surface	Condition (Quality score)
Debden Park High School	Sand Filled	100x60	Yes	5-10 years	76 - Standard
OLHC	Water Based	100x70	Yes	2-5 years	90 - Good
OLHC	Water Based	100x70	Yes	2-5 years	90 - Good

Table 6.1 – Quality overview for hockey facilities in Epping Forest District

- 6.2.6 Table 6.2 indicates that the two pitches that are available for community use (OLHC) are examples of high quality provision. This double water-based pitch site was used as a training venue for the 2012 London Olympics and has therefore benefitted from investment and a high quality maintenance regime.
- 6.2.7 The site summary for the site, collected as part of the site assessment is shown below.
 - Old Loughtonians Hockey Club: The club is largely self-sufficient due to its ability to have attracted high value sponsorships and patrons. The site underwent extensive renovations due to its use as a training venue for the London 2012 Olympics. The club house is large and beginning to show some signs of aging but remains in a fair condition. The main challenges for the club are consistent with other large sports clubs, with the club's present focus being on retaining more players between the ages of 21-30. The clubs training AGP area is in the worst condition of all the playing surfaces and was thought to be over 10 years old. The



club's final development aspiration is to add a large indoor hockey appropriate hall on or near to the site.

6.3 Demand

CURRENT DEMAND

6.3.1 There is one hockey club using hockey facilities in Epping Forest District. Old Loughtonians Hockey Club is one of the premier clubs in the country, with high quality facilities, strong governance and a significant amount of grass-roots participation. The scale of club is demonstrated by Table 6.2, which shows the club profile by age group and gender.

Table 6.2 – Team profile for Hockey in Epping Forest Adult Teams Sub **Club Name** Senior Senior Juniors Total Area Mixed Men Women **Old Loughtonians** South 6 5 10 0 21 Hockey Club

6.3.2 The table below highlights how the profile of hockey teams across Epping Forest creates demand for AGP match and training hours throughout the week. Senior teams train midweek however some junior teams/development centres may train on weekends. It is important to understand that this will impact on capacity analysis when considered with the competitive match slots required above.

	Number of teams	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	
	Number of teams	Competitive Hours Required			
Senior teams (16-65)	11	0	10	1	
Junior teams (11-15)	10	0	0	5	
	Number of teams	Training Hou			
Senior teams (16-65)	11	12	0	0	
Junior teams (11-15)	10	4	0	0	

Table 6.3 – Match demand for hockey in Epping Forest

KEY CLUB CONSULTATION

6.3.3 To develop a greater understand of the need for hockey in Epping Forest District, a consultation was undertaken with the only club in the local authority, a summary of which is provided in the table below.

Table 6.4 – Key club consultation in Epping Forest

Club	Consultation Summary
Old	A large club with 11 adult sides (6 mens and 5 ladies) and a junior section with boys and girls teams in the U10, U12, U14, U16 and U18 age groups.
Loughtonians	The club has seen an increase in participation in the last few years, mainly as a consequence of the "Back to Hockey" initiative and the success of team GB in the Olympic Games, and they have plans to keep growing in every age group in coming years.
HC	All match play and training takes place at Old Loughtonians HC, a site that is owned and maintained by the club. They have rated the quality of the pitches and ancillary facilities on site as good, although they have identified some evidence of moss/lichen on the playing surface. If required, they sometimes use the Lea Valley Centre or local schools as back up grounds.



Club	Consultation Summary
	hockey as a result of the lack of adequate facilities in the area, and they are currently using facilities outside of Epping Forest for this. They stated that they would be able to generate more teams if a purpose built indoor hockey facility was provided.

6.4 **Future Demand**

DEMAND DRIVEN BY POPULATION GROWTH

- 6.4.1 In order to calculate the future demand for Hockey in the local authority, a Team Generation Rate⁹ has been calculated using the current number of teams and the current population. This measure allows us to calculate what size of population (for various age groups) will typically cause enough demand for a hockey team.
- 6.4.2 This Team Generation Rate can now be applied to the population projections for the study area to confirm how population growth or reduction will affect the demand for teams in each of the key age groups. This population projection data has been provided by the Council and aligns to their core strategy.
- 6.4.3 It should be noted that as there is currently one hockey club in Epping Forest District, the future analysis and capacity analysis has been undertaken at a district-wide level.

Age Group	Number of teams in age group within the area	Current population in age group within the area	Future population in age group within the area	Current TGR	Population Change in Age Group	Potential Change in Team Numbers in Age Group
Hockey Senior Men (16-55yrs)	6	32676.5	35690.9	5446.1	3014.4	0.6
Hockey Senior Women (16- 55yrs)	5	34689.8	37274.5	6938.0	2584.7	0.4
Hockey Junior Boys (11- 15yrs)	5	3601.6	4685.5	720.3	1083.9	1.5
Hockey Junior Girls (11- 15yrs)	5	3456.2	4511.6	691.2	1055.4	1.5

Table 6.5 – Future demand projections for hockey teams in Epping Forest District

6.4.4 Table 6.5 illustrates that population growth across the local authority is likely to increase the demand for hockey, with junior boys and girls expected to have the largest growth. It is important that this is considered alongside the latent demand analysis in the following section.

⁹ The Team Generation Rate calculation uses the current number of teams and the current population to calculate a proxy measure of the number of total residents per relevant sports team. This measure is therefore applied to the projected population (depending on the length of the strategy) to predict how many additional teams will be required in order to satisfy the demand from the 'new' population.



DEMAND DRIVEN BY LATENT DEMAND

6.4.5 While a large amount of future demand will be driven by population growth, it is also likely that clubs and operators are successful in converting latent demand into actual demand, therefore increasing the number of people playing hockey. The table below identifies all latent demand (not currently active), which the club is aiming to convert into affiliated hockey demand within the next 3 - 5 years. This provides an estimate of the number of new teams that will be required in Epping Forest, in addition to the teams generated by population growth.

Table 6.6 – Latent	domand fo	r bockov in	Enning	Eorost	District in tooms
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Area	Adult Male	Adult Female	Junior Boys	Junior Girls	Total
Epping Forest District	1	1	1	1	4

6.5 **Supply and Demand Balance**

- 6.5.1 To calculate whether there is any spare capacity at hockey sites in the study area, Table 6.7 shows the supply and demand figures for the single site that is used for community use hockey. This table contains demand (in hours) from competitive matches as well as training required by local clubs (including Football training).
- 6.5.2 In order to assess the availability of hockey facilities at peak times, it has been assumed that the period of highest demand for hockey matches is on a Saturday.

Site	Supp	ly (ho	urs)	Demand (Hours required – for training and matches)							
name	Week	Sat	Sun	Week	Sat	Sun	Week	Sat	Sun		
OLHC	40	20	20	16	10	6	24	10	14		

- Table 6.7 Supply and demand balance for hockey in Epping Forest District
- 6.5.3 Table 6.7 illustrates that there is over-supply of hockey provision in Epping Forest, however following consultation with England Hockey and the club users, it is evident that provision at OLHC is extremely well-used during periods of peak demand, with the site having little capacity for further growth.
- 6.5.4 The impact of expected growth in hockey demand will be addressed as part of the scenario analysis later in this section.

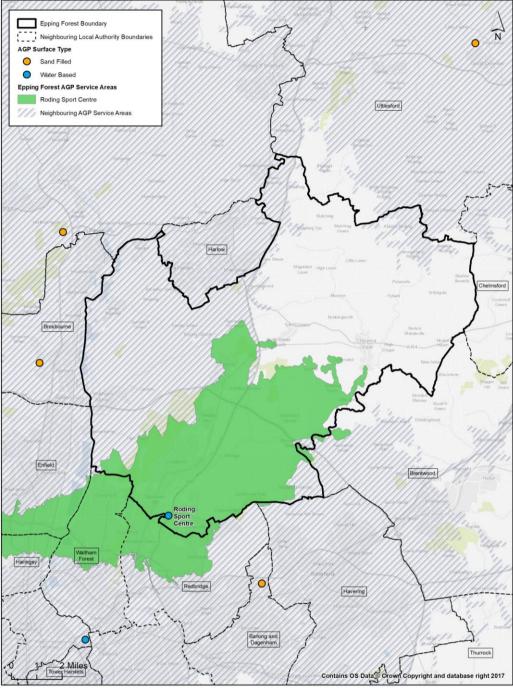
SUPPLY AND DEMAND BALANCE - SPATIAL ANALYSIS

6.5.5 Map 6.1 overleaf provides a spatial analysis of full size sand based AGP's in the study area in order to assess whether the current provision of 'strategic' hockey facilities meet the needs of the local residents. These maps also include full size AGP's from neighbouring local authorities, as there is a significant potential export of demand if the facilities in neighbouring local authorities are an attractive offer for residents. The coloured areas show the unique catchment area of each of the AGP's, which indicates the closest AGP, within 20-minute drive time, for local residents.

global







Full size sand and water based AGP sites with community use availability service areas in Epping Forest (up to 20 minutes drive time)

6.5.6 Figure 6.1 illustrates that OLHC represents the only facility that is available to the community and suitable for competitive hockey. As a result, not all Epping Forest residents are within 20-minute drive time of a facility that is suitable for hockey. While the areas that are cross-hatched in grey have accessibility to facilities in neighbouring local authorities, the area with no shading in the East subarea does not sit within the catchment area of any suitable facilities.



6.6 Capacity Analysis and Scenario Testing

6.6.1 The following section contains the summary capacity analysis for hockey in Epping Forest District, as well as two relevant summaries, as requested by England Hockey and the Sport England 2013 Playing Pitch Guidance. The analysis does not include sites that are unavailable for community use and therefore Debden Park High School is not included.

Table 6.8: Summary capacity analysis and scenarios for hockey

Scenario Name Notes		Supply (Hours)			Demand (matches + training in hours)			Balance (supply minus demand)		
Nume		Weekday	Sat	Sun	Weekday	Sat	Sun	Weekday	Sat	Sun
1. All secured sites	This includes all secured sites and their capacity	40	20	20	16	10	6	24	10	14
2. All secured sites; FUTURE analysis	As above, but including the projected growth in demand	40	20	20	19	13	11	21	7	9

6.6.2 Table 6.8 illustrates that there is current future spare capacity for hockey in Epping Forest District, which is possible due to the presence of a high quality two pitch hockey specific site that is secured for community use, at Old Loughtonians Hockey Club.

- 6.6.3 Although this capacity analysis indicates that there is spare capacity for new demand to be satisfied on the site, consultation with the club has indicated that there is a limited supply of further match slots during peak times on Saturday's and Sunday's, where additional teams could be catered for.
- 6.6.4 Notwithstanding this, Table 6.8 illustrates that the overall quality and quantity of hockey provision in Epping Forest District is good, with residents have access to high quality facilities at a hockey-specific site.



6.7 Strategic sites for Protection, Enhancement and Provision

6.7.1 Table 6.9 provides a justification for how the two hockey sites should be Protected, Enhanced or Protected.

Table 6.9 – Site by Site Analysis for Hockey

Site Name	Sub Area	Pitch Type and Size	Pitch assessment score	Balance (Total Hrs)		Justification for Protection (PR), Enhancement (E) or Provision (PV)
Debden Park		Sand filled (110m x		This site is currently under capacity for		This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This is an education site that is not used for community hockey but is used by the school and for minimal football community use.
High School	South Control (Control (Contro) (Control (Contro) (Contro) (Contro) (Contro	76 - Good hockey provision Site not available for		E	No further enhancement has been identified as part of this study.	
				community use	PV	No further required provision has been identified as part of the study.
				PR	This site should be protected in the Local Plan. This is a high quality hockey site that is owned and managed by Old Loughtonians Hockey Club. The two-pitch site is one of the best in the area and hosts high quality formal hockey for adults and juniors.	
Old Loughtonians Hockey Club	South	2 x water based (110m x 70m)	90 - Good	This site is currently under capacity for hockey provision	Е	No further enhancement has been identified as part of this study.
Hockey Club					PV	The club has identified that there is a need for indoor hockey provision located at or nearby this site. This would improve winter training facilities and increase participation in grass-roots hockey programmes delivered by England Hockey.



6.8 Hockey Summary

- 6.8.1 This section summarises the findings from the hockey analysis, which will form the basis of the recommendation and action plan section for Epping Forest District.
- 6.8.2 Table 6.10 includes the response to 5 key questions, which are asked for all PPS studies across the UK, in order to provide a standardised illustration of supply and demand for sports provision.

Key Question	Analysis
What are the main characteristics of the current supply and demand for provision?	The quality of provision across the local authority for hockey is high, given the existence of a high quality two pitch site at OLHC. This excellent facility is utilised as a home ground by Old Loughtonians Hockey Club, who have a large amount of demand for senior and junior hockey.
Is there enough accessible and secured community use provision to meet current demand	There is enough capacity at the existing site to meet the current needs for outdoor hockey in Epping Forest District.
Is the provision that is accessible of sufficient quality and appropriately maintained?	The existing facility at OLHC represents one of the best club hockey facilities in the country, with two high quality water-based pitches. This facility is well maintained by the club, which manages the site.
What are the main characteristics of the future supply and demand for provision	Future demand for hockey in Epping Forest is projected to growth, through a combination of population growth and the conversion of latent demand.
Is there enough accessible and secured community use provision to meet future demand	The projected increase in demand can be satisfied at the existing OLHC site, however consultation has indicated that this would exacerbate issues that the club is currently having with winter hockey and finding and appropriate location for competitive and friendly indoor hockey.

Table 6.10 – Key PPS findings for hockey in Epping Forest District



7 Delivering the Playing Pitch Strategy

- 7.1.1 To facilitate the development of sport and physical activity across Epping Forest District, it is advised that the Steering Group, set up as part of the Playing Pitch Strategy project, continues to work together to deliver the recommendations defined as part of this strategy.
- 7.1.2 Through a detailed supply and demand analysis of the four sports included in the scope of the strategy, as well as stakeholder consultations across the local authority, an action plan has been developed, which will guide the steering group in their delivery of sports provision and facility decisions over the next 10 years.
- 7.1.3 In addition to the detailed action plan, which is provided in the following section, a small number of wide-ranging recommendations have been provided, which should guide the future direction of sports facility provision across the Local Authority.
- 7.1.4 These actions and recommendations seek to address the key issues that have been identified through the development of this study. As the overall objective of the strategy is to ensure residents have the appropriate quality, quantity and accessibility of sports facilities, many of these issues relate to the capacity of facilities to meet the need of Epping Forest District's current and future population.
- 7.1.5 Through the site-by-site assessments and the catchment area analysis undertaken for each individual pitch typology, a number of sites and geographical areas have been identified, where additional capacity is required in order to meet the needs of residents.
- 7.1.6 In order to provide this additional capacity, guidance has been provided as to whether the steering group and partner organisations should look to;
 - Enhance existing pitches to increase their capacity and ensure adequate maintenance to maintain the higher use, and/or
 - Secure greater community access to sites and undertake necessary works to allow for such use to occur, and/or
 - Provide new playing pitches on new sites (natural or artificial grass pitches).
- 7.1.7 Where the third option has been recommended, further guidance is available from Sport England and National Governing Bodies to advise on the best course of action for local authorities and delivery organisations. As a starting point, the Playing Pitch Calculator has been developed to estimate the total cost of facility development for new pitches.

7.2 Utilising the Playing Pitch Calculator

- 7.2.1 Sport England's Playing Pitch Calculator is a tool that allows the calculation of capital and lifecycle costs that are required to fund development of new sports provision.
- 7.2.2 The Playing Pitch Calculator (hereafter referred to as the calculator) uses data from the PPS, including population, ream generation rates, match play in peak period and projected change in demand to provide an estimated cost for the development of new facilities in Epping Forest District.
- 7.2.3 It should be noted that these costs are estimates, calculated on the basis that all new demand is met by new facilities. In many circumstances, it will be appropriate and/or preferable that the capacity or quality of existing sites be increased to meet new demand. Alternatively, existing pitches that are unavailable could be made securely available for community use to meet new demand. The figures below therefore represent a maximum figure for local authorities to consider in conjunction with the sport specific analysis, when negotiating Section 106 monies.



- 7.2.4 When deciding on the most appropriate way of meeting the new demand, the Government's regulations, policy and guidance regarding Planning Practice and obligations should be referred to¹⁰.
- 7.2.5 Table 8.1 below shows the maximum initial capital and ongoing running costs of providing new facilities to cater for growing populations within Epping Forest District.

Pitch Typologies	Pitches Required	Capital Cost	Life Cycle Cost (annual)	Total (15-year combined cost)
Adult Football	5	£468,092.97	£94,968.86	£1,892,625.89
Youth Football	12	£858,533.85	£173,357.80	£3,458,900.80
Mini Football	7	£151,720.74	£30,635.92	£611,259.52
Rugby Union	2	£187,094.36	£38,498.26	£764,568.28
Hockey	0	£343,869.07	£10,249.94	£497,618.23
Cricket	3	£876,900.10	£170,320.98	£3,431,714.80
Total	29	£2,886,211.09	£518,031.76	£10,656,687.53

Table 8.1 Playing Pitch Calculator – estimated costs for new pitches

- 7.2.6 It should be noted that these calculations include the following growth targets, defined through each of the NGB's long term strategic plans, as well as consultations with local facility and development officers;
 - 100% growth in female football at all age groups
 - 2% increase in all male football
 - 10% increase in all rugby age groups.
- 7.2.7 For reference, the full Playing Pitch Calculator Model is provided as Appendix F.

¹⁰ <u>https://www.gov.uk/guidance/community-infrastructure-levy#other-developer-contributions</u> (UK Government: 2017)



8 **Recommendations and Action Plan**

- 8.1.1 This section brings together the complete evidence base and analysis that has been developed as part of the PPS and provides a clear strategy for the future delivery of sports provision in Epping Forest District.
- 8.1.2 At a strategic level, the following key recommendations have been identified for each of the sport typologies, as well as for general sports provision.

8.2 **Overall Recommendations**

GENERAL

Recommendation 1: For all sports and physical activity, look to increase and secure community use at education sites across the study area. There is currently significant dependence on unsecured facilities to meet the needs of residents across the local authority, which represents a risk to participation and physical activity in Epping Forest District.

Recommendation 2: Work with well-run sports clubs across the Local Authority to explore asset transfer of community sports facilities, from district, town and parish councils to specific clubs or sports organisations. Utilise the existing volunteer network across Epping Forest District by providing more autonomy for clubs and allowing those organisations that have adequate governance and financial stability to develop facilities and participation.

FOOTBALL

Recommendation 3: As part of the Local Plan and ongoing planning policy, protect all sites designated as football playing fields, with the exception of Abbess Roding Playing Field, Frampton Road and Thornwood Common. These sites have been identified as being surplus to requirements and can be designated as open space or for alternative physical activity. There is also an opportunity for these sites to be utilised for the development of 3G AGP provision, linked to Recommendation 4.

Recommendation 4: Seek to increase the number of full sized 3G AGP's that are available for community use, through the development of new facilities or the improvement of access to existing facilities. Focus on the development of facilities in the South and West sub-areas, especially in the areas of Epping, Chigwell and Waltham Abbey, where the highest amount of demand currently exists. Utilise high quality 3G AGP provision to meet the future projected deficit of secured football provision, especially for mini and youth age groups.

Recommendation 5: Continue to invest in the grass pitches across the study area, to improve the quality and reduce the amount of cancelled games during periods of poor weather.

Recommendation 6: Address the football pitch capacity issues at periods of peak demand by moving mini and youth football to the proposed new 3G AGP provision, while working with the leagues and clubs to establish a more flexible kick-off policy and allow teams to play throughout the day on Saturday's and Sunday's.

Recommendation 7: Address the widespread issue of poor ancillary and changing pavilion quality through the refurbishment and replacement of existing ancillary facilities, prioritising those on multi-pitch sites that are currently well used.



CRICKET

Recommendation 8: As part of the Local Plan and ongoing planning policy, protect all sites designated as cricket playing fields, with the exception of Larsens Recreation Ground and Town Mead AGP. This site has been identified as being surplus to requirements and can be designated as open space or for alternative physical activity.

Recommendation 9: Work with clubs that are currently playing at unsecured sites to agree long term security of tenure with landholders.

Recommendation 10: Utilise the funding opportunities and strategic direction provided by the ECB's Cricket Unleashed strategy, to provide fit for purpose facilities and programmes across the Local Authority. Work with the ECB and Essex County Cricket Board to continue to develop All Stars Cricket and increase participation in the programme across the District.

Recommendation 11: Work with clubs, the ECB and the Essex County Cricket Board to increase access to high quality indoor facilities for training and match play.

RUGBY

Recommendation 12: As part of the Local Plan and ongoing planning policy, protect all sites designated as rugby playing fields.

Recommendation 13: Improve the maintenance regime across all local authority managed rugby pitches, to increase the capacity of grass rugby pitches, especially in the South of the District. Look to also increase the capacity for rugby by investing in WR22 AGP facilities, allowing clubs to use the facility during periods of poor weather and for midweek winter training.

HOCKEY

Recommendation 14: As part of the Local Plan and ongoing planning policy, protect all sites designated as hockey playing fields.

Recommendation 15: Work with the existing OLHC to maintain the high-quality facilities that are available for residents, while exploring the development of indoor facilities in the local authority, potentially in collaboration with the ECB and Essex CCB.

Recommendation 16: Engage with schools in the East and West sub-areas to improve community use of education facilities and improve provision in areas of the district that do not currently sit within a catchment area of a community accessible facility.



8.3 Action Plan

- 8.3.1 This section provides a detailed action plan, broken down by site with clear owners, timescales and expected resources. This is shown overleaf in Table 8.1.
- 8.3.2 In addition to funding by the Council, the table identifies potential sources of external funding. It should be noted that funding for the actions below could come from one, or a combination, of funding sources shown below. This is not an exhaustive list and could be extended to other sources, depending on availability.
 - CIL Monies should the Council decide to publish a CIL Charging Schedule
 - Section 106 funding
 - Community Grants Schemes
- 8.3.3 The Action Plan does not identify all those clubs that may be partners or provide resources in relation to its delivery. It is assumed that where clubs have a long-standing interest in a specific site that they will be a partner in delivering the actions and contribute financially or in-kind where appropriate.
- 8.3.4 Table 8.1 contains the full action plan for the Epping Forest Playing Pitch Strategy. The actions are split by sport and site, to provide specific direction on how facilities should be improved and invested in. It should be noted that not all sites have actions allocated to them, as it is unrealistic to expect funding partners to contribute to improvements at all facilities across a local authority.

Notes on Action Plan

Issue/ opportunity: The issue or opportunity that can be addressed Key Actions: Numbering indicates order of preference Partners: Bold identifies action lead Resources: Key resource implications (time and money) Timescale: Short: 0–2 yrs Medium: 2-5 yrs Long 5-10 yrs Priority: Low, Medium and High, depending on overall impact for sports participation

- All costs are estimated, based on 4 global desktop research and consultation with industry experts. These are **not** based on firm pricing or quotes from reputable contractors, unless stated otherwise
- All maintenance costs represent the full cost for maintaining the pitches. They do not, therefore, reflect any maintenance that is currently being undertaken at the site and the cost incurred for these services. In reality, the cost for additional maintenance would be reflected by an increase of the current maintenance cost, rather than the full price stated as part of this action plan
- Where prices are stated for IOG pitch assessment, figures are based on 2 days @ £750 per day. If multiple sites are to be included within the same audit, there is an opportunity to assess 4 sites per day, with a minimal increase in the cost for writing up the assessments
- 8.3.5 There is not unlimited funding to invest in sports facilities, for any of the identified partners. As a result, actions have been prioritised on sites that are currently either not fitfor-purpose, showing a deficit of provision (supply not meeting demand) or those that represent a viable investment opportunity that will significantly increase the quality, quantity or accessibility of sports provision in Epping Forest District.



Table 8.1 – Epping Forest District PPS Action Plan

Site	Sub-area	Action ID	Issue / opportunity	Key Action(s)	Partners	Resources	Timescale	Priority
Abridge Cricket Club	East	Cric-1	Trees that encroach on the ground have been raised as an issue, along with damage to the clubhouse through vandalism and local crime.	 Engage with the local cricket club to agree a long-term strategy for dealing with trees, either through removal or more frequent maintenance Improve signage or add CCTV to the site, to reduce vandalism 	EFDC Essex CCB ECB	Officer time Tree management services cost Capital cost for signage and CCTV	1. Short 2. Short	1. Medium 2. High
Abridge Village Hall	East	Foot-1	The site has been identified as having poor pitch quality and a poor ancillary facility. Further maintenance investment is required to improve the quality of the grass pitch and the ancillary provision is in need of refurbishment.	1. Seek support and guidance from the Football Foundation regarding the improvement to maintenance provision and the refurbishment of the existing ancillary facility.	Abridge Parish Council Football Foundation Essex County FA EFDC	Officer time	Short	Low
Buckhurst Hill Cricket and Lacrosse Club (Roding Lane)	South	Cric-2	The site can suffer from flooding and has been damaged twice in the last two years. The site also has a deficit of provision for the current level of demand	 Engage with the ECB to identify methods to mitigate the risk of future flood damage. Invest in a non-turf pitch on the existing square, to add capacity for junior cricket. 	Buckhurst Hill CC ECB Essex CCB	ECB and ECCB officer time for flood prevention. ECB capital grant funding for NTP	1. Short 2. Medium	1. Medium 2. Medium
Buckhurst Hill Football Club	South	Foot-2	The site does not currently have any spare capacity for football during periods pf peak demand.	1. Support the club in their procurement and development of 4 additional pitches. Work with the club to improve the maintenance regime on the site utilising and ensure the club has access to high quality maintenance equipment to be used by the volunteer workforce.	Buckhurst Hill FC Football Foundation Essex County FA EFDC	Officer time IOG survey and report FF maintenance equipment grant	Short	High
Bumbles Green Leisure Centre	West	Foot-3	This is a well-used facility with an ancillary facility that is not fit for purpose.	1. Undertake a feasibility study and secure planning permission for a replacement changing pavilion.	Nazeing Parish Council Football Foundation EFDC	Officer time Feasibility study fee	Medium	Low
Capershotts	West	Foot-4	A high quality site for adult football, this site is unsecured for long-term community use and has an ancillary facility that is not fit for purpose.	 Refurbish the existing ancillary facility to meet the needs of the home club. Work with EFDC to establish long-term community of tenure at the site 	Waltham Abbey FC Essex County FA EFDC Football Foundation	Volunteer time Refurbishment costs for ancillary Officer time for community use agreement	Medium	Medium



Site	Sub-area	Action ID	Issue / opportunity	Key Action(s)	Partners	Resources	Timescale	Priority
Chigwell School	South	Foot-5	The school currently has a significant amount of land, which is an opportunity for the development of a new 3G AGP. Given the use of the existing sand-based for curriculum hockey use, it is recommended that any 3G facility is developed in addition to the existing AGP at the site.	1. Work with Chigwell School and local clubs to explore the development of a new 3G AGP, to be developed in line with the FA Pitch Register requirements.	Essex County FA Football Foundation EFDC Chigwell School	Partner funding, alongside investment from the school.	Medium	High
Debden Sports Club	South	Foot-6	The site has no spare capacity during periods of peak demand and is subject to waterlogging.	 Undertake further technical assessment to determine the root cause of waterlogging issues. Refurbish the existing ancillary facility to improve the overall quality of provision at the site. 	EFDC Football Foundation IOG Essex County FA	Football Foundation funding for IOG Ancillary refurbishment costs	Short	Medium
Epping Foresters Cricket Club	West	Cric-3	This is an unsecured site that is owned by the Corporation of London. The site currently has a deficit of provision, which is exacerbated by issues with deer and rabbits that cause damage to the outfield and square.	 Engage with Corporation of London to confirm a long-term security of use agreement for cricket provision Engage with the club and the ECB to address issues with animal damage Invest in a non-turf pitch on the existing square, to add capacity for junior cricket. 	Epping Foresters CC Essex CCB ECB Corporation of London.	Officer time for community use agreement Office time and increase maintenance effort for animal damage remedial action ECB capital grant funding for NTP	1. Short 2. Medium 3. Medium	1. High 2. Medium 3, Low
Epping Upper Clapton RFC	West	Rug-1	There is a shortage of playing and training facilities at the site, leading to a deficit of provision.	 Seek technical support from the RFU to identify whether issues with grass pitches are influenced by drainage, insufficient maintenance or overplay Pending the results of action 1, improve the maintenance regime that is currently undertaken, to improve the carrying capacity at the site Work with the club to increase access to a WR22 3G AGP site, either on the existing site or within an appropriate travel time. 	Epping Upper Clapton RFC RFU	RFU technical grounds maintenance support RFU and club volunteer time to identify potential WR22 3G AGP developments	 Short Short Medium 	1. High 2. Medium 3, Medium
Fives and Heronians Cricket Club	South	Cric-4	This is an unsecured site that is owned by a private landholder. The site	1. Engage with the private landowner to confirm a long-term security of use agreement for cricket provision	Fives and Heronians CC	Officer time for community use agreement	1. Short 2. Medium	1. Medium 2. Low



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			currently has a deficit of provision for matchplay and training.	2. Invest in a non-turf pitch on the existing square, to add capacity for junior cricket.	ECB ECCB EFDC	ECB capital grant funding for NTP		
Fyfield Sports and Social Club	East	Cric-5	The club has recently been evicted from the village hall that they have previously used as an ancillary facility. The long-term viability of the site is an issue, as the Parish Council now undertake the maintenance of the site, which is no longer fit for purpose.	1. Engage with the Parish Council to negotiate a mutually beneficial community use agreement, with use of the village hall included.	Fyfield CC Essex CCB Fyfield Parish Council	Officer time for community use agreement	1. Short	1. Medium
Grange Farm	South	Foot-7	This site is currently at a deficit of grass pitch provision due to the volume of demand for community football.	 In line with Action Foot-5, explore links with neighbouring Chigwell School and the development of a 3G facility on school premises. If a development of this type is not possible at the school, explore the possibility of investing in a full size 3G AGP at the Grange Farm Site. 	Grange Farm Trust Essex County FA Football Foundation EFDC	Feasibility study fees for a new 3G AGP	Short	Medium
High Beach Cricket Club	West	Cric-6	This is an unsecured site that is owned by a private landholder. The maintenance regime is currently undertaken by the club however volunteers do not have fit for purpose machinery to do this effectively.	 Engage with the private landowner to confirm a long-term security of use agreement for cricket provision Provide access to fit for purpose machinery and equipment for club volunteers, through a shared equipment pool or provision to the club. 	High Beach CC Essex CCB ECB	Officer time for community use agreement Capital funding for maintenance equipment	1. Short 2. Medium	1. Medium 2. Medium
Jubilee Park Pavilion	East	Foot-8	This site was identified as being of standard quality however evidence of over- use in areas of high traffic were apparent on assessment. A more robust maintenance programme is required if this site is to be used a high quality football site. This site has no spare capacity at the peak period.	1. Engage with the local football club to improve maintenance at the site and support volunteers with high quality maintenance equipment to assist in day to day work.	Ongar Town Council Essex County FA EFDC	Costs for maintenance equipment	Short	Low
Jubilee Park Pavilion	East	Rug-2	The site is currently well used but does not have	1. Work with the RFU to design an updated maintenance regime and ensure that this is	Ongar RFC RFU	RFU technical grounds	1. Short	1. Medium



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(Ongar RFC)			adequate maintenance to ensure pitches are kept to a high quality throughout the year.	followed, with support provided by the RFU where required regarding expertise or materials		maintenance support and raw materials capital cost		
Loughton Cricket Club	South	Cric-7	The site currently has a significant level of deficit for cricket provision, caused be a high volume of junior and adult cricket. The lease at the ground is also expiring within the next 5 years and therefore on- going tenure is a risk.	 Invest in a non-turf pitch on the existing square, to add capacity for junior cricket. Work with Loughton CC, the Town Council and the Essex CCB to negotiate a mutually accessible long-term lease or community asset transfer agreement, to take affect at the end of the existing lease. 	Loughton CC Loughton Town Council Essex CCB EFDC	Officer time for community use agreement ECB capital grant funding for NTP	1. Short 2. Medium	1. High 2. Medium
Loughton Football Club	South	Foot-9	The site has been identified as being of standard quality, however the maintenance regime is not adequate, given the amount of demand and the number of pitches at the site. The site also has a poor quality ancillary that requires refurbishment to ensure the full site is fit for purpose for community football.	 Explore the possibility of undertaking a community asset transfer from the Town Council to the Local Club, depending on the club's appetite to take on additional responsibility. Refurbish the existing ancillary facility to ensure the site is fit for purpose. 	Loughton Town Council Loughton Football Club Essex County FA Football Foundation EFDC	Officer time Ancillary refurbishment costs	Medium	Medium
Metropolitan Police (Chigwell Sports Club)	South	Foot-10	A high quality site that is used extensively but is not secured for long-term community use	 Improve the maintenance regime at the site, to increase the carrying capacity of all pitches Work with the London Mayors Office to confirm a long-term community use agreement, that will provide clubs with security of tenure Pending the option above being successful, work with the London Mayors Office to expand the existing AGP on site and develop a full sized 3G AGP that can be used by all clubs currently playing football at the site. 	London Mayors Office Essex County FA EFDC Football Foundation Barkingside Youth FC	FF funding for IOG maintenance review Officer time for community use agreement Partner funding for new 3G AGP facility	1. Short 2. Short 3. Long	1. Medium 2. High 3. High



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Nazeing Common	West	Cric-8	This is an unsecured site that is owned by a private landholder. existing pavilion is of poor quality and needs to be replaced.	 Engage with the private landowner to confirm a long-term security of use agreement for cricket provision Work with the club and landholder to replace the existing ancillary facility with a fit for purpose pavilion. 	Nazeing Common CC ECB EFDC Essex CCB	Officer time for community use agreement Partner funding for ancillary facility provision	1. Short 2. Long	1. Medium 2. Medium
Roding Valley Cricket Club	South	Cric-9	The site suffers from vandalism, with the nets being subject to arson two years ago (2015). The site is also on a flood plain, with the ground being submerged approximately once a year.	 Improve signage or add CCTV to the site, to reduce vandalism Seek support from the ECB to mitigate flood risk and if this is not possible, seek a new site that could be a home ground for the club (potentially via a partnership with nearby South Loughton Cricket Club) 	EFDC Roding Valley Cricket Club ECB Essex CCB	Capital cost for signage and CCTV ECB officer time for flood risk prevention	1. Short 2. Medium	1. High 2. Medium
Roding Valley Playing Fields North	South	Foot-11	If the pitches are to continue being used for formal affiliated football, the ancillary facility requires refurbishment or replacement to ensure it is fit for purpose for community football.	1. Work in partnership with South Loughton Cricket Club to replace or refurbish the existing ancillary facilities.	Football Foundation Loughton Town Council South Loughton Cricket Club EFDC	Partner funding for replacement ancillary facility	Medium	Medium
South Loughton Cricket Club	South	Cric-10	The site currently has a significant level of deficit for cricket provision, caused be a high volume of junior and adult cricket. The site sits on a floodplain and the club are therefore considering long-term plans to relocate to a new ground.	 In the short term, refurbish the existing ancillary facility, in conjunction with Loughton Town Council (See Foot-11) In the long-term explore options for relocating the home club to a site that does not sit on the flood plain, to allow the club to grow and develop. 	South Loughton Cricket Club Essex CCB ECB Loughton Town Council	Refurbishment costs for ancillary provision Feasibility study fees for relocation and site identification	1. Medium 2. Long	1. High 2. Medium



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Townmead Leisure Park	West	Foot-12	A well-used site with AGP and grass provision, this site is at a deficit for football provision.	 Work with the Town Council and the leisure park operator to extend the capacity of the existing facility through the provision of additional high quality grass pitches. Pending the availability of suitable space, explore the development of a second 3G AGP, to be used for training and matchplay. 	Essex County FA Football Foundation EFDC Waltham Abbey Town Council IOG	Football Foundation funding for new pitch development. Fees for new 3AG AGP feasibility study	Short	High
Willingale Road Playing Fields	South	Foot-13	This a well-used mini- football site that has been subject to damage, as a result of a moto-cross event. Furthermore, the site is at a deficit of provision for mini football.	 Support Loughton Town Council in remedial works to repair damage caused by the moto cross event Support the Town Council to improve the maintenance regime on site and improve the overall carrying capacity. 	Loughton Town Council EFDC Essex County FA	Additional maintenance effort to address damage to the facility. Ongoing improved maintenance effort	1. Short 2. Medium	1. Low 2. Low

End



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